SPECIAL EXTRA

OUR PROCESS DOES NOT INJURE
THE MOST FRAGILE FABRIC,
BUT IS ADEQUATE TO
THE DEMANDS OF THE HEAVIEST.
PRESCOTT'S,
DYERS AND CLEANERS,
DUBLIN, CORK, AND LIMERICK.
(6)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
(1914-1918.)
IN MEMORIAM.

DODDS—In ever-loving memory of Cecil J. Dodds, Captain, Royal Munster Fusiliers, killed at the battle of the Somme, September 23rd, 1916.

MacDOWEL—In proud and loving memory of Lieutenant B. G. (Ben) MacDowel, 1st Connaught Rangers, who was mortally wounded on the morning of September 22nd, 1915, at Richebourg, St. Vaast.

THORP—In ever-loving and ever-thankful remembrance of Harold Thorp, R.A. (Oxon), R.A.M.C., only and dearly-loved son of the late J. W. Thorp and of Mrs. Thorp, Rockfort House, Kingstown, killed, near Ypres, 22nd September, 1917.
The tumult and the shouting dies,
The captains and the kings depart—
Still stands Thine ancient sacrifice,
A humble and a contrite heart.

MARRIAGES.

GOFF and EAILEY—September 20, 1922, at Christ Church, Leeson Park, by the Rev. Canon Phair, Rector of the Parish, assisted by the Rev. J. Goff (uncle of the bridegroom), Ronald Jeffares, son of Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Goff, Dundrum Castle Co. Dublin, to Muriel Knollys, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Grahame Bailey, Ginsiyn, Herbert Park, Dublin.

JONES and JACQUES—September 12, 1922, at the Parish Church, Tramore, Co. Waterford, by the Rev. Canon Staunton, Rector, Wright Ernest, second son of John Jones, of Limerick and Manchester, to Annie Louise, youngest daughter of the late James Jacques, Tramore.

MUIRHEAD and LIVINGSTON—On Monday, September 11, 1922, at Scarva Presbyterian Church, by Rev. James Edgar (Tandragee), John Herbert Muirhead, Manager, Provincial Bank of Ireland, Ltd., Tandragee, only son of the late George Muirhead, and nephew of James Cunningham Muirhead, Londonderry, to Ruth, youngest daughter of the late Joseph Livingston, Merchant, Newry.

SIMPSON and FITZROY—September 19, 1922, at Sandford Church, Ranelagh, by the Rev. H. G. Forde, M.A., Herbert A., younger son of Alfred and Mrs. Simpson, Dublin, to Mary J. (Mollie), eldest daughter of Thomas and Mrs. FitzRoy, Queen's Co.

YOUNG and MALONE—September 14, 1922, at their friends' blessing House, Frederick st., Belfast, James Reid Young, second son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Young, "Rathsarna," Belfast, to Elizabeth Muriel, only daughter of Mr. A. Malone and the late Mrs. Malone, 2 Cliftonville av., Belfast.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

ATKINSON—September 19, 1922, at a Nursing Home in Belfast, from heart failure, Katherine Elizabeth, the beloved wife of the Ven. R. D. Atkinson, Archdeacon of Dromore, and daughter of the late General L'Estrange, Kilcummin, King's Co. Funeral at Rostrevor to-day (Friday), 3 p.m.

BROUGH—July 13, 1922, at 9 Clarence st., Sydney, Australia, Richard Robert La Touche Brough, B.A. (Trinity, Dublin), retired Civil Engineer, late of L. and N.W. Railway and Ministry of Munitions, London, aged 74 years. Deeply mourned by his two daughters, E. and M. Brough.

BRUTON—September 10, 1922, at Ablaintown, Co. Wexford, Sarah Jane, dearly-loved daughter of the late David Bruton, aged 26 years. Interred Rathaspick.

HENDERSON—September 21, 1922, at her sister's residence, Bayview, Sandycove, Alice May (Queenie), widow of James Ward Henderson. Funeral to Dean's Grange to-morrow (Saturday), 10.30.

NALLY—September 21, 1922, at Nursing Home, Dublin, Bedelia T. Nally, B.A., R.I.P. Kenmlig leave Broadstone for Balla, 2.30 train, to-day (Friday). Funeral immediately after Mass, to-morrow (Saturday) morning.

SARGENT—September 21, 1922, at Private Nursing Home, Mary T. Sargent, R.I.P. Funeral private.

SIMPSON—September 20, 1922, William Simpson, eldest son of the late Charles Simpson, Tully House, Sligo. Funeral, Mount Jerome, 9 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday). No flowers.

IMPORTANT.—**As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.**

IN MEMORIAM.

DAGG—Twenty-fourth Anniversary—In loving memory of our beloved mother, who fell asleep in Jesus September 22nd, 1898. "Peace, perfect peace."

FORSTER—In loving memory of Sarah Christina, dearly-beloved wife of George Forster, Gorinawinney, Clones, who died 15th September, 1922. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband and family.
For Christ to learn, for Christ to teach,
O Lord, may this our watchword be.
What nobler destiny for each
Than thus to live and work for Thee.

PERDUE—In loving and ever-present memory of our darling Jennie, who was called Home 22nd of September, 1920.
Many hot as wait with patience,
Wait till the night is o'er,
Wait till we see our darling,
When morn breaks on the golden shore.

NICHOLS' 'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Lombard street (Westland Row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
(Merrion square).

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Private Mortuary.
'Phone—131. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin"

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FUNERAL and CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT.
SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET.
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MOTOR FUNERALS SUPPLIED.
MILLER & CO., BRAY.
MOTOR HEARSE, MOTOR AMBULANCE,
Telegrams—Cadger, Bray.
'Phone—Bray 116 (2 lines).

SHIPPING.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.
BELFAST TO CANADA.
BELFAST TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Teutonian .....Sept. 23 Metagama .....Oct. 7
LIVERPOOL TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Victorian (G) ..Sept. 29 Montclare .....Oct. 13
Montcalm .....Oct. 6 Montro-e .....Oct. 20
(G) Via Greenock.
SOUTHAMPTON TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Melita .....Sept. 28 Minnedosa .....Oct. 12
*E. of Britain...Oct. 6 *Empress of France Oct. 19
*To Quebec only, via Cherbourg.
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
Victorian (embarks Greenock) ...Sept. 30
Metagama (via Belfast) .....Oct. 6
VANCOUVER TO JAPAN AND CHINA.
E. of Canada...Oct. 19 E. of Russia .....Nov. 2
VANCOUVER TO AUSTRALASIA.
Via C.P.R. and Canadian-Australasian Mail Service to Honolulu, Suva, New Zealand, and Australia.
Makura .....Oct. 20 Niagara .....Nov. 24
Apply CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY—Belfast, 41-43 Victoria street; Liverpool, Royal Liver Buildings, Pierhead; Southampton, Canute road; or Local Agents Everywhere.

BRITISH & IRISH STEAM
PACKET CO., LTD.
DUBLIN AND CORK.
PASSENGER AND CARGO SERVICE.
EXPRESS STEAMER
"LADY KERRY" OR "BANDON"
WILL SAIL DAILY AT 5 P.M.
(Sundays excepted)
FROM SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY.
Passengers, Cargo, and Live Stock carried subject to the conditions specified in Company's Sailing Bills.
27 Sir John Rogerson's quay, Dublin. Tel. No. 4021. Teleg.—Ladyship.
Passenger Booking Office, 16 Westmoreland street, Dublin. Tel. No. 1052.
Cork Agents—CITY OF CORK S.P. CO. LTD. Penrose quay. Tel. No. 1011. Teleg.—Packet.

SEA TRIPS, ETC.

ITALIAN TOURS
(ESCORTED).
25 Days Round ITALY (6 night travel) £38 17 6 | £23 0 0
15 Days Art Cities of NORTH ITALY ..... 18 Days ROME, FLORENCE, and VENICE ..... 12 Days ROME, FLORENCE ..... 1st Class Hotels. For SWISS RHINE, and ALGERIAN Tours, Apply —
GEORGE LUNN'S TOURS, Ltd.,
74 Wigmore street, W.1.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN
People in the WORLD'S IRISH TRADE
Last Edition on Sale every Saturday Morning.
Price Twopence.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"UMPSHI"—Pack your grip. Come to Kevin Town quickly.—Nannie.

B. TO T., COVE.—Hope all is well.—B. L.

PHIL.—Not crossing. Better return.—Peter.

LARGE Store and Yard to Let in Cornmarket.—FREDERICK CROSKERRY and SON, Solicitors, 30 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

INSURANCE—Gentleman, experienced, seeks appointment as Accountant, good office.—W 1994, this office.

AT DENMARK HOUSE, 37 Lower Leeson street, mothers can stay and have their babies minded by trained nurses while they go shopping. Terms—5 to 4½ guineas per week; 10/6 to 15/- per day.

INCHICORE—Semi-detached, standing upon about ½ acre, stabling and garage, containing 9 apartments, in perfect order. Possession to purchaser. Ground rent £18. Lease 900 years. Price £1,500. Recommended.
J. H. NORTH and CO.,
110 Grafton street.

COYLE & CO. (BROKERS), LTD., Insurance Brokers,
OF 7 ANGLESEA STREET, DUBLIN,
wish to advise their Clients that Policies falling due for Renewal this month will be kept in force as far as possible, and give this intimation owing to the Postal Strike.

"TAMILESE" the Tea for FLAVOUR. Packed in ¼, ½, and 1lb. Packets. Ask for it.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED.—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton street. Established 1829.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin. 2-Course Luncheon, 1/8; 3-Course, 2/-. Salads in perfection.—ANN BANK RESTAURANT, D'Olier street.

DISSTON'S CROSS CUT & FELLING SAWS. JOHN C. PARKES and SONS, LTD., COOMBE, DUBLIN.

ELVERY and CO., LTD.
WE MAKE CART COVERS.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK & LONDON.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. THERE'S A CHARM in the Colours and Designs of "BROMUS" WALL PAPERS. SACKVILLE PLACE.

PEMBROKE MANSIONS, PEMBROKE ROAD. ONE of these much-sought-after Flats is now available, unfurnished, and early application from prospective tenants is desirable. Full particulars from
EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LTD.,
54 South King street.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes.—James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

ASK your Grocer for "ANNE LYNCH'S TEA." If unable to obtain locally, drop a postcard to The Cairo, Ltd., 54 South King street, Dublin.

IF your Children's first shoes are Start-Rite their feet will grow to perfection. Be sure to see them at Bradley's, The Children's Shop, 25 Nassau street.

AT KELLY'S.
48 FLEET STREET.
You can dispose of Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, Pianos.
ESTABLISHED 1795.

IRELAND'S WEEKLY SPORTING PAPER—The "IRISH FIELD," published every Saturday, contains all the latest Racing News, Programmes and Selections. Also special articles on Football, Cricket, Golf, Billiards, Angling, Motoring, Yachting, Boxing, Athletics. Official organ of the Irish Kennel Club. All all newsagents. Price 2d.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field," can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

SHERWIN WILLIAMS PAINTS.
For Farm and Greenhouse Shade Cards and Prices free.
DOCKRELL LIMITED,
DUBLIN.

MOIRA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (COLLEGE GREEN).
Two minutes from Trinity College.
Charcoal Grill.
P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

GARDEN TOOLS — LAWN MOWERS. T. HENSHAW and CO., LTD., 3 CHRISTCHURCH PLACE, DUBLIN.

CARSON'S LIQUID PAINTS.—Write for Colour Card and Prices.—Carson's, 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

INCOME TAX Recovered; Accounts, Returns, and Super-Tax Statements prepared.—T. F. Wallace, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 2565.

MONEY Lent by post, from £5 to £5,000 on Note of Hand alone, without security or bodies or sureties; strictly private. No charge whatever if Loan is not granted. Apply SECRETARY, the City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
In the Goods of
PATRICK BELLEW, late of Killineer, Drogheda, in the County of Louth, Farmer, Deceased.
Take Notice that on the expiration of eight days from the date hereof I shall apply to the proper Officer of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate), for a Grant of Probate of the Will, with two Codicils thereto, of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 26th day of August, 1921, on behalf of the Executors named in said Will, unless a Caveat has been entered thereto within the aforesaid eight days.
Dated 20th day of September, 1922.
FRANCIS G. McKEEVER, LL.B., Solicitor for Executors of Will of said Deceased, 15 South Frederick street, Dublin, and 35 Laurence street, Drogheda.

SHIPPING.

P. & O., BRITISH INDIA & NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING COMPANIES'
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.
MEDITERRANEAN ..... EGYPT, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.
P. & O and B.I. tickets interchangeable; also tickets of P. & O. Orient, and New Zealand Shipping Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.
LOCAL AGENTS:—Thomas Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; A. W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street, Dublin.
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL SAILINGS.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)

Steamer.	Tons.	London	Miles.	Destination.
Kashmir.....	9,000	—	Sept. 29	Bombay & Karachi
Karmala.....	9,000	Sept. 28	—	Colombo, Japan
China.....	8,000	Sept. 29	Oct. 6	Bombay & Karachi
Kashgar	7,000	Oct. 5	Oct. 13	Bombay & Karachi
Nagova	7,000	Oct. —	—	Colombo & Calcutta
Mores.....	11,000	Oct. 13	Oct. 20	Bombay & Karachi
Moldavia..	16,000	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Colombo & Italia
Malwa.....	11,000	Oct. 20	Oct. 27	Bombay & Karachi

†Taking Passengers for China by transhipment at Colombo.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
(Under Contracts with the Govts. of India and Queensland.)
Ships marked † will not take passengers.

Steamer.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	London.	Destination.
†Carpenaria.	7,755	—	Sept. 29	Queensland.
Domala	8,441	—	Sept. 29	Colombo & Madras and Calcutta.
Nevasa.....	9,071	—	Oct. 6	Bombay & Karachi
Mandala	8,246	Sept. 30	Oct. 13	Madras & Calcutta
Matiana	8,900	Oct. 7	Oct. 20	Bombay & Karachi
Mantola	8,959	Oct. 14	Oct. 27	Madras & Calcutta
Neuralia	9,082	Oct. 17	Oct. 27	East African Ports
Mulbera	9,100	Oct. 21	Nov. 3	Bombay & Karachi

CONTINENT, via Marseilles to KARACHI, BOMBAY, COLOMBO MADRAS, & CALCUTTA.

	Tons.	Hamburg.	Rotterdam.	Antwerp.
†Tregonell.....	5,249	—	Sept. 26	Oct. 4
†Boyne.....	4,491	Oct. 20	Oct. 24	Nov. 1

Address for Passage: P.&O. House, 14-16 Cockspur street, S.W. 1. Freight: P. & O. and B.I. Offices, 122 Leadenhall street, London, E.C. 3.
B.I. Agents: Gray Dawes, & Co., 122 Leadenhall street, E.C. 3.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING COMPANY.
Passenger Service from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA, Via PANAMA CANAL.

Steamer.	Tons.	Southampton
Rimutaka.....	8,893	October 12
Ruapehu	8,890	November 23

Apply J. R. Westray & Co., Ltd., 4 Cockspur st., S.W. 1. & C.S. West-End Agency. P. & O. House (1st Floor), 14 Cockspur st., London, S.W. 1.
NEW ZEALAND MAIL SERVICE.
By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A. Thence VIA VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO by UNION SS. COY. OF NEW ZEALAND.

Steamer.	Vancouver.	San Francisco.
Maunganui.....		October 6
Makura.....	October 20	November 10
Tahiti	Nov. 24	
Niagara		Nov. 16

†Canadian Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji & Auckland. Mailing at Tahiti, Rarotonga, & Wellington.
Apply the General Passenger Agent, Union Steam Ship Company of New Zealand, Ltd., 4 Lime street (1st Floor), 14 Cockspur street, London, S.W. 1, and, for Vancouver service, any Office of Canadian Pacific Railway.

P. & O. ONE CLASS ONLY. A VIA THE CAPE.
Branch Service ..... £21 and upwards to CAPE TOWN etc.
..... £40 and upwards to AUSTRALIA.
NEW TWIN SCREW STEAMERS.
PARRABOOL.....Oct. 5 | BALRANALD ....Nov. 2
BULTANA.....Oct. 19 | BORDA.....Nov. 16

For particulars apply to the Manager, P. & O. Branch Service, 82 Lime street, London, E.C. 3; or to Thomas Cook and Son, 118 Grafton street; or to W. Hewett, 15 D'Olier street; and S. Graham Corbett, 18 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

C.G.T. FRENCH LINE
PLYMOUTH to NEW YORK.
and vice versa.
Sept. 24 FRANCE .....Oct. 5
ROCHAMBEAU Oct. 7 PARIS .....Oct. 21
PLYMOUTH to COLON,
Via WEST INDIES, TRINIDAD, and SPANISH MAIN, and vice versa.
LA NAVARRE Oct. 16 PEROU .....Nov. 13
WINTER CRUISES to the West Indies and Spanish Main. 45 days' voyage, at inclusive cost of 100 guineas and upwards.
Apply Cie. Gen. Transatlantique, 65 Pall Mall, S.W. 1.

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1922. VOL. LXIV. NO. 20,422.

ALVIS. Yes, that is the Car you want to see. It will make your decision easier. 11-40 h.p. 2-seater, £550; 4-seater, £595, including insurance.
JOHN HUTTON and SONS, LTD.,
2 DAWSON ST.

WOLSELEY 14 h.p. 5-seater, electric light, starter, etc. Price £325. Wonderful value.—GRAFTON MOTOR CO., 43 Grafton st., Dublin.

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY A "FORD"—(6) AN ECONOMIC NECESSITY. If you wish to deliver your goods in the cheapest and most efficient manner, you must have a "Ford" 8 cwt. Van, £150. One ton Van £190, plus £7 carriage.
AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD.
Authorised "Ford" and "Fordson" Dealers,
19 Chatham street, Dublin.

MORRIS CARS. Good delivery of all Oxford and Cowley Models.—G. A. Britain, Ltd., Hatch st.

R. W. ARCHER and CO., 65 Lr. Mount st., First for Fords. Dublin,
will sell you a Ford AND SEE YOU THROUGH.

DE DION" and "CHARRON" Cars. Please call and inspect.
THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., 27 Great Brunswick street, Dublin. Phone 50013.

LEYLAND Lorries for Freights and Passengers—Ashenhurst, Williams & Co. Ltd., 15 Talbot pl.

COMMER TIPPING WAGONS have a long-standing reputation for Service, and are used in all parts of the world. Irish Agents—CO. WICKLOW GARAGE & MOTOR TOURING CO. MAIN STREET, BRAY. 'Phone 116.

FOR SALE, 1922 14 h.p. Demonstration 4-Seater SUNBEAM TOURING CAR.
LINCOLN MOTOR CO., Lincoln place, Dublin.

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
—In any part of Ireland and Great Britain to all respectable persons on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post without interview. No fees charged or beforehand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

RAILWAYS.

DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.
WINTER TRAIN SERVICE.
Train Alterations to come into operation on Monday, 25th September, 1922, and to remain in force until further notice.
The Week-day Trains between Dublin, Wexford, and Waterford will be:—
DOWN TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Dublin (Harcourt st.) ..dep.	—	4.30
,, (Westland Row).....	6.35	4.45
Wexford ..... arr.	8.50	6.10
Waterford ..... ,,	11. 0	9.50

UP TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Waterford ..... dep.	6.45	3.15
Wexford ..... ,,	9.10	5.40
Dublin (Westland row)... ,,	11.43	7.38
(Harcourt street)... ,,	11.26	7.45

The Trains between Waterford and Wexford will be:—
DOWN TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Wexford ..... dep.	9.10	7.20
Macmine ..... arr.	9.28	7.38
,, ... dep.	9.43	7.55
Waterford ..... arr.	11. 0	9.50

UP TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Waterford ..... dep.	6.45	3.15
Macmine ..... arr.	8. 0	4.33
,, ... dep.	8.15	4.45
Wexford ..... arr.	8.21	5.10

The Trains on Ballinlaw Branch will be—
UP TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Shilleagh ..... dep.	8.15	5. 0
Tinahely ..... ,,	8.35	5.11
Ballingien ..... ,,	8.48	5.17
Aughrim ..... ,,	9.21	5.28
Woodenbridge ..... arr.	9.21	5.38

DOWN TRAINS.

	a.m.	p.m.
Woodenbridge ..... dep.	9.45	6.32
Aughrim ..... ,,	10.10	6.44
Ballingien ..... ,,	10.43	6.53
Tinahely ..... ,,	10.43	6.59
Shilleagh ..... ,,	10.55	7.10

LOCAL SERVICE.
A few Trains on the Local Service between Dublin and Bray (Harcourt street and Westland row Lines) will be discontinued, while others will be slightly altered.
FULL PARTICULARS WILL BE GIVEN IN THE NEW TIME-TABLES, which will shortly be available at the Company's Stations.
J. MAGUIRE, General Manager.
Westland row Station, 21/9/'22.

DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.
DAY TRIPS IN COUNTIES WICKLOW AND WEXFORD.
On SUNDAY NEXT, 24th instant, and on each Sunday until further notice, an Excursion Train will leave Harcourt street for Wexford at 9.30 a.m., stopping at stations south of Bray, and returning at 6.0 p.m.
Day Trip Excursion Tickets will be issued from Dublin as under:—

To	Third Class Return Fare.	To	Third Class Return Fare.
Wicklow	4/1	Arklow	6/-
Rathdrum	5/-	Wexford	8/9
Avoca	5/6		

And at proportionately Reduced Fares to other Stations.
Excursion Tickets at correspondingly low fares will be issued to stations south of Greystones from the intermediate stations between Dublin and Bray by the local connecting trains leaving Amiens street at 9.5 a.m. and Harcourt street at 9.10 a.m.
M. J. MAGUIRE, General Manager.
Westland row Station, 21/9/'22.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.
MATER CARNIVAL, BALLSBRIDGE, DUBLIN.
ON SUNDAY, 24th SEPTEMBER, Special Passenger Trains at Cheap Excursion Fares (3rd Class) will run to Kingsbridge as under:—

	a.m.	p.m.
From WATERFORD at	9. 0.	returning at 6.30.
,, BIRR ,,	9.30.	,, ,, 6.30.
,, KILKENNY ,,	9.45.	,, ,, 7. 0.
(Via Carlow.)		

The Trains will call at principal intermediate stations in each direction. For full particulars see posters or apply at stations.
E. A. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin, September, 1922.

COALS.

COAL.
BEST DENWALL HOUSE COAL,
39/- per ton net.
Half ton, 20/-; Quarter ton, 10/3.
TURF, 3/- per Sack, delivered in city, free. CASH ONLY. NO ACCOUNTS.
DENWALL COAL COMPANY, LTD.,
13 D'OLIER STREET, DUBLIN.

GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER ARE CORRECT; BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT, AND THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT, NO MATTER WHEN OR BY WHOM ACCEPTED.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL (PREPAID) ADVERTISEMENTS.
12 words or under 1/-.
Every succeeding word One Penny.
4 consecutive insertions FOR price of 3
(This concession does not apply to advertisements set in display form.)
Box office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for; or, if they are to be sent by post, as four words.
Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 3/- per insertion.
Publication of these advertisements is not guaranteed on any particular day.
(Trade advertisements in these columns 1/- per line.)
SITUATIONS VACANT.
ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed with replies to advertisements.
(21/4/22.)
IRISH TIMES, LTD.
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Telephone Nos. 2056, 8037.
BRANCH OFFICES—
BELFAST—108 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787.
CORK—15 Marlborough str. 'Phone 455.
LONDON—89 Fleet street, E.C.4. City 3084.
MANCHESTER—32 Victoria street. Central 84.
GLASGOW—54 Gordon street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, on September 9th, a Leather Cigarette Case, initials W.P.F., between Shelbourne and Grafton street; £1 reward to finder.—W 1920, this office.

LOST, on Tuesday night, 19th, at Amiens street Station, small Gold Wristlet Watch, initials "E.T." on back. Finder rewarded if returned to 27 Great Brunswick street.

LOST, from 4.30 p.m. train from Wexford to Westland row, on 20th inst., Brown Leather Suit Case, labelled Rev. R. Q. Orr, Kilten, Co. Clare; reward if necessary.

LOST, Black and White Fantascene Puppy Dog. Reward offered.—Grannie Place, Sandymount.

LOST, between 15 Westmoreland street and Trinity College, Gold Chain, with Gold Chain Purse attached; reward.—A 68, this office.

STRAYED from Tyrrenwilliam, Maynooth, August 20th, one bullock, shamrock brand on both sides; reward given for information.—C. Kelly. 20 A

MAY WE QUOTE FOR YOUR NEXT REPAIR JOB?
WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION AND OUR CHARGES ARE MOST REASONABLE, CONSISTENT WITH FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP.
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Revised Prices of our Distinguish, Drawingroom, and Bedroom Furniture.
INSPECTION INVITED.
See our 14 Furnished Rooms in the different styles.
ANDERSON, STANFORD, & RIDGEWAY, LTD.,
28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ATTENDANT required for old lady, night work (Protestant). Light household duties. Terenure district.—E O 836, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 21 B

BELFAST AND THE NORTH.

Replies to Advertisements in this Paper giving a box number at Irish Times Office, Belfast, or elsewhere in the Northern Counties, will be dealt with if handed in at Head Office, Westmoreland street, Dublin.

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Daughters your living capital required. Write for catalogue and advice. H. Lewins, Ltd., Commercial Chambers, London, E.C. 2.

DRAPERY—Manageress required for small Drapery Establishment in Midlands; R.C. full control; good salesman; state salary expected.—A 125, this office. 21 F

EDUCATED Gentlewoman Wanted, Companionable to elder Children and Helpful to Delicate Lady; country house, near Dublin.—A 108, this office.

GENERAL Manager required for old established Coal and Merchants' Business in Ireland; must be an Irishman, 30 to 40 years of age, and possess thorough knowledge of the trade, and of the best methods of shipping large quantities, and selling wholesale and retail. Apply, giving full particulars as to age and salary expected, to Box 0 (c/o Advertising Dept.), 5 New Bridge st., London, E.C. 4.

IRONMONGERY Assistant (Cashier)—Wanted, for city, Protestant young Man; must state age, where last employed, experience, salary, references.—A 124, this office. 21 B

JUNIOR Clerk—Smart Youth Wanted.—A 114, this office. 21 F

NORTH Circular road—Advertisements for this Paper are received by Mr. Lonergan, Newsagent and Confectioner, 3a Olde Toll House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

POST Office—Experienced Clerk Wanted for city Sub Office (Protestant); state length of service and full particulars.—W 1909, this office. 19 F

PARENTS and Guardians—An established Dublin Business Firm has a vacancy for Junior Salesman. Have a vacancy for smart Boy about 16; an Apprentice; opportunity to acquire Tradesman; practical knowledge of the business and market routine; healthy vocation; first few years, pocket money required, return to remuneration; principals only reply. Salesman, state age. Address, in first instance, A 57, this office.

PRINTING Machinist and Feeder of Miniature and Mantles; must be good at Setting and strikin trim; good references necessary, early thisbox.—C. Houston, Dispensing Chemist. 18 E

WANTED, Young Man for Pottery and Leather Goods; must have good experience and references.—Mount street. 18 E

WANTED, a Gentlewoman as Companion to Lady. Housekeeper and she (mornings), 33 Lower Mount street. 18 E

WANTED, Typist with knowledge of Latin; state wages.—A 93, this office. 20 A

WANTED, Useful Help for Co. Cavan; cooking and cleaning essential; Protestant. Address "J 29, Help," this office.

WANTED, competent Linotype Operator, with knowledge of Irish, for new Model 4 machine (with Gaelic magazine). Apply, stating experience, to the Manager, "Daily Journal," Derry. 21 B

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

EXPERIENCED Cook required. Apply, with copies references, Hotel Russell. 21 F

STANDARD Hotel, Harcourt street, Dublin, requires General Assistant, young lady, indoor; state particulars of experience, age, salary expected, when disengaged; also Kitchen Porter; essential Recommendations; replies by letter, marking envelope "Assistant."

SAUCY Cook Wanted, a thoroughly experienced Man. Reply, stating nationality, age, experience, and salary required, Manager, Shelbourne Hotel. 20 A

WAITER, Storekeeper and Barman Wanted. Apply by letter, giving full particulars, copies of references, St. Andrew's Hotel. 19 F

WAITRESS Wanted, Private Hotel, Dunleary; wages £20 and chances. Apply to 19 Rutland square.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

HOTEL Cook disengaged wishes re-engagement in Hotel or would go as Cook where chef is employed.—W 1924, this office. 19 F

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.

AGENTS Wanted to Sell Profitable Goods of every kind; catalogue free.—May (160), George st., Birmingham.

AGENTS required for Sale of first class Typewriting in Dublin and Provinces; liberal terms.—X 1, this office. 20 F

MANUFACTURERS of well known make Crude Oil, Marine and Stationary Semi-Diesel Engines of high efficiency, attractive features, competitive prices, are open to appoint Sub-Agents. Address Vogt and Maguire, 29 South Leinster street, Dublin.

REPRESENTATIVE required by Liverpool House engaged in Canary and General Fruit Trade; give full particulars of past experience, and terms required, to Box O 549, Lee and Nightingale, Advt. Offices, Liverpool.

TRAVELLER Wanted to Represent Wholesale Confectioners, on 5 per cent. commission basis; connection essential.—W 1977, this office. 19 F

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

ACTIVE, energetic Man, with large experience in the Grocery, Wine, Provision Business, seeks position as Traveller in any of above for Dublin and adjoining counties; would invest capital in good concern.—A 112, this office. 21 B

LEGAL.

CAPABLE Managing Clerk, also thoroughly competent Cashier, Costs Drawer and Bookkeeper required. Ulster, send copies, all particulars. Address "Z 21, Clerk," this office.

EXPERIENCED Clerk required in Dublin Solicitor's Office.—A 93, this office.

MEDICAL.

A LADY, highly recommended, capable Nurse Attendant, handy; needlewoman useful.—W 1837, this office. 18 E

CHEMIST'S Assistant requires post, whole or part time; city.—X 22, this office. 20

CHEMIST'S Assistant, 5 years' experience, seeks position, part time; city or suburbs.—A 100, this office.

MEDICAL

100,000 MILES

VERY many Morris-Cowley Cars have completed over 100,000 miles without change of ownership. This 265-guinea model will outlast many an expensive car—and give equally good service.

G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD.
HATCH ST., DUBLIN.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

NEW CALCOTT PRICES.

TWO SEATERS 16.5 h.p. All Weather Models. Double Dicker, electric light and starter.....£325

FOUR SEATERS, 11.9 h.p. All Weather Models, electric light and starter £575

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

AT Woods', Westland Row, see 10 horse B.S.A. Car before purchasing any other. T

CHEAPER MOTORING.

£255 ex Holyhead is the new price of the 5-SEATER CHEVROLET CAR. We have several models now in stock for immediate delivery.
LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY,
LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN.
Distributors for the South of Ireland T

"BEFORE PURCHASING" WAIT FOR 1923. SINGER PRICES.
Programme of Olympia Models will be Announced Shortly.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 Lower Abbey Street, Dublin. T

8 H.P. ROVER CAR.
PRICE £180
[Ex Works.
THE ROVER CO. LTD.,
LORD EDWARD STREET.

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Unlimited Indemnity. Including BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING, and THEFT.
Ask for quotations from
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD & CO., LTD., 20 Anglesea street.
DUBLIN. X

FOR Sale, Moon Car. Five Seater Touring, in excellent condition, practically unused; any trial given.—Cooke, 35 South William st., Dublin. 'Phone, 4,369 18 F

FORD Two Seater, Austin Four Seater, bargain for someone; must Sell.—A 29, this office. 20 A

MORGAN 10 h.p. W.C., lately overhauled, repainted and tyres renewed, £185.—Apply Sgt. Hyde, Moyne Road. 19 F

NEW B.S.A. 10 h.p Two seaters just delivered and £340 at works; owing to delay in delivery, has to be disposed of; no reasonable offer refused. 10 h.p. B.S.A. Cars were winners of the Ulster Cup (on result) at Leicester, and of the 10 events at Southend secured two firsts.—C. Cleary, Harcourt-road. 20 E

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

OVERLAND CARS. From £268.

OVERLAND REPAIRS.

OVERLAND SPARE PARTS.
Head Agents and Distributors,
W. D. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson st., Dublin. T

WOLSELEY 7 h.p. Two Seater, price £285. On view now at Grafton Motor Co., 45 Grafton st., Dublin. T

WANTED.
MOTOR Car Wanted, Two Seater Light Car.—A 99, this office. 21 F

MOTOR CYCLES.

"AT"—COME and see the largest stock and the best value in Ireland—Sunbeam, Levis, New Imperial, P. and M., Harley Davidson, Diamond, Les Francis, Sparkbrook, etc. Numerous Secondhand Machines at give away prices.—Wharto Bros., Lemon street T

QUADRANT, 100 GUINEA COMBINATIONS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN T

AT Woods', Westland row—B.S.A., single cylinders, £105; Twins £132. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Car, Jewels.—Horsman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

DOUGLAS, 2 speed, also 3½ Rudge, both perfect, must Sell.—174 North Strand. 20 A

DOUGLAS, 2 speed, or reliable Racing Machine, Sidecar; appointment.—20 Belvidere place, Dublin immediately. 20 A

FOUR horse Logulac, new; also Chaso, 6-7, combined Sidecar, Selling.—A 25, this office. 20 A

HOBART J.A.P., clutch model, rebuilded, new cut barrater, magneto; Exchange Light Weight.—A 99, this office. 21 F

SALE, 1921, Sparkbrook Machine, 24, new tyres, tube grips, lamp, etc., practically new; cost £75, accept £35; trial.—A 123, this office.

TRIUMPH Combination, as new; cost £150; several extras; nearest offer to £100.—A 131, this office. 21 F

3½ SUNBEAM Combination, 1920, perfect, £90.—Thornton, 19 Pembroke road, before 6. 16 E

1913 F. and M. and Cancelet Sidecar, perfect condition; £28. Seen Kelly's Garage, Baggot street.

1922 Ariel Combination, lavishly equipped; £150, no offers.—X 37, this office. 20 E

BICYCLES.

"A 1" CYCLES at Reduced Prices—Sunbeam, B.S.A., Sparkbrooks, Castaur, Swift, Durable, etc. Repairs and general overhauls under personal supervision of practical engineers.—Wharto Bros., Ltd., Lemon street. 'Phone 2010.

WANTED.
GENTLEMAN'S Raleigh, Sunbeam, or any good make; price, particulars.—A 120, this office.

CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

POSITION ON DUBLIN QUAYS.

At the weekly meeting of Dublin Port and Docks Board yesterday, Mr. O'Loughlin, Vice-Chairman, presiding,

A letter was received from Colonel Edgeworth Johnstone, Chief Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, in reference to the control of traffic on the quays. He stated that owing to the depleted state of the force, some of the men had been called away from some time, but instructions had now been issued to prevent the removal of men except in cases of special urgency.

The letter was considered satisfactory.

The Engineer reported that the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union had made application for the payment of an extra day's pay for the members of their union who remained on duty on August 26, the day of General Collin's funeral, or alternatively that they be given a day's leave.

In reply to Mr. M. J. Moran, the Engineer said that it might lead to complications for the same question applied to other employees. Some men had to stay in to attend to essential services, but as many as possible were allowed off for the funeral.

Mr. Goodbody proposed the adoption of the report.

Mr. Farrell proposed, and Alderman Byrne seconded, an amendment that the men who had to be on duty that day be granted a day's leave.

The amendment was defeated, and a further amendment by Alderman Byrne that the matter be referred to the Finance Committee was not seconded.

The application was accordingly refused.

A GIFT.

Mr. Cecil A. Graves, a retired official of the Board, wrote asking as a keepsake a gift of a water colour painting of ships in the port of Dublin, by John James Barralet, dated 1782.

The Secretary said that it was a very valuable old painting, and the Board accepted it with thanks to the donor.

R.A.F. APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments in the Royal Air Force are notified:—

Commodore A. D. Masterman, C.M.G., C.B.E. A.F.C., from half pay list to Central Flying School, inland area, supernumerary, date 2nd October, 1922.

Wing Commander D. L. Allen, A.F.C., from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to half pay list, date 16th September, 1922.

Wing Commander A. V. J. Richardson, O.B.E., M.B., D.P.H., from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to Air Ministry, D.M.S., date 18th September, 1922.

Squadron Leader J. T. Whittaker, M.C., from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to Headquarters, No. 12 Wing, Ireland, for Air Staff duties, date 18th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant C. A. Harrison, from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to C. and M. party, Biggin Hill, Inland area, date 5th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant O. Armer, from No. 5 Flying Training School, inland area, to No. 2 Squad. No. 12 Wing, Ireland, date 15th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant G. C. Pyle, M.C., D.F.C., from No. 4 Squad, inland area, to Headquarters, Inland area, for Air Staff duties, date 1st September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant P. G. N. Ommanney, from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to half pay list, date 14th August, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant A. M. Mylne, from Electrical and Wireless School, inland area, to R.A.F. Cadet College, Flying Wing, Cranwell, date 20th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant J. K. R. Landells, M.B., from R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, to No. 2 Squad. No. 12 Wing, Ireland, date 19th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant T. McClurkin, M.B., to Research Laboratory and Medical Officers' School of Instruction, coastal area, date 11th September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant J. F. Gallagher, from No. 1 School of Technical Training (Boys), Halton, to R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, date 23rd September, 1922.

Flight Lieutenant David J. Jones, M.B., from No. 1 School of Technical Training (Boys), Halton, to R.A.F. Depôt, inland area, date 23rd September, 1922.

A sum of £125,000 has been voted by the Assembly of the League of Nations for the erection of new premises for the International Labour Office on the shores of the Lake of Geneva.

STOMACH-ACHE TO-DAY —DYSPEPSIA TO-MORROW!

It begins with, perhaps, a feeling of fulness after eating, nausea, a disinclination to eat anything at all, or, maybe, a sudden spasm of stomach-pain. Then commences serious digestive disorder, and quickly dyspepsia has you in its grip. Authorities say that in over ninety cases out of every hundred the cause of both the simple stomach-ache and the more deep-seated dyspepsia is acidity of the stomach, usually accompanied by food-fermentation. That this is so is proved by the fact that Bisurated Magnesia, an anti-acid, gives positive and instant relief. Bisurated Magnesia Tablets neutralise the harmful acid, prevent food fermentation, and so stop stomach-pains and ward off serious indigestion. Bisurated Magnesia Tablets are not merely a remedy for simple stomach disorders, however, for they have an unrivalled record of success in dealing with cases of the utmost severity. You can get these tablets of any chemist as 1s. 1d. a flask, but mind you get "BISURATED" Magnesia Tablets, as nothing else is "just as good." It's *Bisurated* Magnesia that doctors prescribe, hospitals use, and thousands praise the world around.

BISURATED MAGNESIA is the best remedy for indigestion, and is also obtainable in powder form.

CINEMAS FOR THE INSANE.

A DUBLIN BOARD'S EXPERIMENT.

At the meeting of the Board of the Grangegorman Mental Hospital yesterday, Alderman Staines presiding.

Alderman Stanley and Councillor Stritch submitted a report on the equipment necessary for the completion of the two cinemas to be erected at Grangegorman and Portrane.

The report, which was read, stated that they had inspected the buildings in which the cinematographic exhibitions were to be given to the patients, and they recommended certain improvements which would necessitate an expenditure of £105. The expenditure was sanctioned.

The following resolution was passed for submission to the Joint Committee:—

"That the Joint Committee approach the Government with a view to obtaining from them a formal agreement for payment or maintenance charges of any soldier of the national army sent here for temporary treatment, or who is discharged from the army as insane into this institution."

A letter was read from Dr. Ellis in which he applied for leave of absence for three months without pay to take up a temporary appointment as a national teacher. Dr. Ellis pointed out that during his 5½ years' of office he had not asked for leave outside annual holidays. Portion of his quarters would be available for the substitute.

A lengthy discussion arose on the matter, and it was finally decided to grant Dr. Ellis two months' leave of absence without pay.

INTERMEDIATE RESULTS.

JUNIOR GRADE GIRLS.

The results of the Intermediate examination for Junior Grade (girls) were published yesterday. The total number examined was 2,493, out of which 1,147 passed; 173 passed with honours and 974 without honours. The proportion per cent. of those examined who passed is 46.0. Two students were deprived of their examination altogether in consequence of violation of the rules.

LINEN RESEARCH.

EXPERTS' VISIT TO LAMBEG.

Sir Wm. M'Cormick, the Chairman of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research for Great Britain, and Sir Frank Heath, the Secretary, visited the Linen Industry Research Institute at Lambeg, near Lisburn, yesterday. They were accompanied by Mr. J. G. Crawford, Chairman of the Linen Research Association, and Mr. W. H. Wells, President of the Belfast Chamber of Commerce, and were received by Dr. J. Vargos Eyre, M.A., Director of Research at the Institute.

After inspecting the laboratories the visitors were entertained to lunch by Dr. Eyre.

Since its establishment the Institute has done splendid work from a scientific point of view, and the utmost interest is now being taken in it by members of the linen industry in all parts of the kingdom.

Dr. Eyre, the director of the activities of the Institute, said that if they were to keep abreast of the times, it was necessary to make use of the scientific knowledge placed at the disposal of the members by the Institute.

FIVE HOUSES BURNED.

Five houses in Spittal street, Tipperary, have been burned. The fire is stated to have been caused by sparks from the chimney of one of the houses falling on the thatch of the others. The homeless families were given shelter by neighbours.

Insurance at low rates with Phœnix Assurance Co., Ltd., 10-12 Trinity street, Dublin.—J. B. Warner, Manager. Agents everywhere.—(Advt.)

OLD AGE PENSION LIST.

At the National Conference of Friendly Societies at Cheltenham yesterday, there were strong protests against the means being considered in granting old age pensions. It was declared that the question of economy should not enter into this matter, as there was no better cause for which money could be found. It was decided to make this a test question at the elections.

LAUNCH AT BELFAST.

Messrs. Harland and Wolff, Ltd., Belfast, launched yesterday the Invergoil, an "N" type standard vessel built for the British Mexican Petroleum Co., Ltd. The new vessel, which meets the owners' special requirements, has been arranged to carry fuel oil in bulk or cylindrical tanks, and is 428' by 55' 5" by 38' 0", with a gross tonnage of 6,900. There are seven watertight bulkheads, and the vessel is classed 100 A1 at Lloyds. The Invergoil will be fitted with triple expansion engines, and four large cylindrical boilers arranged to burn oil fuel. The owners were represented by Mr. Lowry, one of their superintendents.

The African World learns that the Paramount Chief of Swaziland, Sobuza II., attended by his principal indunas, will arrive in England to lay certain important claims before the British Government. The Governor-General of the Union of South Africa, H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, has granted them special passports for the journey.

THE "IRISH TIMES" COLUMN FOR NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.

TALBOT PRESS BOOKS.

IRISH FOR ALL.
Every-day conversational phrases, the very essentials of spoken Irish, with pronunciation in simple phonetics, and a translation into English of every phrase.
By SEAN TOBIN. Price 2/6 net; post free 2/8.

THE TRAIL OF THE BLACK AND TANS.
By THE HURLER ON THE DITCH.
Cheap edition, with three-coloured jacket, price 2/6 net; post free 2/10.

EARLY GAELIC LITERATURE.
By DOUGLAS HYDE.
Cheap edition, 3/6 net; post free 3/9.

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Ireland's Future lies in the Constitution.
READ
THE IRISH CONSTITUTION
Explained by DARRELL FIGGIS, T.D.
(Acting Chairman of the Constitution Committee).
2/6 net.
MELLIFONT PRESS, LTD.,
KILDARE HOUSE,
WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN,
AND ALL BOOKSELLERS.

BRILLIANT NEW NOVEL:
"MRS. McIVOR'S GUESTS,"
By SLIEVE FOY.
Publisher, Morland, Amersham, Bucks.

Books of the Week.

THE PRINCE'S TOUR.

Impressionist vignettes of what the Prince of Wales saw during his mission to the East as our Greatest Ambassador are painted with facility and felicity by Sir Herbert Russell. He must have been put to some pains to avoid a sameness of description. The pomp and circumstance of the formalities were obviously stereotyped; but there was an abundant variety of detail and setting, on which such an observer as Sir Herbert Russell was able to seize, and which he now conveys to us with wonderful fidelity in these vivid word-paintings. We seem to hear the muffled thunder of the saluting guns, the mad clangour of the church bells, the palpitation of conflicting bands, the strains of which were lost in the roar of cheers from the dense masses thronging the landing stages or the stations. The reader sees the brave scenes, sentient with the vivid kaleidoscope of the life and movement and rich, glowing colour of native India.

The spectacular grandeur, the rich picturesqueness, of the natural setting of this great mission had, however, a historical significance which the writer is at no pains unduly to emphasise, but which stands out as the pivot round which this medley of brilliant memories revolves. The formality and impressiveness of the occasion were mellowed—humanised, as it were—by the personality of the Prince of Wales. His almost boyish enthusiasm and his good sportsmanship, both on and off the playing field, broke down the elaborate barriers of high ceremonial and turned organised welcomes and *fêtes* into social gatherings of kith and kin.

The Prince, by his ready tact and remarkable personality, was able to plumb that depth of fidelity in the Indian character which is so rarely appreciated by the European who does not live in the native States. There were no examples of the demonstrative affection which Australia had given to the Prince; but the differences of temperament and ideals between the inhabitants of Australia and New Zealand and the ancient races of India mark the difference between the "Anzac's" action in jumping on the footboard of the Royal car to grasp the Prince's hand, and that of the native who prostrates himself in the dust over which the car has passed.

No attempt is made to conceal the effects of Mr. Gandhi's steadfast efforts to make the tour a disappointment. There is no need; for this broad survey of the whole mission places the political *hartal* in its proper perspective. Plans to boycott the Prince invariably failed, and the perfervid propaganda which sought to animate them merely assisted them to degenerate into ruffianism when creed assailed creed and the *badmashes* assaulted all with impartiality.

So we journey from Portsmouth to Bombay, through British India and native India, to Nippon and back again to Portsmouth. The Eastern tour is unfolded in a long panorama of shining beauty and almost barbaric splendour, with, here and there, cameo-like memories of some of the particularly magnificent spectacles of the gorgeous East. The book almost attains the dignity of an epic.

"With the Prince in the East." By Sir Herbert Russell. London: Methuen. 10/6 net.

COUNTY DUBLIN PLACE NAMES.

Mr. M. A. Macnamara has set out to prove that the generally accepted meaning of place names in County Dublin is, in his own words, "void of support of evidence, contrary to common-sense and derogatory to the Gaelic language." He is an enthusiast, but too assertive in his arguments to be convincing. His method is to take a string of Gaelic words, more or less appropriate to a particular district, and to assert that a non-Gaelic word with a somewhat similar pronunciation, but a hopelessly irrelevant meaning, has been foisted on the unsuspecting Irish public by the perfidious English. It is all very far-fetched and difficult to follow, especially as different words in the Gaelic can have the same meaning in English, and *vice versa* a single Gaelic word can have different meanings to suit circumstances. Early in the book one finds "water" written in different forms in the Gaelic derivations of Dublin, Ballisk and Drumcondra, while a Gaelic word in what the writer accepts as the original Gaelic names of Rathmines, Beggars' Bush and Dartry, is translated as "emerald" in one case, "a border" in the second and "fertile" in the last. These are merely examples.

People will not be persuaded easily that raths, or forts, have nothing to do with the names of Rathmines, Rathgar and Rathfarnham. Many will agree with Mr. Macnamara's strong condemnation of "Dun Laoghaire." "It is not only ungrammatical, but repugnant, to the taste of anyone who is acquainted with the harmony which belongs to the Gaelic language." He advances ingenious reasons for calling the place "Dunleary."

The writer is imbued with an earnest desire to cultivate all that is Gaelic, and this little book, written in excellent English, will interest enthusiasts. Copies of the book have been presented to the Pope and to Cardinal Gasparri, Librarian of the Vatican, by the request of Marquis MacSwiney.

"Place Names in County Dublin." By M. A. Macnamara. Dublin: Cahill and Co. 4/- net.

ROCK-LORE.

As he declares in a foreword, Professor Grenville Cole, the eminent geologist, intends, his work on "Rocks and Their Origins" for the non-specialist; an acquaintance with physical science, however, is tacitly assumed. The treatment of various rocks, as furnished in this little volume, is admirably thorough and is couched in language at once terse, easy and lucid. Deliberately eschewing mere "analysis and classification," the author exhibits the importance of rocks as components of the earth's crust and instruments of man. That geology is learned from the field and that text-books are but guiding forces is a fact which Professor Cole invites students to verify in "a few vacation journeys, judiciously planned out."

Inorganic and foraminiferal limestones are first examined in detail. We learn how the action of the atmospheric acids—carbonic and sulphuric—detracts from the value of limestone as a building material. Darwin's celebrated theory of atolls is discussed, and the view is taken that coral reefs must influence the formation of solid limestone. An illuminating note on "limestones and scenery" is included. The book deals fully with sandstones, tracing the connection between sand-stone and the land-surface. "Clays, shales and slates" claim an interesting chapter, while the section on unstratified, or igneous, rocks is conspicuously good. Our one regret—we share it with Professor Cole—is that mention of gypsum and rock-salt is withheld. Illustrated with some twenty photographs, and containing both a list of references and an index, the book is a full and most serviceable manual on petrology.

"Rocks and Their Origins." By G. A. J. Cole, F.R.S., Professor of Geology in the Royal College of Science for Ireland. Cambridge: The University Press. 4/- net.

THE WORLD'S TRADE.

"Mercator" provides us with the reflections of a business man who wants to know why trade stands still and how we shall pay for to-morrow's food. The title of this informing book indicates the writer's point of view. The early part of the book travels well-worn ground in the account given of the functions of money, capital, unemployment and the like. When the author has thus cleared a path for himself he enters upon what we think is his real task—the consideration of the foreign exchanges and of the influence of the German reparations on them. In clear English he expounds the situation as he sees it. His plan is to proceed from the particular to the universal, and the country which he has most in his mind is France. We are in a vicious circle in regard to our Ally. France owes us more than she can pay. As a result France has no credit with us. She cannot buy from us; therefore, we cannot sell to her. If we do not buy in France, we do not need any French money. There is no demand in England for French francs. Therefore, in England French francs are cheap. The cure for the evil, in the considered judgment of the author, is that England shall forgive France her debt. Then—and not till then—the process of exchange can return to the normal.

"World Trade and World Recovery." By "Mercator." London: Nash and Grayson. 4/6.

WATER-COLOURS.

This little book on sketching is intended for amateurs. The author modestly declines himself as an amateur also, but he knows his subject both in theory and practice and gives a great deal of sound and helpful advice. His hints on the choice of a subject, on values, on perspective, on the painting of shadows and reflections, figures and animals will be invaluable to a beginner. The practical lessons, illustrated by plates in colour showing the various stages of a picture from the the first rough outline in charcoal to the final completed sketch—six stages in all—ought to be very helpful. A number of the author's own sketches are reproduced, accompanied by notes on their composition, and there is a chapter on frame-making. The whole is written in a simple, unpedantical style admirably suited to the author's purpose.

"Sketching in Water-Colour." By James Stewart. London: Jack. 3/6 net.

A PARODY.

Mr. Barry Pain's inimitable humour comes as a healthy tonic to the reader of a modern "best seller." His parodies are kindly meant and do good to their victims, while his gently-applied remedy for incipient sentimentality is always effective. As everybody has read "If Winter Comes," everybody will get some benefit, as well as honest amusement, from "If Summer Don't."

"If Summer Don't." By Barry Pain. London: Werner Laurie. 1/6 net.

RECENT FICTION.

Damp November nights, a cosy, fire-lit room in a remote Scottish village, and a middle-aged woman sitting there contentedly by the side of her mother, drinking in the flood of reminiscences which flow from the other woman's lips—such is the scene which Miss Douglas sets before us in the opening pages of her book. Ann conceives the idea of writing her mother's biography, and so, chapter by chapter, she encourages the old woman to talk and assists her by recalling scattered incidents with which she is already familiar. There are, indeed, only two characters which take an active part in this story, and the manipulation of the dialogue is at times halting. Miss Douglas, however, is very sincere in her love of homely simplicity, and this sincerity makes itself felt on every page of her tranquil, retrospective tale.

"Ann and Her Mother." By O. Douglas. Hodder and Stoughton. 7/6 net.

There is something very healthy and charming about Mr. Raymond's boys and young men, which contributed greatly to the success of "Tell England," and should make "Rosemal" also a favourite with the discerning. David's home and school life, his first contact with trouble, his manliness and pluck are described with a sympathy and understanding from which all traces of exaggeration are absent. David is a responsive boy, and the influences which mould his young life are admirably brought out. Though he realises his childish ambition to be a writer, he is mercifully free from the morbid, abnormal temperament which so often characterises the genius in fiction. His is a natural charm, rarer in fiction than in real life.

"Rosemal." By Ernest Raymond. Cassell. 7/6 net.

"Souls for Sale" is a story of the cinema world, written by an ardent supporter of this new art. It is, in fact, largely a piece of propaganda, eulogising cinematography as an unparalleled and immortal art, loudly condemning those who accuse it of immoral influence, and bitterly resenting the restrictions imposed by the censors. The main interest lies in the detailed picture which the story gives of life in "movie" circles in Los Angeles; for the tale itself is crude and reads very like an emotional screen play. In his keenness to illustrate the points of his arguments the author is often guilty of violating the laws of truth and probability, and the dietetical passages are tedious. Nevertheless, those who want a peep behind the scenes in cinema land will find Mr. Hughes's book interesting.

"Souls for Sale." By Rupert Hughes. Nash and Grayson. 7/6 net.

Miss Bryant's plot exceeds the bounds of possibility, but she has, nevertheless, made an interesting story. Richard Garren, son of a rigidly severe judge, has lived upon his wits and a credulous public, until he gets penal servitude through the treachery of an accomplice. Richard escapes, and dons a perfect disguise, that does not, however, deceive his father, who meets him accidentallly at a dinner. Fearing the degrading influence of a further course of prison, the old judge arranges that the young man shall forfeit his liberty and submit to the rule of a private jailer. The weakness of the story lies in Richard's submission to the bullying of this Foster. We refuse to believe that such a situation would be humanly possible.

"The Redemption of Richard." By Marguerite Bryant. Hurst and Blackett. 7/6 net.

Mr. Glossop's story hinges upon the theft from China of the "crystal globe," by means of which the Society of the Yellow Leaf works black magic. Readers of this class of fiction will understand that it is no light matter for a mere adventurous Englishman to incur the animosity of a Chinese secret society. We are not surprised at the appearance in the quiet Yorkshire county of two polite Chinamen in Western garb. Mr. Glossop, an authority upon the East, knows all about the ingenuity of Chinese tortures, and sensation reaches its height when Dick Barrington and his *fiancée*, Lady Diana, become the victims.

"The Crystal Globe." By Reginald Glossop. Odhams. 7/6 net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Biography.

H. G. Hawker, Airman. By Muriel Hawker. London: Hutchinson. 16/- net.

Many Memories. By G. B. Burgin. London: Hutchinson. 16/- net.

Fiction.

How Many Cards? By Isabel Ostrander. Hurst and Blackett. 7/6 net.

The Very Devil. By H. B. Young. Page. 7/6 net.

Stories of the Movies. By Harry Leon Wilson. Lane. 7/6 net.

A Gamble with Hearts. By Anthony Carlyle. Mills and Boon. 7/6 net.

Passing Footsteps. By Sophie Cole. Mills and Boon. 6/- net.

The Land of the Living. By Calcott Reading. Parsons. 7/6 net.

LORD ASHTOWN'S CLAIM.

£19,000 FOR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

The following additional claims for compensation have been received at the Government offices, Merrion street:—

The Right Hon. the Baron Ashtown, Woodlawn House, Co. Galway—damage to property, etc.	£19,271 12 8
The Cork Corporation, Cork—damage to and destruction of premises	14,428 14 4
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Harvest Thanksgiving Services will be held in St. Barnabas's Church, Dublin, this evening at 8 o'clock when the Rev. C. S. Collins will preach, and on Sunday when the preachers will be the Rev. C. R. Milligan and Canon Byrne. The collections will be in aid of the charges on the schools. Special music will be rendered by the choir.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. M. Alley, of Charleston road Church, Dublin, and President of the Irish Methodist Church, preached last Sunday special sermons in Carlisle road Church, Londonderry, in connection with the unveiling of tablets in that Church in memory of those who fell in the war, and to those who fought in the war and survived. Lady Anderson unveiled the tablets. Nine members of the congregation were killed, and forty-nine served. The proceeds of the day were given towards St. Dunstan's Hospital for the blind.

DUBLIN METHODIST COUNCIL.

The preliminary meeting of the Dublin Methodist Council for the session 1922-3 was held last evening in the Centenary Church parlours, Rev. J. M. Alley, President of the Methodist Church in Ireland, presided. After a social hour, the Council co-opted the following twelve persons to complete the constitution of the Council:—Mrs. R. Brown, Mrs. Bagnall, Mrs. T. W. Cooke, Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. Northridge, Mrs. H. G. Smith, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Weir, Messrs. R. Brown, J. A. Duncan, J.P.; R. L. West, and R. H. White. Notices of motion were given for the opening business meeting of the Council. It was decided that the next meeting, to be held on 5th prox., should take the form of a social gathering. Resolutions of sympathy were sent to Rev. H. H. Cornish, Mrs. J. Moon, Mr. and Mrs. M. Fullerton, O.B.E., and Mr. E. S. Glanville.

In the regretted death of Rev. Alexander Fullerton, the Council has lost one of its oldest and most faithful members. Interesting discussions took place in regard to the programme and work of the Council for the ensuing session.

CHURCH NOTES.

Among theological works announced by Messrs. Macmillan is an important volume entitled "A Collective Review of the Principles and Present-day Opportunities of the Anglican Communion as Catholic and Reformed." Two of the seven essays have been written, respectively, by Archbishop of Armagh and Dr. R. H. Murray. The remaining five essays will be by the Archdeacon of Chester, the Archdeacon of Macclesfield, Rev. C. Gore, Mr. G. Dawes Hicks, and Dr. Lowther Clarke, late Archbishop of Melbourne.

An Army Order, just issued, provides that the appointment of Chaplain-General shall be for five years, subject, on extension, at the discretion of the Army Council, year by year, to a maximum of ten years. A Chaplain-General who retires on the completion of the term of his appointment will be awarded retired pay as a Chaplain-General only if he has attained the age of sixty years, or has completed a period of thirty years total service. Otherwise his retired pay shall be assessed as for a chaplain, 1st class, the period of employment as a Chaplain-General counting as though it had been service in that class. The present Chaplain-General, Bishop Taylor-Smith, has held office continuously since November 1, 1901. The Order does not affect him.

The Rev. Harold Boorman, Vicar of Newhall, Derby, has undertaken the enlargement of his parish church with his own hands, and is daily to be seen working in his blue overalls. He is now engaged in the enlargement of the vestry, and hopes to proceed with the erection of a transept. The vicar has also planned to have a "Miners' Memorial Chapel," in which will be erected marble slabs recording the names of the men who have lost, or may lose, their lives in following their employment in the pits.

The King has graciously assented to the communication to be sent from Balmoral to the Rev. Thorne Nightingale, Secretary of the Free Church Council:—"Your message informing the King of the organisation by the National Council of the Evangelical Free Churches of a movement in support of world peace has been received by His Majesty with much interest and sympathy. The King feels it to be pre-eminently the duty of the Churches at the present time to declare their faith that the only warfare worth waging is against those evils which have throughout history brought upon nations the horror of war. His Majesty wishes the Free Churches all success in their high endeavour."

The sword-rest which has stood in the Church of St. Olave, Tooley street, since 1674, and on which gentlemen deposited their weapons when they attended Divine Service, has been offered to the Dean and Chapter of Southwark Cathedral. It is of special interest, being made of wood, like the others of the kind are to be found in London churches. It bears the arms of the City of London, and the old arms of Southwark, over the date 1674.

A NEW P. AND O. LINER.

The Peninsular and Oriental mail steamer, Moldavia, ran a series of successful trials at Birkenhead on Tuesday, and has left the Mersey for Tilbury Dock, preparatory to her maiden voyage to Australia on October 13. The vessel, which was built by Messrs. Cammell, Laird and Co., is propelled by twin-screw double reduction geared turbine machinery. The Moldavia has accommodation for 222 first and 175 second-class passengers. The first and second saloon promenade decks afford ample spaces for games, dancing, etc. There are elaborately furnished music and smoking rooms of the most modern designs. The cabins are fitted up with a view to the maximum of comfort, while the dining saloons are designed and furnished in very artistic style. The accommodation for the officers and crew leaves nothing to be desired. The Moldavia will be in the command of Captain Cecil W. Burleigh, D.S.O., R.N.R.

Miscellaneous.

Odds and Ends of a Learned Clerk. By Arthur Eckersley. London: Lane. 5/- net.

The Origin of a Tropical Tramp. By Harry L. Foster. London: Lane. 12/6 net.

Facts and the Future Life. By the Rev. G. Vale Owen. London: Hutchinson. 4/6 net.

Rugby Football, and how to play it. By J. M. B. Scott. London: Chatto and Windus. 3/6 net.

New Editions.

Julius Cæsar. By William Shakespeare. Edited by J. A. Green. London: Christophers. 2/- net.

Richard II. By William Shakespeare. Edited by J. A. Green. London: Christophers. 2/- net.

As You Like It. By William Shakespeare. Edited by J. A. Green. London: Christophers. 2/- net.

At Starting Price. By Nat Gould. London: Long. 2/- net.

A Dangerous Stable. By Nat Gould. London: Long. 2/- net.

A Gamble for Love. By Nat Gould. London: Long. 2/- net.

Translation.

The Chinese Fairy Book. Edited by Dr. R. Wilhelm. Translated by Frederick H. Mariens. London: Fisher Unwin. 7/6 net.

The Language of the Birds. By Adolf Paul. London: Montgomery.

Verse.

Enneiastes. Rendered into English Verse. By F. Crawford Burkitt. London: The E.P.C.K. 1/6 net.

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The preliminary meeting of the Dublin Methodist Council for the session 1922-3 was held last evening in the Centenary

THE CURRAGH.

VALIANT WINS BIENNIAL STAKES.

THE RAILWAY STAKES.

VICTORY OF DARRAGH.

SOLDUMENO UNLUCKY.

Another capital day's sport marked the concluding stage of the meeting, and the attendance showed little, if any, falling off compared with Wednesday, whilst runners were again fared somewhat better than on the previous forthcoming in satisfactory numbers. Backers afternoon, but the failure of Soldumeno and that of Moor Haven were severe blows, the defeat of the first-named being all the more irritating to his followers because he was the victim of real bad luck.

In a field of sixteen for the Conyngham Plate Lieutenant, who got badly away at the last meeting here when well backed, was installed a hot favourite, and, taking command at half-way, he had just sufficient reserve left to keep the top weights, Tara Hill and Brave Lassie, at bay, heads separating the trio. Rhino, who all Shar on Wednesday, now went one better in the Flying Plate, for which she left off in most demand. It was a duel all the way between Mrs. Scott's filly and Jabbilore, and it was only the last hundred yards that the former asserted superiority, and she was bought in cheaply at 180 sovs.

The contenders for the Biennial Stakes included King David and El Obeid, neither of whom appeared any the worse for their exertions in the St. Leger the previous day, whilst Valiant, who had been on the sick list for a long time after running for the Irish Derby, in which he sustained some injuries, was looking remarkably well. King David was always a prominent favourite, with Valiant next in demand, and El Obeid and Boyne Bridge also commanded substantial support. Choice was limited in the early stages, but for the last quarter of a mile the issue was practically confined to Valiant and King David, and the first-named, disposing of the latter a length from home, was a length to the good passing the judge's box. Major Cape's colt, who was one of the best of last season's Irish two-year-olds, only ran twice this year previously to yesterday, on neither of which occasions did he reproduce anything like his best form, but, judged by his latest display, he has fully regained it.

The Railway Stakes, which is one of our most important races for juveniles, was to some extent spoiled by the *contretemps* which occurred at the start. When the tapes went up Meira swung right across three horses on her left, and this practically extinguished their chances as well as her own. One of the victims was Soldumeno, who must be accounted extremely unlucky for, making up leeway very fast, he almost got on striking terms with the leaders a couple of furlongs from the end, when he swerved and lost ground. Yet, when straightened out, his was fast closing the gap that separated him from Darragh and Black Orator, and was only beaten by the last-named for second place by a short head. Darragh had sadly disappointed his connections in the Anglesey Stakes on Tuesday, but the ground of the going yesterday was more to his liking. An unusually large field turned out for a King's Plate, which seemed to be regarded in the light of a mere thing for Moor Haven, but proved too much for him, and a half miles like a potential winner. Old Navan Lass, who invariably runs well in this class of race, weight told its tale, and she was relegated to third place by Fallochy and Superstition, both of whom were in receipt of 21lb. from her. It was not out of his turn that Colonel Honner won a race, and it was through sheer stamina his mare prevailed. Up to two furlongs up we were treated to a thrilling finish for the September Plate between Marie Marco and Galtee Boy, the first-named gaining the fiat by the narrowest possible margin. Details:—

1.0—THE CONYNGHAM PLATE of 200 sovs. A nursery handicap. 6 f. 53 yds.

Mr. J. T. Rogers jr., Lieutenant, 8-7 ..... J. Lieutenant 1
Mr. H. M. Hartigan's TARA HILL, 9-3 ..... Hartigan 2
Mr. T. Byrne's BRAVE LASSIE, 8-9 ..... J. Canty 3
Mrs. C. Brabazon's Ballytrack, 8-10 ..... C. Burns 0
Mr. J. F. Gill's Orotava, 8-5 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Cast-to-go, 8-5 ..... W. Wing 0
Mr. R. M'Laughlin's Rouken Glen, 8-0 ..... A. Barrett 0
Mr. P. Fitzgerald's Mullagher-a-Boo, 7-12 ..... M. Beary 0
Mr. E. S. Dowling's Lady Martin, 7-12 ..... W. Prince 0
Mr. Peter Duffy's Telemachus, 7-12 ..... J. Dimes 0
Mrs. Macaulay's Mary Rufus, 7-10 ..... J. Dimes 0
Mrs. Martin's 1922, 7-10 ..... C. Ringstead 0
Mr. J. Power's Rakes of Mallow, 7-8 ..... Jas. Doyle 0
Mr. H. Stockman's Brian Boid, 7-2 ..... D. Connors 0
Major Dixon's Knockbracken, 7-2 ..... P. O'Reilly's Eager Hen, 7-2 ..... D. Quirke 0
Betting—5 to 2 agst. LIEUTENANT, 9 to 2 (Winner trained by Owner.)
Mullagher-a-Boo, 6 to 1 each Meira, Lady Martin, and Telemachus, 7 to 1 ..... 1922, 100 to 8 each other.

Ballytrack led from Telemachus, Mullagher-a-Boo, Brave Lassie, Lieutenant, Tara Hill and Rouken Glen. After a couple of furlongs Lieutenant drew to the front, followed by Brave Lassie, Tara Hill, and Tara Hill closed with Lieutenant, Brave Lassie soon declined, leaving both as the pair, but the latter distance divided second and third, Ballytrack was fourth, Rouken Glen fifth, Mullagher-a-Boo sixth, Telemachus seventh, Orotava eighth, Cast-to-go ninth, and Knockbracken next.

2.0—FLYING PLATE of 200 sovs. A nursery handicap. 5 f.

Mrs. Wilson Scott's h. f. RHINO, by Happy Monarch—Japanese Dollar, 8-3 ..... D. Ward 1
Mr. E. Brophy's JABBITORE, 8-5 ..... E. Quirke 2
Mr. R. Coyle's PITTLING, 8-8 ..... E. Quirke 3
Mrs. Moss's Natty Nell, 9-0 ..... J. Dykes 0
Mr. H. Stockman's Zulu Queen, 8-5 ..... J. Moylan 0
Mr. J. P. Rogers' Pinchy Lad, 8-5 ..... Quirke 0
Major Dixon's Stormont, 8-9 (car. 8-10) ..... W. Wing 0

Mrs. Rankin's Double Prospect, 8-9 ..... Jos. Canty 0
Mr. O. Dixon's Noble Rowlander, 8-9 ..... H. Beasley 0
(Winner trained by C. Brabazon.)
Betting—5 to 2 agst. RHINO, 6 to 1 Noble Rowland, 4 to 1 Tilling, 6 to 1 Double Prospect, 6 to 1 Jabbitore, 20 to 1 any other.
Rhino, jumped off in front of Jabbitore, Pinchy Lad, Zulu Queen, and Tilling with Double Prospect and Stormont at the head of the others. Tilling soon from home Rhino and Jabbitore drew clear of the others, and Rhino, never being headed, won by a length and a half; four lengths divided second and third. Pinchy Lad was fourth, Zulu Queen fifth, Double Prospect sixth, Stormont seventh, and Noble Rowland next.

The winner was bought in for 180 sovs.

2.40—EIGHTH CURRAGH BIENNIAL STAKES of 1,000 sovs. For three-year-olds. 1 m.

Major Cape's ch. c. VALIANT, by Orpiment—Soligena, 9-8 ..... M. Beasley 1
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... M. Wing 0
Mr. H. J. Kirwan's BOYNE BRIDGE, 9-12 ..... M. Beary 3
Mr. W. Carr's Chloe, 9-3 ..... M. Beary 3
Major Dixon's Whiteoza, 9-0 ..... C. Burns 0
Col. F. Blacker's El Obeid, 9-6 ..... Canty 0
Capt. Shirley's Farney, 9-6 ..... T. Burns 0
Capt. C. Moore's Martina, 9-4 ..... Fleming 0
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... J. Shatwell 0
Betting—5 to 4 agst. King David, 6 to 1 VALIANT, 8 to 1 El Obeid, 6 to 1 Boyne Bridge, 100 to 8 each Martina and Farney, 20 to 1 any other.

Chloe showed the way to Martina, Boyne Bridge, El Obeid, and King David, with Valiant and Farney behind. So they ran for half a mile, when El Obeid took up the running attended by Martina, Boyne Bridge, Valiant, and King David. Two furlongs from home El Obeid lost her place, and Valiant assumed command, and resisting King David's challenge, won by a length; four lengths divided second and third. El Obeid was fourth, Chloe fifth, Martina sixth, Farney seventh, and Whiteoza last.

2.10—RAILWAY STAKES of 1,000 sovs. each, for accepters, with 500 sovs. added. For two years old. 7 f. 63 yards.

Mr. T. Dixon's ch. c. DARRAGH, by Captivation—Lathanna, 9-1 ..... Fleming 2
Captain Shirley's BLACK ORATOR, 8-7 ..... M. Wing 1
Mr. D. Sullivan's SOLDUMENO, 8-7 ..... Fleming 2
Mr. T. Lawton's Bonnie Doon, 9-0 ..... M. Beary 3
Captain Dixon's Tor Cor, 8-7 ..... H. Beasley 0
Mr. J. L. Dobbs's White Ornament, 8-7 ..... J. Dines 0
Lord Kenmare's Wild Orb, 8-7 ..... T. Burns 0

YARMOUTH.

GOLDEN ERROR SCORES.

MADEMOISELLE FLECHE WINS DURHAM HANDICAP.

2.0—A SELLING NURSERY H'CAP PLATE, £300. 6 f.

Mr. W. Larkin's b. c. GOLDEN ERROR, by Sir Gallahad III—Misanderstood, 7-13 ..... W. Lister 1
Mr. J. Leach's LAST FENCE, 7-10 ..... W. Lister 2
Mr. S. Pickering's BRENDAN'S BEAUTY, 7-12 ..... Beardman 3
Also ran—Dominican (H. Leach), Whalley 3 (Grace), Pince Nez (R. Jones), Mademoiselle Fleche (Feltham), Zier g. (Perryman). (Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting—9 to 4 agst. Dominican, 5 to 2 Brendan's Beauty, 3 to 2 GOLDEN ERROR, 8 to 1 Mademoiselle Fleche, 10 to 1 bar four.

2.30—THE GORLESTON MAIDEN H'CAP PLATE, £100. 5 f.

Capt. J. Homfray's ch. c. CHARMING, by Pommern—Canarily, 3-13 ..... Ingham 1
Mrs. Hartigan's EXPERT, 7-9 ..... Ingham 2
Mr. A. Gunn's FRIORY, 7-11 ..... G. Richards 3
Mr. F. Gill's Orotava, 8-5 ..... Spear 0
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Cast-to-go, 8-5 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. R. M'Laughlin's Rouken Glen, 8-0 ..... A. Barrett 0
Mr. P. Fitzgerald's Mullagher-a-Boo, 7-12 ..... M. Beary 0
Mr. E. S. Dowling's Lady Martin, 7-12 ..... W. Prince 0
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Major Cape's ch. c. VALIANT, by Orpiment—Soligena, 9-8 ..... M. Beasley 1
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... M. Wing 0
Mr. H. J. Kirwan's BOYNE BRIDGE, 9-12 ..... M. Beary 3
Mr. W. Carr's Chloe, 9-3 ..... M. Beary 3
Major Dixon's Whiteoza, 9-0 ..... C. Burns 0
Col. F. Blacker's El Obeid, 8-9 ..... Canty 0
Capt. Shirley's Farney, 8-6 ..... T. Burns 0
Capt. C. Moore's Martina, 8-4 ..... Fleming 0
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... J. Shatwell 0
Betting—5 to 4 agst. King David, 6 to 1 VALIANT, 8 to 1 El Obeid, 6 to 1 Boyne Bridge, 100 to 8 each Martina and Farney, 20 to 1 any other.

Chloe showed the way to Martina, Boyne Bridge, El Obeid, and King David, with Valiant and Farney behind. So they ran for half a mile, when El Obeid took up the running attended by Martina, Boyne Bridge, Valiant, and King David. Two furlongs from home El Obeid lost her place, and Valiant assumed command, and resisting King David's challenge, won by a length; four lengths divided second and third. El Obeid was fourth, Chloe fifth, Martina sixth, Farney seventh, and Whiteoza last.

2.10—RAILWAY STAKES of 1,000 sovs. each, for accepters, with 500 sovs. added. For two years old. 7 f. 63 yards.

Mr. T. Dixon's ch. c. DARRAGH, by Captivation—Lathanna, 9-1 ..... Fleming 2
Captain Shirley's BLACK ORATOR, 8-7 ..... M. Wing 1
Mr. D. Sullivan's SOLDUMENO, 8-7 ..... Fleming 2
Mr. T. Lawton's Bonnie Doon, 9-0 ..... M. Beary 3
Captain Dixon's Tor Cor, 8-7 ..... H. Beasley 0
Mr. J. L. Dobbs's White Ornament, 8-7 ..... J. Dines 0
Lord Kenmare's Wild Orb, 8-7 ..... T. Burns 0

THE IRISH FIELD

Published To-morrow.

Programmes and Selections for Down Royal, Gowran Park, and Newmarket.

FOOTBALL—The Season's Prospects.

Irish Kennel Notes.

GOLF — ATHLETICS — ANGLING
MOTORING — BILLIARDS — CRICKET

ON SALE AT ALL NEWSAGENTS

PRICE 2d.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

The starting price of Franklin for the Grand Prix de Saint Cloud, Majeste, La Reine Victoria, at San Sebastian on September 17 was 2 to 1.

During an interval of racing at the Curragh yesterday the three-year-old Morel, was put up for sale, and purchased by Mr. Cash for 220 sovs.

Leave to appeal against the Dundalk Stewards' decision, disqualifying Golden Spear for the Dowdallshill Plate at the recent Dundalk Meeting has been granted.

The Champagne Stakes at Belmont Park, New York—a race which is losing much of its popularity—was won on September 12 by Mr. F. Ryan's Philistia, was bred by Mr. J. Sanford, and carries strong English blood.

It is stated that Mr. W. T. Tilden, the American Lawn Tennis Champion, is going to take up cinema acting—not (says the *New York World*) slow-motion pictures of lawn tennis strokes production, but real bonnet-to-goodness star parts. Mr. Tilden will play tennis, of course, but admits it may have to be secondary to his work.

Colonel Honner's Great Falloch, 6-7 ..... M. Barrett 0
Mr. James Daly's Meira, 8-3 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. H. Flynn's Juverna, 8-3 ..... E. Quirke 0
Captain Fowler's Gold Wand, 8-3 ..... D. Ward 0
Mr. D. Kelly's May-Bye, 8-2 ..... Shatwell 0
(Winner trained by J. Hunter.)
Betting—2 to 1 agst. Soldumeno, 5 to 1 each DARRAGH and Golden Wand, 7 to 1 each Bonnie Doon, 10 to 1 Meira, 100 to 8 any other.

The start was effected Meira whipped to the left and badly interfered with Bonnie Doon, Soldumeno, and Golden Wand, the trio thereby losing several lengths; the running from Black Orator, Great Falloch, May-Eve, and Wild Orb, with Soldumeno in front of Juverna and Gold Wand, followed by Bonnie Doon, Meira, and Darragh. Soldumeno showed in front of Darragh, and Soldumeno improved his position in the straight, but the last-named, maintaining the lead, won by two and a half lengths; two lengths divided second and third. Queen of the Gypsies was fourth, Tiger Cat fifth, Maureen Bawn sixth, and Moor Haven next.

2.30—THE SANDRINGHAM MAIDEN PLATE, £150. 5 f.

Sir R. Jardine's br. f. ..... by ..... Sunyboy—Gelling, 3-8-5 ..... Ingham 1
Mr. H. King's ROBANON, 3-8-12 ..... Grigge 2
Mr. C. Hay's QUESTIONAIRE, 3-8-5 ..... Spear 3
Also ran—Tangle (Ingham), Rebecca (Blades), Lomaxa (Whalley), Spear of Light (Wragg), Arvon (Holmes). (Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting—Evens Questionaire, 100 to 30 Robanon, 100 to 8 Delvine or any other.

3.0—THE YARE SELLING H'CAP PLATE, £200. 6 f.

Mr. V. P. Miss's br. m. BEGGAR GIRL, by Poor Boy—Comarsie, 4-7 ..... M. Barrett 0
Mr. Bon—Oakhostel's PUNGENCY ..... G. James 1
Mr. F. Ingram's LOVE SET, 5-0 ..... Grace 2
Also ran—Green Vine (Whalley), Nymphaia (Lister), Victor Hugo (Feltham), Irish Beauty (Sidney), Half Krona (Ingham), Braybird (R. Jones), Girl Annie (J. Brown), Aisle (Perryman). (Winner trained by Escott.)
Betting—2 to 1 each agst. BEGGAR GIRL and Nymphaia, 5 to 1 Station, 8 to 1 each Victor Hugo and Sefton Meadow, 10 to 1 each Irish Beauty and Half Krona, 100 to 6 the other.

3.30—THE DURHAM H'CAP, a Plate, £550. Second £50, third £15. 5 f. 100 yds.

Mr. H. Madden's ch. f. MADEMOISELLE FLECHE, by Sowrmas—Marie Louise, 7-0 ..... Quirke 1
Mr. Sharp's FAST AND FURIOUS, 6, 8-2 ..... Jones 2
Mr. A. Gordon's REVIVAL, 3, 7-10 ..... Leach 3
Also ran—West Countryman (W. Griggs), The Villager (Hulme), Lady Caifield (Bierman), Morning Star (Perryman), Bilsdale, Tiger Cat, Beldina, Sir Bedivere, Lady Queen and Tilling. (Winner trained by Owner.)
MADEMOISELLE FLECHE, 9 sts. The Villager, 4 to 1 Fast and Furious, 6 to 1 Revival, 10 to 1 each Lady Caifield and West Countryman, 20 to 1 Morning Star.

Won by a neck; half a length.

4.0—A Y.Y.O. PLATE, £150. 5 f.

Mr. M. Hartigan's f. by BATTLE-AXE, d. by Bushen—Tara Hill, 8-4 ..... G. Richards 1
Mr. H. Sidebottom's ROCK DOVE, 9-9 ..... Leach 2
Mr. B. Combe's MORO, 9-5 ..... Holmes 3
Also ran—Canton (Wragg), Nessian (Blades), Royal Balm fr. (W. Griggs), Regalian (Blades), Greengage c. (Hine), Gallee (Brennan), Betting—7 to 4 agst. Moro, 9 to 4 Rock Dove, 5 to 2 BATTLEAXE f., 33 to 1 any other.

YARMOUTH.

GOLDEN ERROR SCORES.

MADEMOISELLE FLECHE WINS DURHAM HANDICAP.

2.0—A SELLING NURSERY H'CAP PLATE, £300. 6 f.

Mr. W. Larkin's b. c. GOLDEN ERROR, by Sir Gallahad III—Misanderstood, 7-13 ..... W. Lister 1
Mr. J. Leach's LAST FENCE, 7-10 ..... W. Lister 2
Mr. S. Pickering's BRENDAN'S BEAUTY, 7-12 ..... Beardman 3
Also ran—Dominican (H. Leach), Whalley 3 (Grace), Pince Nez (R. Jones), Mademoiselle Fleche (Feltham), Zier g. (Perryman). (Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting—9 to 4 agst. Dominican, 5 to 2 Brendan's Beauty, 3 to 2 GOLDEN ERROR, 8 to 1 Mademoiselle Fleche, 10 to 1 bar four.

3.30—THE GORLESTON MAIDEN H'CAP PLATE, £100. 5 f.

Capt. J. Homfray's ch. c. CHARMING, by Pommern—Canarily, 3-13 ..... Ingham 1
Mrs. Hartigan's EXPERT, 7-9 ..... Ingham 2
Mr. A. Gunn's FRIORY, 7-11 ..... G. Richards 3
Mr. F. Gill's Orotava, 8-5 ..... Spear 0
Mr. J. J. Parkinson's Cast-to-go, 8-5 ..... E. Quirke 0
Mr. R. M'Laughlin's Rouken Glen, 8-0 ..... A. Barrett 0
Mr. P. Fitzgerald's Mullagher-a-Boo, 7-12 ..... M. Beary 0
Mr. E. S. Dowling's Lady Martin, 7-12 ..... W. Prince 0
Mr. Peter Duffy's Telemachus, 7-12 ..... J. Dimes 0
Mrs. Macaulay's Mary Rufus, 7-10 ..... J. Dimes 0
Mrs. Martin's 1922, 7-10 ..... C. Ringstead 0
Mr. J. Power's Rakes of Mallow, 7-8 ..... Jas. Doyle 0
Mr. H. Stockman's Brian Bold, 7-2 ..... D. Connors 0
Major Dixon's Knockbracken, 7-2 ..... P. O'Reilly's Eager Hen, 7-2 ..... D. Quirke 0
Betting—5 to 2 agst. LIEUTENANT, 9 to 2 (Winner trained by Owner.)
Mullagher-a-Boo, 6 to 1 each Tara Hill and Knockbracken, 7 to 1 ..... Lady Martin, 100 to 8 each other.

Ballytrack led from Telemachus, Mullagher-a-Boo, Brave Lassie, Lieutenant, Tara Hill and Rouken Glen. After a couple of furlongs Lieutenant drew to the front, followed by Brave Lassie, Tara Hill, and Tara Hill closed with Lieutenant, Brave Lassie soon declined, leaving both as the pair, but the latter distance divided second and third, Ballytrack was fourth, Rouken Glen fifth, Mullagher-a-Boo sixth, Telemachus seventh, Orotava eighth, Cast-to-go ninth, and Knockbracken next.

2.0—FLYING PLATE of 200 sovs. A nursery handicap. 5 f.

Mrs. Wilson Scott's h. f. RHINO, by Happy Monarch—Japanese Dollar, 8-3 ..... D. Ward 1
Mr. E. Brophy's JABBITORE, 8-5 ..... E. Quirke 2
Mr. R. Coyle's PITTLING, 8-8 ..... E. Quirke 3
Mrs. Moss's Natty Nell, 9-0 ..... J. Dykes 0
Mr. H. Stockman's Zulu Queen, 8-5 ..... J. Moylan 0
Mr. J. P. Rogers' Pinchy Lad, 8-5 ..... Quirke 0
Major Dixon's Stormont, 8-9 (car. 8-10) ..... W. Wing 0

Mrs. Rankin's Double Prospect, 8-9 ..... Jos. Canty 0
Mr. O. Dixon's Noble Rowlander, 8-9 ..... H. Beasley 0
(Winner trained by C. Brabazon.)
Betting—5 to 2 agst. RHINO, 6 to 1 Noble Rowland, 4 to 1 Tilling, 6 to 1 Double Prospect, 6 to 1 Jabbitore, 20 to 1 any other.
Rhino, jumped off in front of Jabbitore, Pinchy Lad, Zulu Queen, and Tilling with Double Prospect and Stormont at the head of the others. Tilling soon from home Rhino and Jabbitore drew clear of the others, and Rhino, never being headed, won by a length and a half; four lengths divided second and third. Pinchy Lad was fourth, Zulu Queen fifth, Double Prospect sixth, Stormont seventh, and Noble Rowland next.

The winner was bought in for 180 sovs.

2.40—EIGHTH CURRAGH BIENNIAL STAKES of 1,000 sovs. For three-year-olds. 1 m.

Major Cape's ch. c. VALIANT, by Orpiment—Soligena, 9-8 ..... M. Beasley 1
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... M. Wing 0
Mr. H. J. Kirwan's BOYNE BRIDGE, 9-12 ..... M. Beary 3
Mr. W. Carr's Chloe, 9-3 ..... M. Beary 3
Major Dixon's Whiteoza, 9-0 ..... C. Burns 0
Col. F. Blacker's El Obeid, 8-9 ..... Canty 0
Capt. Shirley's Farney, 8-6 ..... T. Burns 0
Capt. C. Moore's Martina, 8-4 ..... Fleming 0
Mr. T. S. Maldlaw's KING DAVID, 9-12 ..... J. Shatwell 0
Betting—5 to 4 agst. King David, 6 to 1 VALIANT, 8 to 1 El Obeid, 6 to 1 Boyne Bridge, 100 to 8 each Martina and Farney, 20 to 1 any other.

Chloe showed the way to Martina, Boyne Bridge, El Obeid, and King David, with Valiant and Farney behind. So they ran for half a mile, when El Obeid took up the running attended by Martina, Boyne Bridge, Valiant, and King David. Two furlongs from home El Obeid lost her place, and Valiant assumed command, and resisting King David's challenge, won by a length; four lengths divided second and third. El Obeid was fourth, Chloe fifth, Martina sixth, Farney seventh, and Whiteoza last.

2.10—RAILWAY STAKES of 1,000 sovs. each, for accepters, with 500 sovs. added. For two years old. 7 f. 63 yards.

Mr. T. Dixon's ch. c. DARRAGH, by Captivation—Lathanna, 9-1 ..... Fleming 2
Captain Shirley's BLACK ORATOR, 8-7 ..... M. Wing 1
Mr. D. Sullivan's SOLDUMENO, 8-7 ..... Fleming 2
Mr. T. Lawton's Bonnie Doon, 9-0 ..... M. Beary 3
Captain Dixon's Tor Cor, 8-7 ..... H. Beasley 0
Mr. J. L. Dobbs's White Ornament, 8-7 ..... J. Dines 0
Lord Kenmare's Wild Orb, 8-7 ..... T. Burns 0

AYR.

VELVET GLOVE'S SUCCESS.

DEVIZES WINS HUNT CUP.

1.30—THE DOON (S.) H'CAP PLATE, £300. 5f.

Mr. J. Dunglass's b. f. SOUTHERN SEA, by Sunny Jane—Chattering Kit, 5, 6-12 ..... Smirke 1
Mr. W. Hope's SPARTACUS, 3, 7-10 ..... C. Parker 2
Mr. J. Mare's DITTON, 3, 7-7 ..... F. Wilson 3
Also ran—Scilla (R. Wheatley), Bizolon (C. Morgan), Ardsley (Piper), Knight of the Air (Jones), Artemesia (Gordon), Diana Prospect (P. Special (R. Robertson), Bold Lily (Stanton), ing (Rankin), Solsalty Maid (Webber). (Winner trained by J. McCall.)
Betting—9 to 4 agst. Diana Prospect, 9 to 2 Piffon, 5 to 1 SOUTHERN SEA, 7 to 2 Spartacus, Bizolon and Artemesia, 8 to 1 Pollaia, 100 to 7 any other.

Won by half a length; a length.

2.10—THE ALLOWAY T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE, £200. 5 f.

Mrs. J. McLaughlin's f. by FASTELLA, by Sledfast—Elland, 8-11 ..... Weston 1
Mr. H. Dickson's CLAUDIA LORENA f. ..... Weston 2

Mr. H. Lines's THREE BRIDGES, 8-11 ..... Elliott 1
Also ran—Lemberg (Y. Smyth), Spinney Hill (Thwaites), Dunin (Jordon), Wallsend (D. McGuigan). (Winner trained by Peacock.)
Betting—9 to 4 agst. FASTELLA, 3 to 1 Lemgan, 5 to 1 each CARPATRUS, 3, 6-3 ..... Ledson 2 Brigden, 100 to 6 any other.

2.40—THE CALEDONIAN HUNT CUP. A sweepstakes of £10 each, £700 added. Winner to receive plate, £200, and added money, and the balance to be divided—two-thirds to second and one-third to third. Two miles.

Mr. W. Cooke's b. h. DEVIZES, by Valens—Dealion, 5, 12-0 ..... Bullock 1
Mrs. J. Watt's CARPATRUS, 3, 6-3 ..... Ledson 2
(Winner trained by J. Jarvis.)
Betting—100 to 12 on DEVIZES.

Won by a length and a half.

3.15—THE AYRSHIRE H'CAP PLATE, £1,150. Second £100, third £50. 1 m. 5 f.

Sir H. Lawson's 10 c. VELVET GLOVE, by Wilsmere—Velours, 4, 7-7 ..... F. Weston 1
Sir E. Hoyle's SHADY LAKE, 3, 6-9 ..... Morgan 2
Mr. C. Kenyon's OBELISK, 5, 8-8 ..... Morgan 3
Mr. A. Scott's Mesavaig Bay, 5, 7-11 ..... Thwaites 0
Mr. A. Scott's Proud Mary, 4, 7-5 ..... Elliott 0
Mr. H. Jardine's Ethereal, 5, 6-10 ..... Timmins 0
Mr. W. Williamson's Nymphidia, 4, 6-8 ..... Smirke 0
(Winner trained by J. McCall.)
Betting—9 to 2 each agst. VELVET GLOVE and Orpi, 7 to 2 Mesavaig Bay, 5 to 1 Ethereal, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by three lengths; a head.

3.45—A JUVENILE HANDICAP PLATE, £350. Second £30, third £20. 5 f.

Mr. W. Anderson's b. f. APPARENT, by Rock Flint—Ignorance, 8-5 ..... Bullock 1
Mr. C. Kenyon's MASTERPIECE, 7-9 ..... Lynch 2
Also ran—Poetical (Elliott), Wood Harmony (Smirke), Going Home (Parker), Sweetaster (Armstrong).

Betting—Evens WEATHERTIDE, 5 to 2 agst. APPARENT, Masterpiece and Going Home, 5 to 1 each Sweetaster, 6 to 1 Wood Harmony, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a length and a half; same.

4.15—THE COUNTY CUP of 200 sovs. A Plate, £260 (including a Cup value £60) for winner; £30 for second; £20 for third; and £10 for fourth. Handicap hurdle race. About 2 miles.

Mr. J. Ryan's GALROY, 5, 10-10 ..... Armstrong 2
Also ran—Mayfly (Owner). (Winner trained by Scott.)
Betting—Evens WEATHERTIDE, 5 to 2 agst. Galroy, 7 to 2 Mayfly, 10 to 1 Dance of Death.

Won by two lengths; three-quarters of a length.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

The chief event on the concluding day is the brilliant sprinter, Two Step, at Doncaster, looks a real good thing for the Lincolnshire Handicap. His most dangerous rivals are Francis Joseph and Humpty Dumpty. Other selections:—

Buchanan Handicap—Russian Sable.
T.Y.O. Handicap—Joan.
Land of Burns Nursery—Jarvie.
Eglinton Stakes—Selenea.
St. Quivox Handicap—Tourville.

1.30—THE BUCHANAN (S.) H'CAP PLATE, £500. 1 m.

	Age	st. lb.
SON O' LEA (J. Lowry)	4	9 10
BELLY FULL (C. Clark)	5	9 9
BELLE OF TALE (R. Dawson)	4	9 9
DAMAR (Mr. D. Fraser)	4	9 7
ANNAM (Mr. A. Tulip)	5	8 13
ANNAM BACK (Mr. W. McCallum)	5	8 13
DOON STAR (Mr. W. McCallum)	5	8 13
CONFORTH (Sir C. Tuffy)	5	8 13
BACHELOR'S WALK (Mr. A. Lowry)	4	8 10
MANVER (Sir F. Hoyle)	4	8 9
VENTUS (Mr. L. Farquharson)	5	8 9
SPRADDAGH (Mr. F. Mc Cready)	5	8 9
GOOD NIGHT (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	5	8 9
DUNSINAN SABLE (Mr. J. McLean)	5	8 9
DUNRIM (Capt. C. Fleet)	4	8 7
FRAGMENTS (Mrs. J. Scott)	4	8 7
LE LAGON (Mr. D. Dick)	4	8 7
AMBOYNA (Mr. J. Mc Lean)	4	8 7
ORNAMENTAL (Mr. J. Mc Lean)	4	8 7
SOLEIL DE CUIT (Mr. E. O'Sullivan)	4	8 7
MERRY CHILD (Mr. J. McGuigan)	3	7 10
YOUYOU (Mr. J. Lloyd)	3	7 10
LITTLE VEGA (Mr. J. Reid)	3	7 10
MISS PEGGY (Mr. H. Tait)	3	7 10
POORAH (Mr. J. Cottrill)	3	7 10
SWEET AUBURN (Mr. J. Cottrill)	3	7 7
CHANCEFUL (Mr. H. Gollaghy)	3	7 7
GOLDSMITH (Mr. J. Mc Guigan)	3	7 7
THE CURAN (Mr. J. McGuigan)	3	7 7
THE BIRD (Mr. J. Campbell)	3	7 7
GLASS BALL (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
GLASS BALL II (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL II (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
SMITH MACKAY (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL III (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL IV (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL V (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL VI (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL VII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL VIII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL IX (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL X (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XI (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XIII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XIV (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XV (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XVI (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XVII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XVIII (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3	7 7
MOSSGIEL XIX (Mr. J. Mc Kenna)	3

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE
AT 7.45, TOM WALLS AND LESLIE HENSON, IN Conjunction with J. Bannister Howard, present
THE LAUGH OF THE CENTURY,
"TONS OF MONEY."
MATINEE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) AT 2.30.

GAIETY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT, FOR SIX NIGHTS, Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 2.30.
STELLA PATRICK CAMPBELL,
WITH MALCOLM TEARLE AND FULL LONDON COMPANY,
In Ethel M. Dell's Famous Work, The
KNAVE OF DIAMONDS.
USUAL PRICES. BOX OFFICE AT THEATRE.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
BETTS AND MARSH
"A BUNCH OF TROUBLES."
Dennis Trio, Eddie and Cute, Stella Magni, Bendon, Wally Dewar, ALBERTA FLABEY

ABBEY THEATRE.
To-night and following night at 8.15. Matinee Saturday, 2.30
BIRTHRIGHT, by T. C Murray.
INSURANCE MONEY, by George Shiels.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone—3268.
and at
Clery's, Lr. O'Connell street.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY, 6.45 and 8.45. TEL. 3016.
H. J. Byron's Beautiful Drama,
"A WOMAN'S DEVOTION."

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"THE ROMANCE OF A MOVIE STAR,"
Featuring VIOLET HOPSON.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT.
NOW OPEN.
LUNCHEONS, DINNERS, AND TEAS AT POPULAR PRICES.
OPEN 12.30 to 9.30.
ORCHESTRAL MUSIC. 'PHONE 3279.

METROPOLE BALLROOM.
THIS WEEK
DANCING TO-MORROW NIGHT, 8 to 11 o'c. Evening Dress.
For Tickets apply to T. Leggett Byrne, Esq., 27 Adelaide road, or Restaurant.

METROPOLE CINEMA.
CONTINUOUS.....3-10.30.
MILTON ROSMER
IN
"GENERAL JOHN REGAN,"
From the famous Novel by
GEORGE A. BIRMINGHAM.
A Delightful Irish Comedy Satirising Country Life of 30 years ago.
Full Comedy, Topical and Fashion Programme.

SKETCHING CLUB EXHIBITION,
MILLS HALL.
NOTICE TO MEMBERS.
PICTURES RECEIVED, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20th.

MAESTRO ADELIO G. VIANI
(Senior Professor of Singing in the R.I.A.M.)
WILL RESUME LESSONS, MONDAY NEXT, 25th SEPT.,
AT HIS PRIVATE ADDRESS:
VILLA MARIA,
ST. MARY'S ROAD (BALLSBRIDGE).

PUBLIC NOTICES.

AN ARD-CHAOBH DE CONRADH NA GAEDHILGE,
39 Ceadnois Parnaill,
THE OPENING MEETING
of the
ARD CHRAOBH, GAELIC LEAGUE
Will be held in the Branch Premises, 39 PARNELL SQUARE, On
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 8 p.m.
Classes commence on the following Tuesday, 3rd OCTOBER.
All Students should attend for enrolment during the previous week.
The Programme of Classes, etc., is obtainable at the above address. Members will understand that individual notices cannot be issued to each one out.
(L.)

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
ANNUAL CONFERENCE
WILL D.V. BE HELD IN DUBLIN, OCTOBER 10th-13th.
Expected Speakers—Mrs. Fitzjohn Irwin, M.B.E.; Miss Bradshaw, Miss Edith Ormsby, Miss Frearson, Miss Mabel Law, R.R.C.; Miss Johnson Smyth, Col. Forster, M.C., D.S.O., R.E., and others.
Full programmes can be obtained from the Secretary, Y.W.C.A. Office, 55 Upper Mount street, Dublin.
Prayer Meetings—Monday, September 25, October 2, October 9, at 12 noon, at 53 Upper Mount street.

Y.W.C.A.
THE ANNUAL SALE
WILL BE HELD (D.V.) AT 7 LEINSTER STREET, DUBLIN, ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4th, 1922, In Aid of the Funds of The Girls' Club.
The Sale will be opened by MISS BRADSHAW at 12 o'clock

CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A
LOWER ABBEY STREET.
(Late Metropolitan Christian Union Buildings.)
MEMBERS AND ASSOCIATES
Are asked to Note that
THE NEW ASSOCIATION PREMISES
(At above Address)
Will (D.V.) be available for use on and from TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 23rd instant,
Spacious Lounge and Reading Room, Games Rooms, Buffet (light refreshments) open every Evening, etc.
SPLENDID SEPARATE ACCOMMODATION FOR BOYS' DEPARTMENT.
USUAL SPIRITUAL AGENCIES, including Sunday and Friday Bible Classes, Wednesday Fellowship Meeting, Sunday Night Evangelistic Service, Christian Men's Rally (Nov.), etc.
It is Hoped to Arrange
EDUCATIONAL AND RECREATIONAL APPOINTMENTS, including:—
Badminton; Gymnasium, Essay and Debating Society, Camera Club, French, Irish, Book-keeping Classes, etc., and the usual Outdoor Winter Clubs.
ANNUAL CLUB MEETINGS WILL BE HELD In the ASSOCIATION BUILDING, at 8 p.m., As follow:—
Football (Rugger and Soccer): Monday, 25th inst.
Badminton: Tuesday, 26th inst.
Gymnasium: Thursday, 28th inst.
Essay and Debating Society: Tuesday, 3rd prox.
Hockey: Next Saturday, 23rd (in Pavilion, Claremont road).
ALL INTERESTED MEMBERS ARE REQUESTED TO BE PRESENT.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN SOCIETY.
A Special Meeting of the Executive Committee will be held at 3.30 p.m., and of the General Committee at 5 p.m., on TO-DAY (Friday), September 22nd. All Members are requested to accept this notice.

SERMONS.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, IRISHTOWN.
HARVEST THANKSGIVING SERVICES.
This (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock, and on Sunday, when the Services will be at 8 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 4 p.m., and 7 p.m.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
THE AFRICAN PRODUCTIONS present a Revised Edition of
LONDON TO BAGHDAD,
A MUSICAL COMEDY REVUE IN EIGHT SCENES. Supported by a First-Class Company and a Super Beauty Chorus.

WINTER GARDENS CAFE.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA 1 to 2.30 and 4 to 6 p.m.

TIVOLI(6.45 8p.m. Tel. 2125)THEATRE
THE BROCKS, Carolo, Millie Gold
TEI WAITE, Frances Kinders, Bett Castle
HARTANI and BRONA

LA SCALA THEATRE.
To-Day ..... 3-10.30.
ATLANTIDE.
THE WONDER FILM.
TIMES OF STARTING ..... 3.30, 6.0, 8.40.

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA.
"A SPORTING DOUBLE."
A THRILLING STORY OF SPORT AND ADVENTURE WITH
JOHN STUART
AND
LILIAN DOUGLAS.
This Picture presents Splendid Pictures of
THE DERBY
And the English Cup Final, PRESTON v. HUDDERSFIELD.
THREE DAYS ONLY.

THE PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
"THE AUTUMN OF PRIDE,"
Starring NORA SWINBURNE.
Adapted from the Novel by E. Newton Bungey.
CAZETTE COMEDIES, etc.
MONDAY NEXT,
"THE RENT SHADOW."
a Legend of modern times, dedicated to all the Mothers who have cried, by Leon Poirier.

MATER CARNIVAL HIPPODROME.
BY SPECIAL REQUEST,
HEDGES BROS. & JACOBSON
WILL INTRODUCE SOME VERY ORIGINAL NOVELTIES.
THE SENSATIONAL CHAROPLANE.
THE ALPINE GLIDE.
A RUSH THROUGH SPACE.
THE JOY WHEEL,
WHERE
THE GLOOMIEST MUST LAUGH.
The Railway Exhibition is universally voted the most interesting Mechanical Show ever seen in Dublin.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
CHILDREN'S FANCY DRESS BALL
AT 3 O'CLOCK TO-DAY.
SPECIAL PRIZES FOR ORIGINAL COSTUMES.

SALTHILL HOTEL DANCES.
TO-MORROW EVENING, 8 to 11.
Miss Weiner's Orchestra. Tickets obtainable at Hotel Office.

CONTRACTS.

DUBLIN UNION.
TO TEA MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.
The Board of Guardians of the above Union invite Tenders for the Supply of 50 CHESTS OF TEA, at 1/10 per lb., duty paid, to be delivered free of charge to the Dublin Union Workhouse.
Samples and Tenders, with fee of 2/6 for each Sample, to be lodged at the Clerk's Office, 1 James's street, Dublin, before 2 o'clock p.m. on 4th October, 1922, on which date they will be considered by the Guardians.
By Order,
JOHN P. CONDON, Clerk of the Union.
Clerk's Office, 20th September, 1922.

RATHMINES URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
The Rathmines Urban District Council are prepared to receive Tenders for the Supply of 100 Barrels of Irish Oats to Bushel 40 lbs., to be delivered in the Council's lofts in the Town Hall, Rathmines.
Tenders, addressed to the Chairman of the Council, and endorsed "Tender for Oats," must be delivered at the Town Hall, Rathmines, before 10 a.m. on Tuesday next, the 26th instant.
The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
SEACOME MASON,
Clerk of the Council,
Town Hall, Rathmines, Co. Dublin,
21st September, 1922.

EDUCATION.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR SONS OF ARMY OFFICERS.
A limited number of boys may be nominated by the Army Council for admission to a Competitive Examination, to be held at Brighton College on 5th and 6th June, 1923, for one Gill Memorial Scholarship of the annual value of £50, and several Gill Memorial Exhibitions of the annual value of £45, each tenable for 3 years, or for 4 years on the recommendation of the Headmaster.
Candidates for nomination must be (1) under 14½ on 1st June, 1923, and (2) sons of officers of the Regular Army (serving or retired); or, if such are not available, sons of officers of the Special Reserve or Territorial Army.
Applications (accompanied by birth certificates and certificates of conduct covering the two previous years) should reach the SECRETARY, WAR OFFICE, LONDON, S.W. 1, not later than 1st April, 1923.

LOWTHER COLLEGE, Bodelwyddan Castle, near Rhyl, North Wales, beautifully situated in park of 400 acres. Sea and mountain air. Large staff. Twenty resident mistresses, including Mus.Doc., M.A., D.Sc., B.A., L.R.A.M. Games and French. Electric light, central heating. Modern sanitation. Open air swimming bath. Special courses of study, including domestic science, gardening, and poultry-keeping.—Principal: Mrs. LINDLEY.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

FACTS ABOUT SOUTH AFRICA.
Information about the Union of South Africa is now plentifully available. Illustrated publications may be obtained *free* from the undermentioned address.
Of those publications some depict the main places of interest and travel attractions. Others deal with farming in all its branches, showing frankly what are the risks as well as the advantages, what personal qualifications and capital are required, what the life is like; and explaining also, how to obtain training and guidance, and how to investigate and judge before buying and working land.
Information about residential and general conditions may be obtained by correspondence or interview.
Capital, not less than about £2,000, is necessary for even a modest start in farming; for men of the right type with such capital there is scope.
Enquiry is invited. Prospective settlers should, before making final arrangements, acquaint themselves with the position and prospects by communicating with the Office of the High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa, Trafalgar square, London, W.C.2. Write for Farm Book No. "B.C."
(108)

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
LADIES' WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
COVERT COATS, FLEECE COATS.
LEATHER AND LEATHERETTE MOTOR COATS.
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST.,
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34 NASSAU STREET,
55 DAWSON STREET } DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

BY APPOINTMENT.
WEST & SON
Invite Inspection of the Large and Varied Stock of IRISH Manufactured Solid Silver Goods comprising:
TEA AND COFFEE SETS, CHALLENGE CUPS & BOWLS, TABLE APPOINTMENTS, &c., &c.
SHOWROOMS:—
GRAFTON HOUSE,
102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1922.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
Dublin 5036 and 5037.
Belfast 1787.
London Central 4350.
BELFAST OFFICE: 108 Royal Avenue.
LONDON OFFICE: 59 Fleet Street.
POSTAL SUBSCRIPTION: 19/6 per quarter.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

General Inference.—Pressure is very uniform over the British Isles, and light, variable winds are probable. Although considerable fair periods will probably occur in most districts, conditions are far from settled, and there is a risk of local rain in the Midlands and in the South, with a tendency to thunder.

Ireland.—Wind light and indefinite, varying amount of cloud; local drizzle. Visibility moderate or good during the day, but some mist at night; rather cold.

S.W. Seaboard, mouth of Channel, to S.W. Ireland.—Wind light and indefinite, mainly cloudy; local drizzle; some coastal fog in the South; sea smooth.

Irish Sea and St. George's Channel.—N.W. Seaboard, N. Ireland to Hebrides.—Wind light and indefinite, varying amount of cloud; local drizzle. Visibility moderate or good; sea smooth.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR (SUMMER TIME).

To-day...Morning 12.54 | Evening 1.0
To-morrow.. .. .. 1.16 | 1.30

SUNRISE AND SUNSET (SUMMER TIME).

To-day ... Rises ... 7.10 Sets 7.37
To-morrow 7.12 | .. 7.34
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 9.27 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre—"Tons of Money," 7.45 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"A Woman's Devotion," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Empire Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Birthright" and "Insurance Money," 8.15 p.m.
Princess, Rathmines—Pictures, continuous.
Metropole Cinema—Continuous, 3-10.30 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, continuous.
Grand Central Cinema—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Mater Carnival.
Corn Exchange Co., Corn Exchange, 1 p.m.
Parliament, R.D.S. Theatre—3 p.m.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The Free State Constitution Bill received a second reading in the Provisional Parliament yesterday.—(P. 5.)

After a fight in the hills near Sligo on Wednesday the bodies of nine irregulars were found, including those of two well-known leaders.—(P. 5.)

ABROAD

The Prime Minister received a deputation from the Trades Union Congress yesterday which expressed Labour's emphatic view that Great Britain should not become involved in a war with Turkey without Parliament's consent.—(P. 5.)

"Peace by negotiation" prospects of settling the Near Eastern difficulty are much brighter as a result of the successful outcome of the Paris negotiations.—(P. 5.)

Yesterday's total eclipse of the sun was observed under excellent conditions in Australia, and experiments to test the Einstein theory of the deflection of a ray of light when passing through the gravitational field of the sun were carried out.—(P. 5.)

SPORTING.

Major Cape's Valiant won the Biennial Stakes, and Sir Thomas Dixon's Darragh the Railway Stakes at the Curragh yesterday.—(P. 3.)

At Ayr Velvet Glove won the Ayrshire Handicap Plate.—(P. 3.)

COMMERCIAL.

London Stock Markets were quietly firm, but relapsed just near the close. Most price changes were upwards.—(P. 7.)

Short money was very dear in Lombard street, and discount rates were firmer. There was a better tone in the exchanges.—(P. 7.)

Dublin market was steady, but very small.—(P. 7.)

BROKEN LEG CAUSES DEATH.

At the inquest at Teignmouth yesterday on Lady Constance Lilian Atlay, wife of Sir Wilfrid Atlay, Chairman of the London Stock Exchange, a verdict of death from heart failure, due to fracture of the thigh, was returned. Lady Atlay was on a visit to Teignmouth with her husband and fell in the bedroom on Sunday morning, fracturing her thigh. She died from shock in a nursing home.

AUSTRALIA DROPS WAR TAX.

MELBOURNE, Thursday.

At the House of Representatives to-day, after a frequent application of the closure, passed the bill removing the 20 per cent. war surcharge on the land tax. Labour members vigorously opposed the bill.—(Reuter.)

Chanak.

The Near Eastern situation seems to have taken a turn for the worse. Yesterday morning we were informed that "complete agreement" had been reached between Britain and France and that all danger of further complications had disappeared. Unfortunately, the optimists reckoned without Mustapha Kemal Pasha, and we learn now that his vanguard has arrived at the border of the neutral zone and that an attack on Chanak may be imminent. This is very grave news, and, if it be true, very serious consequences may be expected. Chanak is a little town on the Asiatic side of the Dardanelles, about four miles from Achi Baba. It was occupied by the Allies after the Armistice of October 30th, 1918, in view of its strategic importance and the fact that it contains a useful fort. Last year, when the Allies delimited the frontiers of a neutral zone between the Greeks and the Turks, Chanak was included in the forbidden area. Mustapha Kemal's assertion that it was occupied by the Greeks is a pure invention. On several occasions the Greeks asked the British authorities for permission to pursue bands of Turkish brigands which had fled into the Chanak zone, but the British refused the request and the Greeks retired without protest. Now Chanak is held by British forces. Both the French and the Italian Governments have ordered their troops and their flags to be withdrawn from the neutral area, and, if Mustapha Kemal launches an attack, the British forces will be required to withstand it alone. Their task would be lightened considerably by the support of the combined Atlantic and Mediterranean fleets, which are lying in the Dardanelles. Nevertheless, the situation is full of anxiety.

The crisis demands clear heads and strong nerves. Much unnecessary ado has been made about Britain's warlike policy, whereas, in fact, her one great aim is to avoid an armed conflict. The British Government has taken no offensive action of any kind. It has told Mustapha Kemal that his victory over the Greeks has nothing whatever to do with the clauses of the Armistice of 1918, and that, if British forces are attacked, they will defend themselves. Surely there is nothing aggressive in this attitude. It is true that the Allies still hold the Gallipoli Peninsula; but the presence of a strong Turkish force at Chanak would hamper the movements of the British fleet in the Dardanelles very seriously, and would have the effect of placing the British Empire in a position of distinct inferiority at the Peace Conference which, sooner or later, must be held. The consequent loss of *prestige* in Islam would be disastrous. Britain cannot afford to run away from Mustapha Kemal, and there is not the slightest doubt that her withdrawal from Chanak would be interpreted as a sign of weakness, not only by the Turks themselves, but also by their co-religionists throughout the Moslem world. Already the Wahabis, scenting a British "defeat," are preparing to twist the lion's tail. France and Italy have nothing to lose through their evacuation of the neutral zone. Britain stands to lose everything.

Yesterday morning Mr. Lloyd George received a deputation from the Trade Union Congress. No doubt, it told him of the people's resolution that Britain shall not become involved in an unnecessary war. Mr. Lloyd George replied, and, according to well-informed circles, made a very important statement of policy. Apparently, he was quite willing that the full report of the proceedings should be given immediately to the public; but the Labour delegates seem to have had other views, with the result that an agreed statement was issued announcing baldly that the deputation had been received and that Mr. Lloyd George had made a speech. There can be no good reason for secrecy in this matter. The public is entitled to be taken fully into the confidence of the Government, and the advocates of open diplomacy ought to be the last people in the world to suppress an important interview with its head. The British people are as anxious for the maintenance of the world's peace as ever they were. They do not care two straws about the Greeks; but they want to know exactly where they stand. They will tolerate neither the abrogation of any essential British interest nor the precipitation of a frivolous war. If Mr. Lloyd George told the Labour delegates anything that the public does not know already, no time ought to be lost in publishing the whole interview. It is a matter of life and death for the Empire, and a false step at this crisis might mean ruin. The lack of frankness hurled Europe into chaos eight years ago. History must not be allowed to repeat itself to-day.

American Tariffs.

The United States Tariff Bill became law at midnight yesterday and is now in force. It is the result of an agreement between the two strongest parties in Congress whereby the interests of agriculture and industry will be sheltered against foreign competition. The Treasury calculates that the new tariff will yield about £80,000,000 in annual revenue, and that half of this sum will be derived from sugar, raw wool, tobacco, laces and embroideries. Some of the new duties—particularly those on cutlery—are so high that they will be inoperative. An important feature of the Bill is the authority over taxes which it confers on the President. He is empowered to increase or to decrease any of the new rates by fifty *per cent.* if it should seem necessary to set off the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad. Many good Republicans dislike the Bill heartily, and the Correspondent of *The Times* at Washington tells us that the final vote in the Senate was taken in an air rather of foreboding than of satisfaction. It is recalled that twice in one generation tariffs with very high rates have brought about the defeat of the Republican Party. One almost certain effect of the operation of the new tariff will be a general increase in the cost of living in the United States. The situation thus created will have a special interest for our own people in view of the Irish Labour Party's readiness to assist agriculture by the restriction of imported food-stuffs. It is probably a very fortunate thing for the Republican Party and the American taxpayer that another bill which was passed by both Houses of Congress has been killed by the President's veto. If the Soldiers' Bonus Bill had become law, it would have involved an expenditure, in the first four years, of £159,000,000, and a total cost of £800,000,000. In his message to Congress President Harding gave a rather gloomy account of the present state of American finance. Within the next few years the Government must pay off a heavy burden of debt. Its income is diminishing as a result of "the receding tide of business." There is an estimated deficit of £13,000,000 in the Budget figures for the current year, and a further deficit for the following year, "even after counting upon all the interest and collections of foreign indebtedness which the Government is likely to receive." The last words are significant as indicating the extent of official America's expectations in the matter of the Allied debts; and those expectations must become still more modest when the new tariff begins to kill foreign trade with the United States. We imagine that the Democratic Party is watching the course of Republican policy with feelings of lively satisfaction.

Sun-Hunters.

Reports from Australia say that in the favoured spots where yesterday's eclipse of the sun was total it was observed under perfect conditions. The eclipse was total also in Somaliland and in Christmas Island—a small island south of Java. In all these remote places men of science from Europe and the United States had made elaborate preparations to study the eclipse during its four or five breathless minutes of totality. The Greenwich astronomers have been encamped on Christmas Island for many weeks, and we must hope that they have shared the good luck of their colleagues in Australia. Science learns something new from every total eclipse of the sun; but on this occasion all the expeditions had a special purpose. They hoped to verify one of the most important phenomena with which Professor Einstein supports his theory of relativity. Observations during the total eclipse of 1919 were fairly conclusive on the point that light is bent in its passage through the sun's gravitational field. Science is not satisfied, however, with "fairly conclusive" results—especially when a theory is involved which, if its truth is proved, must alter mankind's whole conception of the universe. It is expected that the results of yesterday's observations will make the verification final and complete. The average man never will understand these high concerns, and his daily routine will not be troubled by thoughts of the astronomers' failure to catch the sunlight bending. His sporting instinct, however, must admire the immense and ruthless pains with which they pursue the secrets of Nature. One of the great telescopes which were used yesterday was borrowed from Pittsburg, U.S.A., and was carried by camels from railhead to "the back of beyond" in Central Australia.

The Coastguard.

In Ireland the coastguard—once the familiar friend of seaside holidays—has abandoned his punctual promenade and has ceased to turn his placid telescope upon our national tumults. Now, by the verdict of an Inter-Departmental Committee, he is fated to disappear altogether from the British Islands. It is recommended that the functions of the Coastguard shall be divided between three departments of State. The Admiralty will retain a small force for strictly naval duties. The Board of Trade will establish a "Coast Watching Force" which will be responsible for life-saving, salvage of property and the administration of foreshores. A "Coast Preventive Force," under the Board of Customs and Excise, will act as protectors of revenue. These are the peace-time arrangements; but on the outbreak of war a Coastguard composed of the first two of these three forces will come under the orders of the Admiralty. As a result of the new organisation some 950 out of the existing force of 2,700 men will be disbanded. Tradition and sentiment will regret the change, but it has the important merit of economy. The Committee estimates that out of a normal expenditure of £600,000 an annual net saving of some £273,000 can be made.

POTATO BLIGHT.

ENGLISH FARMERS AND MARKETS.

The National Union of Farmers in Great Britain, which is taking steps to regulate the supply of potatoes to the distributing markets and to enable the farmers to withhold supplies to the quantities actually needed, proposes to ask the Government for a short-term loan on the lines of the Trades Facilities Act.

Mr. J. A. Donaldson, the Chairman of the Union, explaining the need for this action, said that it was universally recognised among farmers that the main crop of potatoes would not be as plentiful as was expected. Blight and disease had appeared in the main crop, as distinguished from the early crop, to such an extent, owing to the wet weather, which favoured its spread, that there would not be more than would supply the needs of the country until the early crops next year. The public, Mr. Donaldson added, need not fear that potatoes will go up to a high price. The competition is too keen for that.

WELSH WORKS CLOSED.

10,000 MEN IDLE.

The whole of Ebbw Vale collieries and steel works were idle yesterday, when a large mass meeting was held with reference to the position created by the price list award of Professor Galloway in regard to underground workers. The primary object of the meeting was to give Mr. Evan Davies M.P., the advisory agent of the miners, the authority of the men to discuss the position with the management, who, it was stated, had declined to accept Mr. Davies as the mouthpiece of the workmen. The authority was given, and the management was informed that the workmen would return to-day. Late last evening, however, it was learned officially that the management had decided to close down indefinitely the whole of the colliery and steel works at which over 10,000 men are employed. There was no work in progress in any department yesterday evening, and there will be none until further notice.

OBITUARY.

SIR JULIAN CORBETT.

Sir Julian Corbett, the distinguished Naval historian, died yesterday at his residence, at Stopham, near Pulborough, Sussex, aged 67. He was Director of the Historical Section of the Committee of Imperial Defence, and since 1920 had been engaged on the official history of the naval operations in the great war.

DR. BRONTE'S APPOINTMENT.

Dr. R. M. Bronte will succeed Dr. Bernard Spilsbury as pathologist to the British Home Office. Dr. Bronte—who is a relative of Charlotte Bronte, the great novelist—has spent over twelve years in Ireland, and has part of that time acted as pathologist to four Dublin hospitals. While in Ireland he figured in many important cases.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Duke of York will be the guest of the Earl and Countess of Strathmore during the next few days at Glamis Castle. The house-party will include Prince Paul of Serbia, the Dowager Countess of Airlie, Lady Rachel Cavendish, Lady Doris Gordon-Lennox, Lady Elisabeth Bowes-Lyon, the Hon. David Bowes-Lyon, Miss Mary Cavendish and Captain Arthur Penn.

* * *

The Duke of Newcastle is expected in London next week from Clumber, where he and the Duchess have spent the autumn. The Duchess of Hamilton and Brandon and her family party will return to London to-day from Invernessshire, where they have been staying with Sir William Petersen. The Marchioness of Headfort and her younger son, Lord William Taylour, have left London for Paris. Lady Howard de Walden has arrived in London from the country. Lord Woolavington has returned to London from Scotland.

* * *

The Marquis and Marchioness of Bute, who have been at Cardiff Castle for the past two months, have been paying a short visit to the Dowager Marchioness of Bute at Kames Castle. They have now gone to Dumfries Castle, Ayrshire. Lord and Lady Ednam are at Dunrobin Castle on a visit to the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland. They will return to London at the end of the month. The Earl and Countess of Donoughmore have returned to Chelwood Beacon from paying visits in Scotland. Lord and Lady Castletown are spending the autumn at Granston Manor, Abbeyleix.

* * *

Sir Ralph Algernon Coote, Premier Baronet of Ireland, is forty-eight to-day. In 1920 he succeeded his father as thirteenth holder of the Baronetcy, which had been conferred in 1621 on Sir Charles Coote, Knight, a distinguished soldier, who was appointed by James I. Provost-Marshal for life of the Province of Connaught. The titles of Earl of Mountrath and Baron of Castle Coote, which were conferred on the second Baronet and the seventh Earl, became extinct, and in 1827 the Baronetcy reverted to a descendant of the second son of the first Baronet, Sir Ralph was formerly in the 17th Lancers, but has retired, and lives in the Queen's County, where the family estates, including Ballyfin, are situated. He married the younger daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Webber, D.L., of Kellavil, Athy, and they have two sons.

* * *

Lady Jane Combe, Miss Jean Combe, Miss Betty Malcolm, Mr. Victor Graham, and Mr. Bowes Daly are among the house party which the Hon. Mrs. Merry is entertaining at Bellardrum for the Northern Meeting. A number of house parties assembled for the Western Meeting, which opened at Ayr on Wednesday. Among the principal hosts and hostesses are the Earl of Lonsdale, Lord and Lady Blythswood, Lord and Lady Inchcape, Lord Inverclyde, and Lord and Lady Glenarthur.

* * *

Lord Plunket's wedding, fixed for some time next month, has been postponed owing to his sudden illness. His bride, Mrs. Jack Barnato, is at present in Scotland, but is coming to London this week so as to be near her *fiancé*.

* * *

Miss Slyne and Mrs. Kent have returned to 71 Grafton street.

* * *

Mademoiselle Adèle Lachéroy has returned to 22 Ely place.

Ladies' New Autumn Coats of Tweed and Pilot Cloths, attractively priced from £2 18s. 6d. to 3½ guineas, are a feature of Switzer's Grafton street windows this week.

Beautiful Model Wrap Coats, Nap and Suede Velours, trimmed fur, at Holmes', George's st.

The Siberian Fur Company beg to announce their establishment at 8 Grafton street will remain closed on to-morrow (Saturday), 23rd, and re-open on Monday, 25th inst.

If your children's first shoes are Start Rite their feet will grow to perfection. Be sure to see them at Bradley's, The Children's Shop, 23 Nassau street.

At Bradley's—Boys' Patent Court Shoes, 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 14s. 6d.; all sizes and half sizes. Boys' Bedroom Slippers, 2s. 11d. per pr.

E. M. Spielman, 51a Dawson street, has now returned from the Continent with the Latest Models.

Alice, 18 Stephen's Green, is showing exclusive Matalasse Silk Jersey Frocks at 6½ gns.

Grey Costume in the new stripe velours, with fur collar and band of fur to end of coat. Price 14½ gns., at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton st.

By special courier—Welcome arrival of Day and Evening Gowns, Hats and Furs, at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Mr and Mrs. Griffin, James Smith, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Morrison, Mrs. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. John Rogers, Sean Ardagh, Mr. and Mrs. Misses Draper, Miss Ita Brennan, Miss B. Brennan, P. Brennan, Doctor Brennan, Rev. H. Brennan, Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Harris, Mrs. FitzHarding Wintle, Mr. and Mrs. J. Doran, P. J. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Anderson, Miss Blake, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Butler, Mrs. Senior, Miss Gunderman, Miss Patricia Read, E. M. Read, Miss Read, Miss Winifred Parry, Miss Stoner, O'Grady, E. S. Skocock, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Bowyer, Mrs. A. Morris, Miss Ivy Morris, P. D. Egan, J. C. Gilsan, B. Gallagher, Mr. and Mrs. Maria, family, and nurse, F. W. Hindley.

DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Mrs. and the Misses Sutherland, James Nichols, J.P., Charles L. Rohn, Mr. Morrison Todd, Miss Rose Kirwan, Miss Muriel Tierney, Miss Joan Stoker, W. H. Andrews, J. E. Laxford, W. E. Peet, W. G. Davey, G. L. Rendall, L. Rendford, Miss Bomford, George Stokes, C. D. Doyle, H. W. Ede, Mr. and Mrs. Justice Lord Draper, Miss C. K. Keating, W. R. Bailey, Mrs. W. F. M. Loxahran, Master Loughran, Miss Manby, Miss Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. McGarry, Miss Ellis, Mrs. Mercedes D'Alton, A. W. Brownrigg, Patrick Brownrigg, Robert Brownrigg, Mrs. W. S. Mentzendorff, Miss D. Martindale, Miss M. Martindale, Misdales, Miss I. Moon, B. C. Parr, Mrs. B. C. Parr, Master B. C. Parr, Master E. Esmond, Master J. Esmond, Miss E. Tomlinson, Mr. and Mrs. Metrusty, Mrs. E. V. Martin, G. Cholmondeley Clarke, R. A. Johnston, A. H. S. Gordon, Mrs. W. T. Hall, the Right Hon. T. L. O'Shaughnessy, A. Kearsey, Mrs. Cockerwick, Wm. Phelan, Norman F. Goodbody, J. B. Rowntree, T. Flint, Mrs. F. Hall, Miss H. Maher, Miss Scarave, Dr. and Mrs. Ryan, Miss Keane, H. F. D. Wynne, Mrs. McCann, J. McCann, P. McCann, Mrs. R. H. Parr, Miss M. Winstanley, Mrs. M. F. Judd, Miss Judd.

New Millinery, Costumes, Coats, Wrap Coats, and Furs this week at McBirney's.

If your children's first shoes are Start Rite their feet will grow to perfection. Be sure to see them at Bradley's, The Children's Shop, 23 Nassau street.

School Boots for hard wear, perfect natural form, moderate prices, at Stephens and Bourke's, 14 South George's street. Also Agents for Phat-Pheet School Shoes.

Miss Vera A. Long ("Veronica," late of Magdys, Paris)—Latest ideas and Models for coming Season at her Salon, 31 Upper Baggot street. Reasonable prices.

OFFICER KILLED.

ROLLED OVER BY FALLING HORSE.

Major Tobin, R.A.M.C., was seriously injured at Enniskillen on Tuesday evening, and died on Wednesday.

Accompanied by two other officers, he was riding though the town on his way to the barracks, and, while passing through Darling street, a child ran off the footpath almost directly in front of the major's horse. He pulled up sharply, and the animal that he was riding reared up and then slipped on the greasy road, falling heavily to the ground, and rolled over Major Tobin. He was conveyed to Dr. Betty's residence, and subsequently brought into the county hospital. Here it was at once evident that his condition was serious, and, despite everything that could be done, he died on Wednesday afternoon.

Major Tobin was most popular with all ranks of the army stationed in Enniskillen, and his death has caused genuine sorrow.

He was a native of Co. Cork.

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Addressing

N LETTER.

W CRISIS.

ET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

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when he will be received
Connaught and Sir Robert
A Welsh choir of Scouts
lless the Prince of Wales"
and then the Prince will
review all the Scouts

S NEW TARIFFS.

g has signed the Tariff Bill,
effective as from midnight
Reuter's Washington Corre-

THE VOICE OF LABOUR.

WAR MUST BE SANCTIONED BY PARLIAMENT.

DEPUTATION RECEIVED BY THE PREMIER.

BRIGHT "PEACE BY NEGOTIATION" PROSPECTS.

The Prime Minister received a deputation from the General Council of the Trades Union Congress yesterday. A bald "agreed statement" issued after the meeting said that the deputation had "expressed the views of the Council" (on the Near East policy of the Government).

It is gathered that the deputation urged that the freedom of the Straits, the absolute necessity of which Labour admitted, could be ensured by a "United League of Nations." The responsibility did not rest on Great Britain alone, and the country must not be involved in a war without Parliament's sanction.

The progress made by the Paris negotiations is regarded in official circles in Great Britain and France as very satisfactory, and the prospects of a peaceful settlement of the whole problem are regarded as being distinctly bright.

LABOUR AT DOWNING STREET.

"AGREED REPORT" OF MEETING.

At 10 Downing street yesterday the Prime Minister received in private a deputation from the General Council of the Trade Union Congress to protest against Great Britain becoming involved in a new war in the Near East.

The following agreed official statement was issued from 10 Downing street a few minutes after six o'clock yesterday evening.

"The Prime Minister, accompanied by the Lord Privy Seal, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and the Secretary of State for War, received a deputation from the General Council of the Trades Union Congress at 10 Downing street at 11 a.m. to-day. The views of the Council were expressed by Mr. B. Tillett, Miss Bondfield, Mr. J. H. Thomas, and Mr. J. B. Williams (Chairman of the Council). The Prime Minister replied, and the deputation then withdrew."

Soon after the deputation had left Downing street a messenger from the Foreign Office arrived, and several Ministers were called to confer with the Premier.

CABINET POLICY UNCHANGED.

The Press Association understands that the Trade Union Congress representatives who waited upon Mr. Lloyd George yesterday on the subject of the situation in the Near East stated their views at very considerable length, and the Prime Minister replied also at considerable length, setting forth the views of the Government.

These did not differ in any single material particular from those which have been officially stated and restated. So far as the Government is concerned, therefore, there could be no possible objection to the publication in full of a report of the proceedings, but by mutual agreement it was arranged that the foregoing agreed statement should be the only *communiqué* on the subject.

Some of the members of the visitors returned to Downing street in the afternoon, but it was merely for the purpose of intimating to Mr. Lloyd George the deputation's approval of the prepared summary.

It is understood that the Premier asked if there were any further representations to make to him on the subject, or whether the visitors desired to communicate to him any resolution, or resolutions, as the result of their afternoon meeting, but he was informed that no resolutions had been passed.

As was arranged, the National Joint Council of the Trade Union Congress met at Eccleston square at 5 o'clock. The meeting lasted until 6.30, when a representative of the Press Association was informed that there would be no statement until noon to-day.

PREMIER'S PRESTIGE SHAKEN.

The Central News Political Correspondent writes:—The Trade Union Congress deputation have unwittingly done Mr. Lloyd George a service which it was far from their intention to do. The onus of withdrawing a full report of to-day's interview is on them. It is said that the reason they repented of their original willingness to issue it was that Mr. Lloyd George had used the occasion to put forward a justification of the Cabinet policy which they did not think that they should be the medium of conveying to the world, but this is rather like a confession that in argument the trade union speakers were beaten.

Another factor in the postponement of the report of the interview is dissension between the Trade Union Congress people and the Labour Party. The latter is aggrieved that the trade unionists should be invading their political preserves.

The situation is not worse. War is no more expected than ever it was, but the uncertainty remains. There is no disguising the personal unpopularity which the affair has brought to Mr. Lloyd George in the country, and some political quarters entertain the idea that once the crisis is over he will take the opportunity to quit the political stage for a period.

Reuter's Melbourne Correspondent says:—The Australian Federal Labour Party has sent a cable to the British Labour Party announcing its opposition to war without the consent of the Australian people.

MR. THOMAS ON THE CRISIS.

Speaking at Colchester last night, on the Near East situation, Mr. J. H. Thomas declared that the Government's vacillating policy had been the cause of the blundering, while the tactless humiliating appeal to the Colonies rendered peace more difficult. The Labour Party stood with the rest of the country for the absolute necessity of maintaining the freedom of the Straits, which should be under the control of a United League of Nations. They were told that day that the Government shares that view. The Cabinet must not, under any circumstances, involve the country in war without Parliament having the first voice in determining the issue, and the Turks must not be a party to provoking war.

PARIS NEGOTIATIONS.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS.

The Press Association learns authoritatively that the progress of the negotiations in Paris is regarded in London as being very satisfactory. Lord Curzon and M. Poincaré has been resume their conversations until to-day, and in these circumstances Mr. Lloyd George decided to leave for the country yesterday morning. He and other Ministers who have gone out of town are within easy distance, and can be speedily recalled if necessity arises.

A full report of Wednesday's conversations between Lord Curzon and M. Poincaré has been received in London, and has been considered by British Ministers. It is assumed that similar consideration is being given by French Ministers in Paris pending the resumption of the discussions to-day.

The prospect of a peaceful settlement of the whole problem resulting from the recent Turkish victory is regarded in London as having very distinctly improved.

Reuter's Agency hears that in official quarters satisfaction is expressed at the evident indication on both sides of the Channel of progress towards an understanding as a result of Wednesday's conference in Paris.

It was felt that the decision to hold a conference in the near future may prove fruitful if only the Kemalists will do their part.

In the meantime, no basis can be found for the suggestion that Great Britain will be prepared to evacuate Chanak in return for promised French naval assistance.

The key of the whole situation lies with the Kemalists, from whom nothing has been heard.

REFUGEES' SUFFERINGS.

MINISTERS DISCUSS RELIEF MEASURES.

After the Cabinet meeting of Wednesday afternoon, a further conference of Ministers was called for half-past nine o'clock, and this meeting lasted till nearly midnight. The lateness of the meeting may have given rise to erroneous conclusions, but the Ministers were engaged principally in discussing matters with reference to the transport and feeding of refugees from the Smyrna area. The Board of Trade has been working very hard in the endeavour to do all that is possible for these unfortunate people.

The meeting which followed the Trade Union deputation to Mr. Lloyd George to-day was concerned chiefly with the same matter. The question is full of difficulties, apart from the provision of the necessary ships for transport. The Government has to consider where the refugees can be landed, the sort of reception that they are likely to get, and the means for ensuring the necessary supply of food.

WARNING TO BOTH SIDES.

NEUTRAL ZONE MUST BE RESPECTED.

The General Officer Commanding in Chief the Allied Forces in Constantinople has issued a Proclamation recalling the fact that the Proclamation of May 13, 1921, regarding the neutral zone is still in force. The *communiqué* adds that since it has been announced officially that a conference will be held to settle questions in dispute, it is ardently hoped that the neutral zone will be respected. Responsibility for the consequences of the violation of the zone will fall on the authors, and all naval and military measures have been taken in the interests of peace.

The Press Association is officially informed in London that the terms of this Proclamation are exactly those of the Proclamation issued to the Greeks last month. In other words, no difference whatever is made in reference to the neutral zone between the Greeks and the Turks. Both have been treated alike.

A copy of Sir Charles Harington's Proclamation had been forwarded to Mustapha Kemal.

A message from Smyrna says that the following views are expressed in authoritative quarters:—

The Turkish Army will not attack the Allied troops in the neutral zone. Turkey has no intention for the moment of attempting to occupy the zone occupied by the Allies.

At the same time, information is reaching Angora that the Greeks in Thrace are committing outrages on the Musulman population there, so that the Government of the Great National Assembly of Turkey, to avoid reprisals, believes it to be its duty to save its compatriots who are suffering under the enemy yoke. It is possible that permission may be sought from the Allied authorities to cross to the other coast of the Sea of Marmora in order to put an end to the acts of barbarism which are being committed in that district.

Reuter's Agency learns that Bulgaria's intentions in regard to the present situation in the Near East are entirely pacific. M. Stamboliski, the Premier, is confident of a peaceful settlement of the question.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

PROTECTION OF MINORITIES.

GENEVA, Thursday.

The sixth Commission Report on the minorities question was presented by M. Motta (Switzerland) to the League of Nations to-day.

After some debate, in which the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar, Professor Gilbert Murray, and, for the first time, Count Banffy (Hungary), took part, the Assembly approved the Commission's resolution, which suggests that in many cases questions involving minorities could best be settled by informal communications between the League and the Governments concerned, and that where differences of opinion arise the League might refer the matter to the Permanent Court of International Justice.

The resolution also enjoins upon minorities to behave as loyal citizens of the States to which they belong, and upon the States not belonging to the League that they should generally observe the standard of justice upheld by the League.

The Assembly referred Lithuania's complaint regarding the treatment of minorities in the Vilna territory to the Council.

The Assembly has decided to place the question of raising the number of non-permanent members of the Council from four to six on the agenda, at the same time referring it to the First Commission. The Council has already decided in principle on such an increase on the joint proposal of Lord Balfour and M. Bourgeois.—(Reuter.)

DISTURBED POLITICS.

SOFIA (undated).

A semi-official statement issued here charges the Left Parties with having adopted various illegal methods to overthrow the Government. A *coup d'état*, to have been carried out at Tirnovo on September 17, was planned, but was frustrated. Complete calm prevails.—(Reuter.)

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

SUCCESSFUL OBSERVATIONS IN AUSTRALIA.

Yesterday's eclipse of the sun (not visible in the Northern Hemisphere) was viewed under exceptionally favourable conditions in Australia. It was visible as a total eclipse along a wide track from Somaliland, across the Indian Ocean, Australia, the Pacific Ocean, to the far North of New Zealand.

Reuter's Melbourne Correspondent telegraphs: The eclipse was viewed under entirely favourable conditions, and all the plans were successfully carried out at Corella Downs, South Australia.

Scientists at Wallal, in Western Australia, were delighted with the ideal conditions. The sight was a beautiful one. The duration of period of totality was four seconds shorter than predicted. The natives were frightened, and disappeared into the Bush, and did not return until an hour after the eclipse was over. It will be some weeks before it will be possible to discover the result of the investigations into Einstein's theory.

The Brisbane Correspondent says:—Scientists at Goondiwindi report that the weather there was perfect during the eclipse. The spectacle during the totality was magnificent, with weird and most impressive effects.

A partial eclipse was observed in Victoria and Tasmania.

It was intended to take advantage of this eclipse to test Einstein's theory that the path of a ray of light is deflected when passing through the gravitational field of the sun. Stars near the sun which cannot be seen during the day because of the sunlight were to be photographed when the sky was darkened during the eclipse. These photographs were to be compared with others taken at night of the same groups of stars. Any differences in the relative positions of the star images on the day and night photographs can be measured.

POSTAL STRIKE.

IMPROVED SERVICES CLAIMED.

REPLY OF THE UNIONS.

Although the bulk of the postal and telegraph officials still remain on strike, and the attitude of the joint unions' executive is one of "no surrender," the Post Office service is improving.

Yesterday morning, for the first time since the strike began, pillar boxes in the centre of the city were cleared of their contents, which were taken to the Rink for sorting and distribution. The clearing of the pillars was watched with considerable interest by people who were going to business.

The *queue* of callers at the Rink was unusually large yesterday, but the delivery of letters to them expeditiously dealt with.

In order to relieve the *queue* at the Rink, Rathmines Post Office (Portobello) will be opened to-morrow, and it is thought in official quarters that the numbers of the staff who are resuming work will enable this system to be extended to other Dublin district offices on Monday or Tuesday.

THE LATEST POSITION.

Interviewed by an *Irish Times* representative yesterday, the Postmaster-General reported a further addition to the staffs at the sorting, telegraph, and telephone offices. The whole staff, he said, was at work in the Donegal district. A number of the indoor hands had resumed in Monaghan and other places, whilst the whole of the rural staff in Ballymahon and vicinity, County Longford, was at work. There was, he continued, a big increase in the number of telegrams handed in at the Central Telegraph Office yesterday, and the capable staff on duty there were able to report that all messages had been telegraphed.

It was hoped that incoming telegrams, some of which were received by other means and were subject to delay, would be entirely dealt with over the wires in a day or two. The delivery of telegrams was now being handled with entire satisfaction, and was suffering no delay whatever.

A few post offices in the country, which were hitherto inactive, were, concluded the Postmaster-General, coming in for special consideration. The public in these places might rest assured that their requirements would be attended to at the earliest possible moment.

Amongst the general public there has been some speculation as to the financial position of the Joint Unions' Executive. It is understood that the approximate sum of money available is £2,000. As most of the members agreed to fall back on their own resources for the first few weeks of the dispute, there has been no distribution of strike pay so far, except in necessitous cases.

THE UNIONS' STATEMENT.

Yesterday's bulletin, issued by the unions, claims that "offers of funds are pouring in from trade bodies and many private individuals, who recognise that the postal workers are the first to be attacked in a general campaign against Irish wages and standard of living."

The Unions' Executive, in the course of a statement issued early yesterday, said:—"Large accessions to the ranks of the strikers of members returning from annual leave have greatly strengthened the various committees. Reports from provincial offices show that there is a complete cessation of all effective postal services throughout the country. One individual in an office with no mails and no telegrams coming to hand means not a partial service but no service."

Further satisfactory reports of the returns received from Cork, Galway, Limerick, Naas, Nenagh, Thurles, Kingstown, Dundalk, and Mullingar, stating that all the hands were solid behind the Executive, and that no postal work was being done.

It is declared that the figures—31 permanent staff and 18 temporary hands, employed at the Rink, were manufactured for the benefit of the Freemen who paid a visit there on Wednesday, while doubt is also thrown on the statement that 14 telegraphists are working at Amiens street.

An answer to this is provided by the improvement in the postal and telegraphic service, of which a large section of the public is conscious, and it is officially stated that yesterday in the regular staff were employed by twenty male officers and three female assistants, and eleven extra men were engaged for training in sorting work. The total number of bags despatched from the Rink was 1,100, and 1,150 were forwarded to England by day boat, and 33 by night boat. Despatches were also made to fifty-eight offices. Three hundred and thirty-five bags were received. The night boat arrived from Great Britain, and from every county in Ireland except Kerry. All mails reaching the Dublin stations were brought to the Rink for dispatch, and were taken. There were no national delivered to callers at the Rink. At Amiens street Central Telegraph Office the number of telegrams forwarded was 560, which shows an advance of nearly 100 on the previous day. The number received was 450, and the transmitted 230. 4,300 words of Press were forwarded. Over 1,150 messages were delivered by messenger in and about Dublin, and over 1,000 were forwarded by post to places with which telegraphic communication is interrupted.

College green Branch Office.—Savings bank, postal order, and money order business was transacted, and old age pensions, as well as 318 Army allowances, were paid. To-day, as notified elsewhere, letters addressed to dependents of Volunteer reserves resident in Dublin, who have been in receipt of dependants' allowances from the Paymaster, Curragh Camp, will be delivered to callers at College Green Post Office between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

The public are requested to continue to post correspondence at the Rink only, until further notice.

TRAIN SET ON FIRE.

OUTRAGES ON GREAT SOUTHERN LINE.

On the arrival of the passenger train from Tipperary at Bansha on Wednesday evening armed men smashed the carriages with pick-axes and hatchets, sprinkled them with petrol, and set them on fire. The engine was also partially wrecked, but the driver was able to bring it back to Tipperary.

Further serious damage has been reported on the Great Southern and Western Railway system. On Wednesday evening some rails were maliciously taken out in the section between Ballyhale and Mullinavat, and a down-road special goods train from Kilkenny, consisting of empty waggons and live stock, was derailed. Another goods train following from Maryborough was stopped by armed men some distance before reaching the place of derailment. The men mounted the footplate and the train proceeded to the point of obstruction, after which it was started back again to Ballyhale Station with sixteen empty waggons of the derailed special train, and having proceeded only half a mile on its return journey, the driver was again stopped; 16 waggons were detached, and were allowed to run back on the section and into the derailed train. The actual extent of the damage has not yet been ascertained. Passenger and live stock trains were held up and traffic diverted by another route. This blocks communication between Dublin and Waterford by the Great Southern and Western Railway.

In the section between Ballingrane and Foynes the battlements of an over-bridge were thrown down, blocking the permanent way and delaying trains.

In the section between Castletownroche and Ballyhooley telegraph and telephone wires were cut.

For the third time the Aherlow Bridge, situated in the section between Bansha and Cahir, has been burned down. Some damage to a culvert in the vicinity prevented a train service from the Limerick direction proceeding beyond Bansha. The signal cabin at Mourne Abbey was temporarily occupied by armed men.

A TWO YEARS' DISPUTE.

BELFAST SHIPYARD JOINERS.

The dispute between the Belfast shipyard joiners and the Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers, which had continued since August, 1920, was settled last night.

Members of the Society were suspended in consequence of their refusal to cease work pending the reemployment of men who were expelled from the shipyards in July, 1920. They formed a provisional committee, and carried on their branches as an independent society, working along parallel lines with the parent organisation.

Negotiations for their re-admission to the Amalgamated Society began this week, and the result was made known at a mass meeting last night. The men are to be readmitted on terms which include the recognition of the trade union card as the only credential necessary to obtain and follow employment.

THE PEACE RUMOURS.

A statement was published recently to the effect that Mr. de Valera was in Dublin with the object of opening negotiations with the Provisional Government. The Republican Publicity Department in Dublin say that the whole statement was a fabrication.

FIGHTING IN THE WEST.

SEVERE CASUALTIES.

SLIGO M.P. KILLED.

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN.

There has been severe fighting in parts of the West between irregulars and troops who were sent in pursuit of them. In connection with engagements which were fought in the hills near Sligo, the following report was issued from Army Headquarters yesterday evening:—

"Several sharp encounters between the troops and irregulars have taken place over the Bunbulbens, Tuallagh, and Drumcliffe areas. The casualties amongst the irregulars are believed to be heavy. Nine bodies were found by the troops. Those killed include Mr. Brian McNeill and Mr. J. Devins, T.D. Many prisoners have been taken, thirty of whom were removed to Sligo. The captures made by the troops include numbers of rifles, with quantities of ammunition, mine supplies and stores."

FIGHT IN THE MOUNTAINS.

PROMINENT LEADERS DEAD.

Heavy fighting developed during the push of the national troops in the mountains near Sligo on Wednesday, and many casualties were caused among the irregulars, some of the most prominent leaders being among the dead.

A fierce engagement took place on Wednesday afternoon near Ballintrillick.

It is stated that the troops came upon a large party of men, who were engaged in the preparation of an ambush. Both parties were armed with rifles and machine guns, and an engagement immediately developed. The irregulars endeavoured to fight their way back to the hills, when they came in contact with another body of troops. It was here that most of the casualties occurred, and that some prisoners were taken.

The dead whose bodies have been brought to Sligo Infirmary, are:—

Mr. Seumas Devins, M.P., Grange, County Sligo.

Mr. Brian MacNeill, Dublin, son of Mr. Eoin MacNeill, M.P.

Joseph Bast, Sligo.

Patrick Carroll, Sligo.

It is believed that others were killed, and yesterday morning troops were engaged in the mountains near Ballintrillick in search of the bodies. No casualties among the national troops are reported.

Mr. Devins was one of the National Panel candidates for Sligo-East Mayo at the last election.

Mr. MacNeill occupied the position of "Divisional Adjutant" among the irregulars in the Sligo area. He was the second son of the Minister of Education, Professor Eoin MacNeill. His elder brother is Brigadier-General Niall MacNeill, O.C. of the 1st Brigade of the 2nd Eastern Division of the national forces, and a younger brother is Captain Turlough MacNeill, Brigade Quartermaster, Headquarters Staff, Portobello Freemen who paid a visit there on Wednesday, while doubt is also thrown on the statement that 14 telegraphists are working at Amiens street.

An answer to this is provided by the improvement in the postal and telegraphic service, of which a large section of the public is conscious, and it is officially stated that yesterday in the regular staff were employed by twenty male officers and three female assistants, and eleven extra men were engaged for training in sorting work. The total number of bags despatched from the Rink was 1,100, and 1,150 were forwarded to England by day boat, and 33 by night boat. Despatches were also made to fifty-eight offices. Three hundred and thirty-five bags were received. The night boat arrived from Great Britain, and from every county in Ireland except Kerry. All mails reaching the Dublin stations were brought to the Rink for dispatch, and were taken. There were no national delivered to callers at the Rink. At Amiens street Central Telegraph Office the number of telegrams forwarded was 560, which shows an advance of nearly 100 on the previous day. The number received was 450, and the transmitted 230. 4,300 words of Press were forwarded. Over 1,150 messages were delivered by messenger in and about Dublin, and over 1,000 were forwarded by post to places with which telegraphic communication is interrupted.

College green Branch Office.—Savings bank, postal order, and money order business was transacted, and old age pensions, as well as 318 Army allowances, were paid. To-day, as notified elsewhere, letters addressed to dependents of Volunteer reserves resident in Dublin, who have been in receipt of dependants' allowances from the Paymaster, Curragh Camp, will be delivered to callers at College Green Post Office between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.

The public are requested to continue to post correspondence at the Rink only, until further notice.

FIGHT NEAR THE BORDER.

MACHINE GUNNER WOUNDED.

While a small party of national troops were cycling on the main road between Dungoolev and Ballyconnell on Saturday afternoon, they were ambushed by a party of irregulars who had taken up positions on the mountain side within a few hundred yards of the Ulster border. There was a brisk exchange of shots, and after first the cycling corps withdrew and got into extended order. The attackers had got behind them at some points, and they were unable to advance owing to the fire into County Armagh. Meantime a cyclist had been despatched to Dundalk, and within a very short time a Lancia and whippet cars were sent to the aid of the cycling party.

As the Lancia came into the district fire was also opened on it, and for twenty minutes there was much firing, in the course of which a machine-gunner named Peter Smyth, a native of Ballieborough, County Cavan, was wounded. A bullet entered his left eye, obtaining an exit on his jaw. He was taken to Dundalk on an ambulance, and after being attended by Dr. O'Hagan at the Louth Infirmary he was removed by train to a Dublin hospital.

Afterwards the irregulars cleared into the Northern territory and the national troops were compelled to return. It is not known if the irregulars sustained any casualties. They were well armed, and the Lancia bears many traces of their firing. None of the cycling party was injured. After the fighting the national troops took into custody a number of young men who were found in a house in the district, but it is not established that they were in any way concerned in the attacks on the troops.

BRIGADIER NEARY.

The following official report was issued by Army Headquarters yesterday:—

"In the Press accounts of an engagement between the troops and irregulars in the North Mayo area, it had been stated that Brigadier Neary was captured and subsequently escaped.

"A report from the area states that this is incorrect. The facts are:—On the 15th inst. a detachment of troops under Brigadier Neary left Ballina and Crossmolina, and went towards Glenlossara Lodge, Belderrig, where irregulars were reported to have been concentrated in numbers. On the route six irregulars were arrested at Belmullet, with a rifle, two revolvers, and some ammunition. At Glenamoy irregulars were found to be occupying the house of a family from which two sons were serving with the Army.

"Troops approaching this were fired on. The irregulars were asked to allow the women and children to leave the house, but they refused. An attack on the irregulars occupying the house was therefore not possible. A guard was placed about the premises, and reinforcements brought up by Brigadier Neary. These troops were fired on by numbers of irregulars occupying ambush positions. An engagement lasting over five hours took place at this spot, in which the troops had six killed and one wounded. The irregulars had seven killed and one wounded."

DISORDER IN GLASGOW.

Because they were refused use of a cinema to hold a meeting, thousands of the Glasgow unemployed on Wednesday night created a disturbance by attempting to boycott the cinema. Several of the mob showed fight, and, when the police confiscated their banners, a melee ensued, during which Police Sergeant Chisholm was stabbed in the back. Three men were arrested, and they were remanded yesterday until Saturday.

UNION OF GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

BERLIN, Thursday.

The Majority Socialists' Congress, at Augsberg, has pronounced unanimously in favour of union with the Independent Socialist Party, and has decided to send 144 delegates to the forthcoming joint congress at Nuremberg.—(Reuter.)

NEW CHINESE CABINET.

PEKING, Wednesday.

The new Cabinet has been appointed, with Dr. Wang Chung-hsai, Acting Premier; Dr. Wellington Koo, Foreign Minister, and Mr. Lo Wen-kan, Minister of Finance.—Reuter.)

FROM TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH POLICIES.

HOPEFUL TENDENCY.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

The French Government, it is manifest, are sincerely anxious to avoid anything approaching to an open divergence between French and English policy. This desire, and the readiness of France to use her moderating influence with the Kemalists, have brought the French and British standpoints nearer to each other. The Kemalists may even have been given to understand that, should they wantonly attack the British, in despite of warning from us and of remonstrances from Paris, they would force France to dissociate herself altogether from them.

The members of the Little *Entente*, particularly Serbia and Rumania, are believed to have reached a similar conclusion. Should this estimate of the results already achieved in Paris be correct, and should it be confirmed by to-day's proceedings, there appears to be a prospect that the outcome of Lord Curzon's visit may be the constitution of a united Allied front on the whole question of the Turco-Greek peace.

It is difficult to understand why the Government are keeping back the Prime Minister's despatch to Mr. Hughes, the Prime Minister of Australia. It is difficult to understand why the members of the deputation from the General Council of the Trades Union Congress which waited on the Prime Minister yesterday, should be privileged to hear a statement from him on the Near Eastern situation while it is withheld from the general public. We are told that he defended the action of the Government with clearness and spirit, and declared that peace had always been their objective, and that the prospect of preserving it is largely due to the promptitude of their action.

We all desire peace, but we also know that there are means by which it can be kept and there are means by which it can be endangered. Have the Government been quite guiltless of endangering it during the last week? Lord Grey thinks not, and there are a great many people who think with him. The Government must disabuse their minds of the mistaken idea that they possess the confidence of the country. They have forfeited it, and their retention of office will be tolerable only in so far as they prove henceforth that their exercise of power is less detrimental to public welfare than the delays and uncertainties of a change of Cabinet during this crisis would be.

THE FORDNEY TARIFF.

AMERICA'S EXPERIMENT IN PROTECTION.

The protracted battle over the Fordney Tariff Bill has ended in the triumph of the party of high protection, and to-day the American people enter upon their great economic experiment, remarks *The Times* editorially. The more important financial interests in the country do so with gloomy forebodings; for they recognise that in principle the measure is economically unsound, while an examination of its clauses reveals what our New York Financial Correspondent terms its "patchwork" character.

How is it, then, that the new tariff has become law? Clearly it is not due to the poverty of the country. The United States is suffering from a plethora of gold. We think that the true explanation is the haunting fear of a large section of the American community that the impoverishment of the older industrial countries in Europe may be reflected in a lowering of the standard of comfort in the United States through the competition in the American market of the products of cheap labour abroad.

Probably it will not be long before the effect of this one-sided system of trading will be brought home to the people. The farmer will discover that the prices for his exportable surplus bear a definite relation to the domestic value of his products; for it is clear that the restriction of imports must depress the prices obtainable for American products abroad through the scarcity of credits available in the United States to pay for them.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

After opening firm on the proposed conference to deal with the Near Eastern situation the Stock markets became easier as a result of advices from Paris, not to the effect that "*The Times*" Selling orders came from the other side for Foreign Government Bonds, and Mining and Oil shares were accompanied by a rumour that a French outside financial house was in trouble. The setback in the groups named caused a dull finish to markets as a whole, though prices on balance in most cases again moved in favour of holders. Among Railway Stocks the strength of the Kentish lines and a recovery in Argentines were conspicuous features. Tea shares made fresh headway, and under the influence of a rise of 7*d.* in the price of raw rubber there was a little inquiry for Rubber shares.

RACING SELECTIONS.

NEWBURY.

SPORTSMAN.	MAN ON THE SPOT.
1.15—Glen Andred.	Glen Andred.
1.30—Misty Morning	Tetrigus; if absent, Bruff Royal Camp.
2. 0—Bombino.	Kilvemnon.
2.30—Straight Flight.	Cross Jack.
3.10—Afterday.	Cos; if absent, Beloved.
3.45—Cos.	Gallio.
4.20—Gallio.	Flavius.
4.45—Puttenden.	

SPORTING LIFE.	MAN ON THE SPOT.
1.15—Glen Andred.	Be Cool.
1.30—Bart Snowball.	Lady Shimmer.
2. 0—Jerigon Lad.	Royal Camp.
2.30—Arravale	Active Lad.
3.10—Cross Jack.	Sunrising, nap.
3.45—Brownjohn.	March On.
4.15—Dalbianey.	Chartered.
4.45—Dark Fox.	Knighton.

TIFLIS PRISONERS.

BRITISH SUBJECTS RELEASED.

Reuter's Agency understands that it is announced from Moscow that all British subjects who were seized by Bolsheviks at Tiflis and charged with espionage have now been released with the exception of one, named Edwardes, who is still held prisoner. The persons released are Messrs. Dodge, Solley, Coates, O'Dell, Lawrence, and Kovalicsi.

FORD WORKS REOPENED.

DETROIT, Thursday.

It being again possible to secure coal for the Ford factory here, the motor works will restart to-morrow morning. Mr. Ford decided to close these works on September 16 owing to a lack of coal. Some 85,000 workers were directly, and several hundred thousand indirectly, affected.—(Reuter.)

CORONATION OF THE KING OF RUMANIA.

Reuter's Agency learns that great preparations are being made throughout Rumania for the coming Coronation of King Ferdinand and his Queen. The actual coronation will take place on October 15, and representatives of every European State will be present. Immediately after the ceremony the Royal Family, members of the Government, and guests will leave for Bukharest, where for the next two days great festivities have been organised.

It is expected that His Royal Highness the Duke of York will represent His Majesty.

MARSEILLES PORT STRIKE.

MARSEILLES, Thursday.

Owing to the seamen's strike, steamship communication with Corsica, Algeria and Tunis is completely interrupted and several thousand passengers are stranded, many being without funds. The authorities have referred to Paris the question of the continuance of the postal service.—(Reuter.)

£36,000,000 FOR IMMIGRATION.

MELBOURNE, Thursday.

Mr. Hughes, the Federal Prime Minister, in announcing that an agreement had been signed with the Government of Victoria for the introduction of 2,000 immigrants yearly as land settlers, stated that this was one section of a proposal to spend £36,000,000 on immigration. Mr. Hughes said that he anticipated that, with similar co-operation on the part of other States, immigrants will speedily reach 100,000 yearly.—(Reuter.)

SECOND READING PASSED.

PLEA FOR DELAY BY CRITIC OF CONSTITUTION.

PRESIDENT'S FIRM REPLY.

The motion for the second reading of the Free State Constitution Bill was carried in the Provisional Parliament yesterday by 47 votes against 16.

Speaking against the motion, Mr. Gavan Duffy charged the Government with lack of moral courage. He urged that this was not the time to cast the Constitution in rigid form, and suggested that the final step should not be taken until the Imperial Conference had readjusted the constitutional ties between England and the Dominions.

Mr. Cosgrave made a spirited reply. He wanted no Dominion Ministers, he said, to tell him what Ireland required. He had sufficient moral courage to believe that England meant to fulfil her contract; if he believed that she intended to deceive them, he would tell her so. If Irishmen had not sufficient moral courage to take responsibility for the Constitution, then the cause of Irish nationality was lost.

NO RESPONSIBILITY.

MR. GAVAN DUFFY'S ATTITUDE.

Mr. Gavan Duffy said that he stood over his signature to the Treaty. He had never been a member of the Provisional Government and was not responsible for the bill. In January last he declined to go into the Provisional Government.

He had discussed the draft Constitution with members of the Dail Cabinet when it came back from London in the curious form in which they found it that day. He told their late President that he considered it a violation of their rights under the Treaty, and he unreservedly tendered his resignation and declined to take any responsibility for the Constitution. The President recognised his right to object, but asked him to stay in the Cabinet for the remaining ten days or so until Parliament met, when he would be free to resign.

He thought that the speech which they had listened to from the Minister for Home Affairs was better in tone than other pronouncements that they had listened to on the subject. They had been told by the Education Minister that everything in the draft Constitution now before the Dail was either explicit or implicit in the Treaty. With that he disagreed, holding that they were dealing with a contract and not with a command.

He was not going to take up the time of the House with a detailed criticism of the measure, because he thought the proper place for criticism would be on the third reading. All he wanted to do was to indicate the fundamental line of thought running through some of the more important criticism of the draft. As to the preliminary clause, which formed a second preamble to the bill, he challenged the Minister for Home Affairs or any other member of the Government to point to one single line of the Treaty which compelled them to put anything of the kind into the Constitution or into the Act confirming the Constitution.

He urged that the Ministry had no business or right to pre-judge any matter that should be left to the decision of the House, and that misapprehension had arisen from a mistaken interpretation of phrases. He submitted that the House had a perfect right to interpret the words "the law, practice, and constitutional usage in Canada" in their natural meaning.

MORAL COURAGE.

He thought that it was necessary to utter a word of warning to the Government against a tendency which had been too apparent since they started sitting there, a tendency to make evidence of moral courage the key-note of their policy. (Hear, hear.) It was shown in many matters, such as the treatment of prisoners and the failure to settle the position in Dublin, but it was shown much more clearly in the draft of the Constitution.

They had withheld from the House the draft Constitution which was prepared by their own experts in the present draft. That was good enough to be shown in London, but was not good enough for that House. The Government should take the House into its confidence, and realise that the House knew full well the difficulties of the situation and were anxious to help the Government. The House should know why they made the surrender to England which was written into the present draft. That draft should never have gone to England at all until it got the approval of that House. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Churchill was reported to have said that it was shown to the British Government out of courtesy and out of a promise given by their late President.

Under the ill-starred agreement that was come to in February Mr. de Valera insisted that before a general election took place the draft Constitution should be presented to the Irish people in its final form. The Government appointed an expert Committee to draft the Constitution, and was now going to be suggested that these gentlemen occ

tion must be accepted as it stood. What Minister said anything more than that, in the event of the defeat of certain clauses, they would not take further responsibility for the direction of the political affairs of the country?

Mr. de Roiste said that out of 79 clauses 10 must be considered unacceptable to Irish national sentiment. He did not know which of these ten clauses Ministers would not take responsibility for. He was not speaking in any sense hostile to the Ministry, but he did not like its attitude in this matter.

Mr. O'Shannon (Labour) inquired how long the House was going to be implementing the Treaty. They were told that one of the most important reasons why they must have these still unnamed, but objectionable, clauses in the draft was that its passing was necessary for the implementing of the Treaty. If that were so they would know where they stood, but it seemed to him, even from some things in the bill, that the implementing of the Treaty was not going to be done by that draft. They all wanted the Treaty implemented as soon as possible, but there was a great likelihood that if they did what Ministers asked they would have a good deal of future legislation in that and other Dails to implement it.

He desired to know who were to adjudge whether certain clauses were repugnant to Schedule 3. There was going to be any allegation of repugnancy, then they would not have an Imperial Conference or any other International Court to decide the question; but the Ministry would step in there and say that it was necessary to go to London to come to another interpretation of the Treaty and the draft Constitution. He also wanted to know what would be the consequences that would flow from the rejection of any of the so-called vital clauses. They should be told exactly what were the clauses referred to. There should, he maintained, be matters of honour with the whole Irish people, as well as with the Southern Unionists.

If this was a Constitution they had the right to change any clause they liked. If any clause was put up, and Ministers said that it must be passed at the pistol point of England, they would not have it, even though every word and the whole principle of that clause were such as might be initiated by them, because the whole principle for which they were fighting was whether they had got to take what they were told or whether they had not. (Hear, hear.)

Ministers should not meanly insinuate that there were consequences to follow without telling them what the consequences were. There were certain dead weight symbols in the Constitution, but the British Privy Council was not one of them. Would the Ministry tell them that the present constitutional practice, usage, and rights, as they applied between the British Dominions and the Privy Council, would apply in Ireland, in spite of the law laid down in Article 65 that they would not? They further wanted to know, whether, taking the case of Ireland as against England, the Ministry agreed with the statement of the Minister for Local Government that the Treaty could be annulled at any subsequent time. They objected to the whole manner and method of the drafting and presentation of that document, but they asked the Ministry for once to give plain, straight, and honest answers to their questions, even though they should break the heart of every deputy in that Dail.

REMEMBER THE TREATY.

Professor McGuinness said there seemed to be no doubt as to which was the more important thing—the Treaty or the Constitution. There was too much harping on what the Treaty did not give. Again and again he would ask the House not to forget the Treaty. If they exceeded in the Constitution what there was in the Treaty then they would be compelled to recast the Constitution.

The Treaty was a contract, and no doubt as a Treaty it had been made under duress. But had there ever been a Treaty which was not made under duress when it was made for the purpose of ending a war? If the men who were now on the hillsides would take the trouble to understand what had been got for this country they would not be on the hillsides, but would be in that House trying to make the best of the existing situation. (Applause.)

T.C.D. AND ALL IRELAND.

Professor Thrift (Trinity College) said that when he accepted the Treaty he did so with the feeling that it was the bounden duty of everyone to accept it and to do everything they could for their country, and in the hope that the time would soon come when every section and every class of the citizens might be ready to do their best for the country and might be called on by the whole country to do their best.

At the present stage he thought that the point before the House was an extremely simple one—it was merely whether they should proceed at once to frame a Constitution, and to consider that Constitution line by line, or whether they would postpone the matter to a later day. Everyone of them desired that there should be a united Ireland; and everyone of them felt that this Constitution should be a Constitution not for 26 counties but a Constitution for the whole of Ireland. (Loud applause.)

One of the steps necessary to secure the restoration of law and order was the framing of the Constitution. Some of the speakers had urged that the Constitution fulfilled the Treaty, while others thought that it went beyond what was in the Treaty. But now was not the time to discuss that point, but to decide whether or not they should have a Constitution, and go on to consider it line by line, and had carried the second reading of the bill. (Applause.)

VAGUE GENERALITIES.

MR. O'HIGGINS AND CRITICS.

Mr. O'Higgins said that it was usual for the mover of a bill to wind up the debate and to give roughly his impressions of the speeches made in the course of that debate. He would say as much as that, but as no mover had been appointed, seeing that for months past they had heard in certain streets the vibrant sounds of typewriters preparing a barrage of amendments to the Constitution—one deputy was said to have 750 amendments to move. (Laughter.) But they found that the end of all this was a certain amount of vague generalities, a certain amount of poetry, a certain amount of hoping for better things, a number of impractical, useful, constructive criticism of the Constitution.

Certain people had spoken of duress, and said that they did not like the Treaty. A certain signatories of the Treaty liked the Treaty just as little as did any member of the House. But they took it—and they signed it—if you like under duress, with a pistol, not to their heads, but to the head of their country." That was the position, and it would always be the position where one country had the greatest navy in the world and a great army, and a population of 40 millions, and the other country had only a population of 4½ millions. That had been the position—a position of duress—for seven centuries, and it was likely with regard to a position of duress for many a long year to come.

"I wonder," continued Mr. O'Higgins, "if there is anything in the atmosphere of this House that brings us away from the realities? Is it that it is a combination of library and museum?" (Laughter.)

There were deputies who did not particularly like the Constitution. There were deputies who did not particularly like the Treaty, but the deputies would have to say whether they were prepared to put to the hazard, and to put back into the melting pot, the destinies of the country, and to re-open this whole matter of the Constitution. It was their duty as a Government to come to that House with the draft Constitution, and it was their duty to recommend the Constitution to that assembly. It was their duty to see that that Constitution was not one calculated to throw the country again into the melting pot, but was a Constitution upon which there was substantial ground for agreement.

BROKEN TRUCE.

It should be remembered that when the delegates went across to London the truce had been broken in this country, and they should try to remember that British soldiers had been shot dead, and that certain people differing from the majority in religion were being driven from their homes. It was in these conditions, when another day might bring back the British power to Ireland, that they had to produce a Constitution upon which they were now prepared absolutely to stand.

The Constitution was discussed with the British representatives, and he held that they would not have been acting faithfully to their responsibility had they placed this country in a position where there was even a chance of the Treaty being lost. They were now considering the Constitution as a strict but fair interpretation of the Treaty. When it came to the third reading there was one matter upon which he would point out that the strict letter of the Treaty had been exceeded.

The outstanding features of that debate had been the speeches of Deputy Johnson and Deputy Gavan Duffy. Deputy Johnson had moved an amendment which he subsequently withdrew, and that amendment contained little or nothing that was not contained in one article of the Treaty. Then they had listened to Deputy Gavan Duffy, and found that he was a Republican who had signed the Treaty under duress. Let them not think for a single moment that he was wrong in signing it, for he (Mr. O'Higgins) held that he had never done a wiser thing, and was never likely to do a wiser thing than he did on that occasion. (Laughter and applause.)

Now there was a red stamp across this Constitution, the red stamp "Provisional." There had been talk of a Constitution in 1917, which was to have been followed by the Millennium—and in the meantime they were possibly to have the state of affairs they had between January and June of last year. He had sufficient faith in this country to believe in its future progress, but Deputy Johnson spoke of the manner in which Canada had outgrown her Constitution, and apparently doubted the capacity of this country to do likewise.

It was their duty now to settle this matter of the Constitution, and then to go forward to deal with reconstruction and deal with the economic problems of the country. Some time ago Deputy Johnson had spoken gravely of 130,000 people being out of employment when the fate of the Treaty was in the balance. He wondered what that figure of 130,000 was now swollen to. If they wanted to get down to deal with the problem of unemployment, they should not delay now in dealing with the Constitution.

Let the critics tell them, at least on the third reading, in what respect the Constitution was not quite up to the Treaty. They felt that in certain respects it was beyond the line of the Treaty—let them hear in what respect it was not in accordance with the Treaty.

Deputy de Roiste had spoken largely on the question of moral courage. It was pleasing to hear a dissertation on moral courage from a deputy who voted for the Treaty last December and then refused to vote against a person who declared that his policy was to put the Treaty into the fire, and who then came to the Government white with rage because they had not taken steps to protect the civil population from an armed minority, and when the Government did take steps he threatened to resign.

Mr. de Roiste (excitedly)—That is absolutely inaccurate.

Mr. O'Higgins said that if there was anything in the Constitution that Deputy de Roiste did not like, no doubt he would back it as vigorously and fearlessly as he did in December, 1920.

On the third reading the Government would tell the House the clauses that they thought it was binding for the Dail to pass. That did not bind the Dail—it merely represented the Government's considered view that it was not in the interest of the country to re-open the matter of these particular clauses. If the House did not take that view, they should make other people responsible for the House. As to what would happen in that eventuality he would leave to the imagination of the members, and Deputy O'Shannon had told them that he did not lack imagination. (Laughter.)

RESTRICTIONS.

They could not proceed to draw up a Constitution which was not in accordance with the Treaty. To that extent, there were restrictions upon their sovereignty, but they were restrictions that were imposed upon them by the mandate which they had received from the people. If Parliament wished to secure for the country the benefits of the Treaty settlement, the Constitution must be within the four corners of the Treaty.

In the subsequent discussion on the bill, he hoped that members would keep more closely to the actual facts than they had hitherto done. What they were discussing was not the Treaty, but the Constitution, and whether it was in accordance with the Treaty. There was no use in members standing up and making sentimental objections to His Majesty. Those objections were present to the minds of the persons who signed the Treaty, and it was mere waste of time now to be indulging in sentimental poetry. The position was too grave and too urgent for that. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Thomas Johnson asked the Minister to state the clauses which he thought ought not to be amended.

Mr. O'Higgins said it was possible to alter every Article in the Constitution, and it was possible to draft another. The Articles in the Draft Constitution which they could not alter were:—12, 17, 24, 36, 40, 41, 50, 55, 58, 65, 67, 77, and 79.

The motion that the Constitution Bill be read a second time was then put to the House, and, on a division, it was declared carried by 47 votes to 16 against.

In answer to Mr. Johnson, Mr. Cosgrave stated that the third reading and Committee stage should be taken on Monday next, and it was understood that notices of amendments should be put in before eleven o'clock on Saturday.

The House adjourned at seven o'clock till three o'clock to-day

6 (Advt.)

INDUSTRIAL PEACE.

THE COST OF STRIKES.

AN ATTRACTIVE INSURANCE SCHEME.

Mr. McCurdy, addressing his constituents at Northampton last night, said that the Government were striving to secure peace abroad. They all wished the Government success in their efforts. To the people of this country it was, at least, as important to secure peace at home. The principal task of the next British Government ought to be a determined effort to secure such a permanent basis for industrial peace as would enable us to banish unemployment and State doles to the British worker. Poverty and unemployment would never be banished by Acts of Parliament, but only by business remedies applied by business men.

The British worker and the British employer acting together could banish poverty and unemployment as surely and as certainly as they defeated the Hohenzollerns, and by the same methods. That co-operation which obtained during the war vanished in a night, to be replaced by antagonisms of every kind—national, political, industrial. Our productive capacity withered like Jonah's gourd to something less than its pre-war dimensions. We must get back to a spirit of partnership between capital and labour. We had wasted two hundred million pounds in strikes and stoppages since the armistice. The first step was to give confidence to the worker. The representative working man had a heavy indictment against the industrial system of to-day. He felt, and felt acutely, that there were three things threatening his life over which he had no control—unemployment due to lack of orders, sickness, and old age. He was not willing to increase output merely to make more millionaires, while his own future was left unsecured.

A POLICY OF SECURITY.

We wanted a policy of security. In the scheme that he had already outlined for the boot and shoe trade he had shown how that security could be attained with no additional cost to the worker, at no additional cost to the industry, and with a promise of good wages to the employee. Two shillings a week from men operatives, 1s. 3d. a week from women operatives, and 3d. per pair on boots and shoes would produce, in the boot and shoe trade, an annual revenue of more than £2,000,000. It would be more than sufficient to give a sickness benefit of 40s. a week for men and 25s. for women, unemployment benefit of 30s. for men and 20s. for women, and old age pensions, beginning at 65 years of age, of 40s. for men and 25s. for women. He believed the result would be such an expansion of output as would reduce, and not increase, the cost of production. Under the present system, with its constant preparations for industrial war, its suspicions and distrust, we were not touching the fringe of the wealth production which was in our power. Our productive effort as a nation was less in times of peace than it was in times of war.

RAIDS IN DUBLIN.

SHOPS AND POST OFFICE ROBBED.

Five men, four of whom carried automatic pistols, entered the Post Office at Dunville House, Rathgar, yesterday morning, and took £2 3s. in money and food valued at 19s.

Yesterday evening three armed men seized five suits of clothes in the drapery establishment of Mr. Cummins, 42 Arran quay, Dublin, and took them away in a motor car.

Yesterday morning armed men entered the premises of Mr. James Casey, 7 Fownes street, Dublin, and stole boots, leggings, Cardigan coats, and other articles. The men, who were not disguised, got away with the booty.

The occupants of several houses in De Vesci terrace and Vesey place, Kingstown, have been subjected to considerable annoyance. Armed men knocked at the doors, and, pretending that they were soldiers of the national army, demanded "help for the wounded." They entered some houses on the pretence of searching for arms, and took a number of articles. At one raid £5 in cash, three wristlet watches, and five overcoats were stolen.

THE BEVAN CASE.

BIG FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS.

Gerald Lee Bevan was again before the magistrate at the Guildhall, London, yesterday, on charges of fraud.

Mr. Van De Linde, expert accountant, who had been through the books of the various companies concerned, gave further evidence, stating that Ellis and Co. paid £150,000 belonging to the Greater Britain Insurance Company into their own accounts in various banks, to whom they were heavily indebted. The witness gave evidence with regard to the First National Reinsurance Company. Bevan was formerly chairman. Afterwards Earl Russell became chairman, and the board appointed a finance committee to deal with the investments of the company, with Bevan as adviser. As a result of transactions with Ellis and Co., the latter in December, 1920, owed the First National sixty thousand odd pounds, and still owed it.

In cross-examination, the witness admitted having made a mistake in swearing the information on which Bevan was arrested in saying that Bevan signed a particular letter. He had not. Regarding the 1920 balance sheet, he did not know whether Bevan was out of the country during its preparation.

Counsel suggested that it was a material point.

The Witness—I have not considered the point. He signed it.

The case was adjourned.

QUESTIONS IN PARLIAMENT.

GRANTS FOR ROAD WORK.

PAYMENT OF MOTOR TAX.

In the Provisional Parliament yesterday, Mr. John Lyons asked the Minister for Finance whether the Local Government Board undertook to pay a sum of £20,000 to each of the County Councils of Westmeath and Longford for the relief of unemployment; whether any portion of these sums had been paid; and, if so, how much; also whether he would state the amount of the motor tax collected in the Counties of Westmeath and Longford, and the amount allocated, or to be allocated, to each of these County Councils, and when would same be paid.

Mr. Cosgrave said that he was not aware that any such undertaking as that mentioned in the question had been given, but arrangements were made for the allocation of grants to County Councils in connection with road schemes for the relief of unemployment, in proportion, roughly, to the amount of the grants withheld from the various Counties by the British Government. The several sums amounted to £275,000. Grants amounting to £264,544 had been paid, and these included £4,333 6s. 8d. and £3,666 13s. 4d. to Westmeath and Longford, respectively. As the arrangements for the collection of motor tax were only recently completed, it was not yet possible to say what sums were collected in the various Counties, and how the moneys of the Road Fund would be allocated after the tax had been paid into it.

Mr. Lyons further asked if a circular stating that a grant of £20,000 was made had been sent out. He also referred to a letter from the Local Government Department with regard to a sum of £8,000, which, he said, had not yet been paid, although the County Council had expended the money. He asked when it would be possible for the Ministry to give the money for the relief of unemployment. Furthermore, the Provisional Government owed Westmeath Co. Council £20,000 in grants withheld, and he wanted to know if this money would be paid.

Mr. Cosgrave said that the present distribution of the balance withheld Westmeath Co. Council was paid £18,614, and Longford £12,062. He did not recollect any letter promising Westmeath Co. Council £20,000, and he doubted very much if the statement was correct about the £20,000. He had no hesitation in saying that it was altogether wrong.

CAPITATION GRANTS.

Mr. Lyons asked the Minister for Finance whether it was the intention of the Ministry to pay withheld capitation grants amounting approximately to £32,000 to the Mullingar District Mental Hospital; and, if so, when such payment would be made.

President Cosgrave, who was scarcely audible at the Press seats, read a list of payments that had been made.

RURAL HOUSING.

Mr. Corish asked the Minister for Local Government whether he was aware of the scarcity of houses that prevailed in rural areas in Ireland, and if the Government had considered the desirability of providing grants in aid to enable district Councils to proceed with the erection of houses, the rent of which would be reasonable for agricultural workers to pay.

Mr. Blythe said:—The Government have given careful consideration to the question of the resumption of State aid for rural housing, and have had specially before them the matter of unissued balances in the case of loans which had been already sanctioned, but where work was suspended locally owing to war conditions. These balances, which amount to £417,519, are involved in the general financial questions which are under discussion with the British Treasury. It is hoped that the balances may shortly be available for all cases where it is desired to complete unfinished schemes.

THE EMBARGO.

Mr. Michael Doyle asked the Minister for Agriculture what steps, if any, he had taken with regard to the abolition of the recent embargo imposed by the British Ministry for Agriculture; also, if he had impressed on the British Ministry the clear bill of health for live stock obtaining for some time past in Ireland, and whether he was aware that in some cases the restrictions meant a loss of £2 a head to the producer of cattle in Ireland.

Mr. O'Higgins, replying for Mr. Hogan, who was absent through illness, said that the latter had written to the British Ministry for Agriculture, asking for a withdrawal of the restrictions on cattle going from Ireland to Britain, and pointing out that Ireland was entirely free from foot-and-mouth disease for the past two years. They were awaiting a reply.

DISMISSED TEACHERS.

Mr. O'Shannon asked the Minister of Education whether his attention had been called to the conditions of service of lay teachers in secondary schools; whether four lay teachers had been dismissed from St. Mary's College, Dundalk, one without notice, and all within a period of three months; whether he would inquire into the matter of their dismissals, and whether the Minister would take steps to make the position of these teachers more secure.

The Minister of Education (Professor MacNeill) said, in the course of his reply, that his attention had not been drawn to the particular instances referred to, but he was seeking information on the subject. The employment of secondary teachers varied in the different schools.

Mr. O'Shannon asked, as a supplementary question, whether, when the Minister had got further information, he would communicate it to the House.

Professor MacNeill said that he was not exactly sure what his powers of inquiry were. However, he was seeking further information, and should be glad to place it at the disposal of the House.

SEPARATION ALLOWANCES.

Mr. Darrell Figgis asked the Minister of Defence whether he was aware that a number of wives of soldiers serving in the national Army were this week ejected from their houses because of arrears of rent, such arrears being due to the fact that they had not received their separation allowances, and what measures were being taken to relieve the considerable discontent arising therefrom; and if he was granting and regular receipt of such allowances?.

General Mulcahy said that he was not aware of any such ejectments, and it was difficult to believe that any such ejectments had been carried out, or that the payment of dependents' allowances, where the man had been properly recruited and the claim properly made, was in arrears, even in a small number of cases. There was adequate machinery for dealing at once with complaints. There were claims in which payments of allowances was in arrears because of the difficulty of verification—these were claims other than married cases—namely, in respect of a father or mother, or some other relative stated to be dependent on a man serving in the Army. It was anticipated that all such claims would have been dealt with by the end of the six weeks over which these payments would be made.

Difficulties had arisen over the delivery of letters containing cheques as a result of the Post Office strike. In Dublin it had been attempted to interfere with the delivery of these letters, but it was hoped to be able definitely to announce to-day that, for the present, any dependents' letters not duly delivered might be called for at Portobello Bridge Post Office.

SOLDIERS' RECREATION.

Mr. James Everett asked the Minister of Defence whether he was aware that national soldiers from Greystones Barracks were sent on three occasions to the residence of the wife of Police Officer Short, at Kilcoughter, Wicklow; whether he approved of such use being made of the Army; and whether they were being paid the standard rate of pay.

General Mulcahy replied that on no occasion were national soldiers sent from Greystones Barracks to thresh corn at the residence of Police Officer Short, but, of their own accord, soldiers when on leave had gone to the house for the purpose of recreation.

Mr. Everett asked if it was the custom to supply soldiers on recreation with motor cars.

General Mulcahy—No.

MAYO CROPS THREATENED.

Recent heavy rains have told severely on the crops in County Mayo. Potatoes are turning black, oats are lying and will be difficult to save, and wheat is not ripening. The rivers are swollen, and many crops are under water, which has no outlet, as all the bridges and culverts which were blown up have been temporarily filled in, and are serving as dams.

The Council of the Cremation Society of England reports that during 1921 cremations in Great Britain totalled 1,922, as compared with 1,796 in the preceding year.

SKERRY'S SCHOOL.

10 Harcourt street, Dublin, provides Specialised Tuition in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping, etc. The most up-to-date Commercial School in Ireland. Shorthand Speed Classes to suit all rates. Proficient Students assisted to situations. 1,316 Certificates in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Book-keeping obtained by Students of the School since January, 1919.—

FOUR AMBUSHES.

CORK TROOPS IN A DANGER ZONE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CORK, Thursday.

A party of national troops, numbering fifty officers and men, in a Lancia car and two cage lorries, left Cork on Wednesday morning at five o'clock to search the country in the direction of Macroom, travelling *via* Crookstown. Their principal object was to locate and raise road mines. They discovered several of them and had them destroyed. They were through at least four ambushes, and their operations, which lasted altogether for twenty-four hours, they returned to Cork at five o'clock this morning—were extremely perilous. Their casualties were one soldier killed at the village of Aherla and another slightly wounded. Eight miles of the roads along which they travelled were sown with mines.

The troops were C Company of the Cork Reserves, and they carried out successful searches in a wide area in this district, which, after the attack on Macroom on Sunday morning last, was rightly assumed to be filled with irregulars. It is claimed that in one of the ambushes seven irregulars were shot. Their bodies were seen lying on a hillside after a heavy engagement, in which five men were taken prisoners, one of whom was wounded. The first seizures which were made included 3 cwt. of fuses, which were concealed in the old powder mill at Ballincollig, five miles from Cork. These fuses were in two timber chests, bearing a label addressed to the Commandant, R.I.C., Cork, and were apparently made in Cornwall.

The troops continued their advance to Innisearra, and near the junction of the Rivers Bride and Lee they located a mine, which was removed, as well as a number of trees which had been felled across the road. When they reached Ovens they found that the bridge there had been blown up, and they had to return to Killumney, whence they crossed over to Aherla. Before arriving at the village they observed five irregulars on the road ahead. The irregulars took shelter in the adjoining fences, and shots were fired at the troops, who replied with machine gun fire. The irregulars dropped their arms, and the troops pursuing them made four of them prisoners. The fifth member of the party was seriously wounded.

THE WORST AMBUSH.

The military continued on towards Cloughduv, where another ambush had been prepared for them. This attack was easily repelled. Crookstown was reached without further opposition, but on the return journey, about half a mile from the village, they were again ambushed. The soldiers dismounted, and the irregulars, who occupied positions on the brow of a hill, were hotly engaged. More than fifty men were seen to disperse in the direction of Bellmount.

About half a mile from Aherla, on the return journey, the fourth and the most serious ambush of the day took place. The Lancia car was about 400 yards ahead of the column when fire was opened by the irregulars from four sides. In the first volley Volunteer O'Sullivan, Cove road, Cork, was killed. Volunteer O'Keeffe, of Blarney, was wounded, but he continued to use his rifle. The Lewis gun, after one magazine had been emptied, got out of order, but the soldiers fought on against over 100 irregulars. There were thirty bullet marks on the Lancia car. One of the cars, which was occupied by two officers and a number of men, had to be abandoned owing to mechanical trouble. The remainder of the party—twenty-five of the troops had to walk back to Cork, a distance of about fourteen miles.

The number of irregulars engaged during the day was estimated at about between 300 and 400.

ACTIVITY IN FERMOY AREA.

PRIESTS AND PEOPLE CLEAR THE ROADS.

On Thursday last a party of national forces, with a Lancia car and tender, proceeded to the village of Glanworth, in the Fermoy district, and there engaged a column of irregulars. After a few minutes the irregulars retreated across country, with the national troops in pursuit. The main body managed to get away, leaving behind them five prisoners (of whom one was wounded), five rifles, 200 grenades, 400 rounds of S.A.A., and one Albion lorry.

On Friday national forces visited the Castlelyons district, and came in contact with a party of irregulars, who immediately dispersed.

On Monday another party of troops engaged two columns of irregulars in the Watergrasshill area. On the approach of the troops they retreated quickly, abandoning five rifles, one Lewis gun, ammunition, medical appliances, and other stores. In this engagement one of the irregulars was wounded, while there were no casualties on the other side.

In connection with the obstructions to the roads in Fermoy district, the action of the priest, farmers, and labourers in that area is well worthy of emulation. On Sunday last, in response to an appeal from the clergy, the people proceeded in a body, armed with crosscuts and other implements, and cut away the trees obstructing the roads, in order that they might be rendered passable and safe for traffic.

Property taken from the military barracks at Mooncoyle continues to be brought to Fermoy, and day after day the lorries of furniture and other goods, including corrugated iron, passing through the town, attract much attention.

PRISONERS AND ARMS TAKEN.

National troops, under Commandants Whelan and O'Connell, operating near Knockraha on Monday last located a house which was occupied by a number of irregulars. They immediately opened fire on them, and the irregulars left, abandoning the greater portion of their equipment. One of the irregulars was captured. The troops took two Lewis guns, with seven drums of ammunition; 14 rifles, three revolvers, and 300 rounds of ammunition, one box of bombs, four boxes of detonators, a motor car, telephone apparatus, and a large quantity of military equipment. Two other two prominent irregulars were taken prisoners.

Another party of troops, under Captains Smart and Connery, made important arrests in Watergrasshill in a house which they surrounded. In the same locality, near Rathcormac, a scouting party, under Commandant Egan, discovered a Lewis gun, three rifles, three revolvers, and a large quantity of ammunition.

COUNTY LOUTH FIGHT.

PRISONERS AND MATERIAL TAKEN.

National troops stationed in Ardee while driving through the Dunleer district came into conflict with a party of irregulars at the southern side of the village. The irregulars, who are stated to have numbered less than a dozen, opened fire from behind a hedge. The troops immediately responded, and after a brisk exchange the irregulars were forced to retreat. In their endeavour to escape through the fields two of their number were captured.

On searching the immediate neighbourhood the troops discovered four rifles, 250 rounds of ammunition, a mine exploder, 20 yards fuse wire, three bicycles, hand grenades (made of plain water pipe), and a tent.

SHOOTING IN TIPPERARY.

On several nights during the past week there were intermittant bursts of machine-gun and rifle fire in Tipperary. The firing is stated to have been a reply to snipers on the outskirts of the town.

ULSTER PATROL AMBUSHED.

The following statement was issued yesterday by the Ulster Ministry for Home Affairs:—

"A small patrol of Special Constabulary was ambushed near the townland of Mullaghtinny, in the Clogher district, Tyrone, to-day. The attacking party, who had felled two trees on the road, fired about fifty shots, none of which took effect. The fire was returned by the patrol, with unknown results.

"Two Special constables were ambushed at Markethill, Co. Armagh, on Friday. One of them named Vint sustained injuries necessitating his removal to hospital.

DUBLIN PROPERTY MARKET.

Quick, keen bidding and brisk buying was the predominant note in the property auction held yesterday by Messrs. Battersby, when eight houses were offered, and all, save one, were sold at prices highly satisfactory. The auctioneer mentioned at the outset that such was the demand for houses with possession that at their preceding sales, held on the 24th August and 7th September, out of twenty-two houses offered, seventeen were sold. The following solicitors were concerned:—Roger, Green and Sons, P. M. Seales, Hunter and Burland, J. H. Callan, M. S. Bergin, John Hawthorne, Corrigan and Corrigan.

A German-Italian Chamber of Commerce has been established at Frankfurt-am-Main.

Senhor de Almeida, the Portuguese President, arrived in Rio de Janeiro on Sunday on a State visit to Brazil, and was given a great welcome.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE COST OF LIVING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I am greatly interested in the many articles and letters that are being published in the *Irish Times* on the subject of the cost of living, and it seems strange to me that none of the many writers has taken the view that the chief item of expense is the cost of conversion. I suggest that you should appoint some member of your staff as a special commissioner to go out and make full inquiries all over the country, compile figures and facts, and then publish the results in the columns of the *Irish Times*. You already have at your disposal figures that are not available to the private individual, and the representative of the *Irish Times* will have no difficulty in obtaining information which would be denied to the ordinary man in the street.

Perhaps, your representative would start by weighing the suit of clothes that he is going to wear while making his investigations, and, after deducting, say, 4lb. for buttons, lining, thread, etc., calculate the value of the wool in the said suit. Last year wool was selling at from 4½d. to 6d. *per* lb.; this year the price has risen from 6d. to 8d. *per* lb. I then suggest that he traces as far as possible what money has been paid out in wages and expenses during the entire process of converting the wool into a suit. He might try the same process with a blanket or any other article of woollen material. Let him then turn his attention to food; and, if he starts with flour, let him find out the cost of turning a live animal into the joints delivered to the householder.

You publish in your columns a long list of market reports, and I believe your figures are always correct. A butcher, whom I know to be a thoroughly honourable man, told me some time ago that, whereas before the war his running expenses worked out at 1d. *per* lb., his running expenses now worked out at 4d. *per* lb. The market reports show what pigs are selling at. I suggest that your representative should find out the actual cost of moving a wagon of pigs from the Dublin Cattle Market to the bacon factory in Limerick, including payments to drovers; then the cost of converting the live pig into bacon, and the cost of sending the same back to Dublin and delivering it to the retailer.

I suggest that he find out fully what is the difference in the cost of baking a loaf in Dublin and in London, taking into account the difference, if any, in the price of flour delivered at a bakery in Dublin and a bakery in London; the cost of coal; what wages are being paid to bakers in each city; what hours are worked, and the number of men employed *per* 1,000 loaves turned out. I suggest that he follow this with a similar investigation of the manufacturing companies of Great Britain have failed to pay a dividend, and others are only just struggling along, if the wholesale "profiteering" which is so much in evidence in this country is not universal? Then, by making inquiries among the merchants as to the delivery and handling of their goods in transit, as to the delays, the losses, the breakages, the pilferings. Find out from the milk-vendors how much of the milk consigned from the country goes sour through being delayed. Find out the losses through milk cans going astray. Find out how much of the present cost of living is due to the cost of conversion and publish your results.

"Yours, etc.,

"RAW MATERIAL."

Co. Wicklow, September 20th, 1922.

POST OFFICE REFORM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The present strike is a sharp object-lesson to us all in different ways. To many of us who have long felt that the great public services should not, and need not, be just Government departments a notable opportunity seems to have arisen. The task of Government to rule is in the nature of things a renunciation of the right to mix in minor civil matters. Government functioning and messing down to the smallest details of administration is the meddlesomeness of a stepmother. We had an example of the injurious change of a sound commercial undertaking into an inefficient department when the Government acquired the telephone. The same happened in the case of the State acquirement of the French railways and in scores of other notorious cases.

The young and vigorous Irish Government has now an opportunity to avoid all the old cumbering and uneconomic mass of detail and routine. At the same time it ceases now and for the future to be concerned in a matter that provokes the strongest passions, the most provocative and partisan attitude, however innocently assumed, is unbecoming to a supreme and sovereign government.

The Irish Government can only divest itself of the Post Office by handing over its administration to a commercial company constituted for that purpose. The Government would require, it is understood, that—

(1) The Irish taxpayers should not be losers—rather gainers.

(2) The efficiency of the public service should be maintained.

(3) The Government should appoint supervisors, with freedom and facilities in every department.

(4) Certain obligations of the present Post Office authorities should be taken over by the new company.

On the other hand, it seems likely that the company would prefer to take over the postal, telegraph and telephone services only, leaving matters such as pensions of ex-officials which have no relation to public messages) to the Government. Quite probably also it would be judged best that the post offices (when Government property) should be retained, as the postal and telephone lines, and such things, should be rented from the Government.

There are other obvious points that will be matter of discussion and arrangement. One thing may be said—that the rules and regulations in force were made primarily for Great Britain, and should be modified by the Irish Government to suit the different conditions that obtain. This change would also be an economic one. It has been said above that certain obligations and contracts of the existing administration would devolve on any new one. The change would not be so great or embarrassing one, since many of the department's employés have ended their contracts. Indeed, it is in this way that the chances of changing a public omnibus into a substantial commercial undertaking has arisen.

The matter appears to be a sound business proposition, and I am ready to subscribe substantially to the company.—Yours, etc.,

"EXPEDITES."

Co. Tipperary, September 19th, 1922.

TILLAGE IN IRELAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Farmers are unanimous that more tillage must pay. Ireland can grow, and will pay, not only in sunny France and Southern Germany, but also in Denmark, Holland, and Northern Germany, where the climate is certainly not superior to ours, while the soil is usually far inferior. I believe that our farmers are the best judges as to what pays them under existing conditions, and unless it were possible to modify these conditions very materially, it would be wrong and foolish to coerce our farmers to grow crops which they could only sell at a loss.

But it is now in our power to remove the shackles upon our agricultural industry which have done so much harm in the past. The main, although not the only, reason why agriculture is so much more flourishing upon the Continent than it is in Ireland or in Great Britain is that on the Continent farmers do not produce only for direct human consumption, but they cultivate many crops to keep various factories going. The most important of these are sugar factories, kept going by large quantities of sugar-beet, and also smaller factories where potatoes are converted into alcohol for commercial purposes, the residues in each case forming valuable food for cattle. In most countries on the Continent the beet-sugar industry is indirectly subsidised by the Government, but there is little grumbling at the increased cost of sugar to the consumer; for it is well understood that it pays the nation to bribe the farmer to cultivate beet, seeing that, in order to do so successfully, he is obliged to cultivate at least three other crops.

It is too soon to speak with absolute assurance about the prospects of our establishing a sugar-beet industry in Ireland, but it would surely pay us to keep one factory going, even if it did entail some loss. As to the making of potato spirit, it may be that nothing is needed but the removal of the existing Excise restrictions. The world supply of petrol is likely before long to fall short of the demand, and it would surely be a wise policy to provide an alternative method of driving farm and other machinery.

The particular form of protection recommended here is not open to the objections of a general tariff upon food imports. Compulsory tillage and high prices combined failed to increase our output by more than a little. What we in fact need is an assured demand for his produce, and this, I believe, can only be obtained when we shall have learned how to convert our raw produce into finished products.

—Yours, etc.,

J. CRICHTON.

Co. Sligo, September 20th, 1922.

THE POSTAL STRIKE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I should like to ask whether some arrangement could not be made by which parcels could be handed out to callers, as in the case of letters at the Rink, and a notice inserted in the papers as to the time and office where they could be called for. As there is apparently no sign of the strike's being settled, many people would be glad to avail themselves of the opportunity of rescuing their parcels, which have been lying there since the strike began.—Yours, etc.,

"E. J."

Dublin, September 21st, 1922.

Signor Enrico Caruso, son of the famous singer, married Signorina Elena Cagesa on Wednesday at Naples.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS.

GAS PRICES IN BLACKROCK.

Blackrock Urban Council has adopted a resolution requesting the Government to institute an inquiry into the quality, pressure, and price of the gas supply. A member calculated that, at the rate of 1s. 6d. a therm, the Dublin Gas Company was charging consumers 6s. 9d. a thousand cubic feet, whereas in Belfast the price was 3s. 6d. a thousand.

RAILWAY OFFICIAL PROMOTED.—Mr. William Paine, for 21 years accountant and cashier of the London and North-Western Railway Company, has been appointed Goods Agent at the North Wall, in succession to Mr. Richard Humphreys, resigned.

LEINSTER.

RATHDOWN HOUSING SCHEME.—Having accepted four tenders for the erection of cottages, at an average of £400, Rathdown Rural District Council has accepted two others at £408 and £500, to be provided out of a loan of £5,000 sanctioned by the Government; but decided that the latter high figures should not form a precedent. It was decided to have the next tenders optional for either concrete or stone. In case none is received, or should the prices be excessive, the Council will proceed with the erection of the seven cottages by direct labour.

RATES UNCOLLECTABLE — Tullamore Urban Council discussed the difficulty of collecting rates, and decided to place before the Government the full facts with a view to some national scheme for dealing with the situation being formulated. Being unable to collect rates, the Council deferred payment of £1,050 to the County Council.

LARCENIES FROM BOATS.—Raids on the Grand Canal boats are frequent in the Midlands. At Rahan, King's County, a case of whiskey consigned to Limerick from Tullamore was stolen, a quantity of flour carried off, and brandy, cheese, tea, sugar, and drapery were taken at Robertstown, Kildare.

ULSTER

CAVAN LITERARY SOCIETY.—Very satisfactory reports were submitted at the annual general meeting of Cavan Literary Society. The following were elected:—Patrons—Rev. M. Comey, Mr. W. Reid, solicitor; Miss Agnes O'Farrelly; President—Mr. J. S. Browne; Vice-Presidents—Mr. A. F. MacDonald; Hon. Secretary—Mr. T. S. Smyth; Hon. Treasurer—Mr. B. Gaffney; Hon. Librarian—Mr. T. Smyth; Ordinary Members of Council—Messrs. C. F. McCoy, W. J. Gallagher, T. Burke, Vincent Tighe, J. O'Brien, J. Johnston; Hon. Solicitor—Mr. G. V. Maloney; Hon. Auditor—Mr. Phil

MARKETS.

KS CLOSED WEAK.

R'S TELEGRAMS)

NEW YORK, Thursday.

regular. An advance of 1 to as the defeat of the Soldier ht extended pool operations. ities were particularly strong, vels being established. Sub- ures weakened under bear the higher money rates, and 1 to 3 points below yester- The market closed weak.

	Closing Bid Prices.	Business Done.
ocks.		
	Wed | Thur | H. | L.	
Loan	103⅜ | 103⅜	
ants Fe	106⅜ | 104⅝	
ce	97 | 97	
Bonds	109* | 109⅛*	
Ohio	56⅛ | 56	
ific	74 | 74	
nio Com	75 | 73½	
ond St. Paul	33½ | 32	
N.-West.	70 | 68¾	
	123 | 121	
ferred	75 | 74¾	
Lien Bds.	63¾ | 63	
n Pref.	93½ | 92¾	
	113 | 111	
	70 | 68¾	
Nashville	137 | 137	
A Trans.	43 | 43	
2 Gd. Bds.	Nom. | Nom.	
the New	21¾ | 21½	
o 1st Pf.	4 | 4	
	4 | 4	
udson R.	97¾ | 97	
ast. Com.	119½ | 118¾	
ific Com.	87 | 85¾	
Western	28⅛ | 28⅛	
Shares	48¾ | 48¾	
es	79¾ | 78¾	
ferred	23½ | 23	
Bonds	85½ | 85½	
way	28⅜ | 28⅛	
ific	93⅛ | 92¾	
acific	31⅜ | 30⅝	
	91 | 149⅜	
	78⅛ | 78	
	94¾ | 94¾	
	17⅜ | 17⅜	
	64¾ | 64¾	
	61⅜ | 61⅜	
	30 | 30	
	19 | 19	
	142⅝ | 136⅝	
	177 | 177	
ommon	104¼ | 103⅝	
ferred	122 | 121⅜	
	103¾ | 103¾	
	89¾ | 89¾	
ined) Ref.	89¾ | 89¾	
ined)	104 | 104	
eria	58 | 57	
	59⅛ | 57⅜	
	44¾ | 44¾	
leum	19⅜ | 18	
Pet.	80⅞ | 78¾	
at	14⅜ | 14⅜	
	50⅝ | 50⅛	
y.	Ex Bonus. | Ex rights.	

	Saturday.	Monday.
	5p. m.	6p. m.
	4.40 3/4	4.40 3/4
Bills	4.43 3/4	4.41 3/4
	4.49.90	4.42 3/3
	7.66⅛	7.60
	7¾	7¾
d	21.20	21.05
Mid	20.75	20.50
	8.00	8.75
Sept.	8.41	8.37
ances	16.00	16.00
ance	12.50	12.50
do.	12.50	12.50
e	3.00	3.00
	132	132

	Wednesday.	Thursday.
	12½	12½
	5.45	5.45
	5.35	5.40
	11.47½	11.45
	11.10— 11.20	11.30— 11.35
	7	6
	61¾	61¾
	81¾	82
	124⅛	124
	111¾	111¾
	111¾	111¾
	5.15— 5.20	5.15— 5.20
	32.00— 34.00	32.00— 34.00
	32.25	32.25
	4.75⅝	4.80
	14	14
	14	14
	1/3—1/2	1/3—1/2
	5/8—1/2	5/8—1/2
	25	25
	40	40

UCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Thursday. arket easy, 2½c. to 3c. down. 40 boatloads of wheat, 207,000 bushels. Receipts—Atlantic ports, 3,562,000; clearances 594,000.

prime Western 25 points up 0 points higher. Spot, fixed latex crepe, 14½; 14½. Porto Rico nominal. Futures: October, 2.97; December, May, 3.07.

Steady, but 1 point to 5 points ower. Southern markets mixed, advance on buying by foreign vices of greater activity among and West Africa is buying it again later owing to bulls ews as to the Near East pos- ; Egypt quiet and lower. Spot quiet at 25 points fall. 25 points down. Receipts— 28,000. Sales, 2,000, including 2,000 American. September, 20.75; mber, 20.93; December, 21.06; 21.16; March, 21.30; May, 21.40; June, 20.66; July, 20.85;

ady, with spot 25 and October

ly.

Wheat firm, 1½c. up; No. 2 hard

Wheat easier and ½c. lower; 1½c. down.

Corn opened easier, ½c. lower, but later, closing, however, barely ½c. lower; October, 99½; December, 1½c. down; March, 1½c. down.

CHICAGO, Thursday.

Steady at ½c. to ¾c. decline, and ½c. to ¾c. net lower, influenced by the weakness of foreign exchanges, and selling by hedging and profit taking, but support caused a reaction on short covering and commission house buying of values on bullish Near East rumours, situation, which, however, closed firm, ½c. to ¾c. net higher. No. 2 hard winter, spot, 107½; September, 106¾; 106¾; December, 107¾; May, 110¼.

Maize easy, ½c. up to ¾c. down, and dull, with country offerings moderate, demand for liquidation, and coming but later improved with strength and a firmer people here. Spot, No. 2 ¾c. to ¾c. fail. No. 2 September, 64½; December, 65¾; May, 69¾.

Oats ½c. decline. September, 39½; 39¾; December, 38¾.

Provisions weak and rose in unison with grain and also on light offerings and little buying. A fair cash demand developed the market closed firm, with prices 5c. to 14c. higher. Lard—October, 10.60; January, 9.20. Ribs—September, 9.75; October, 9.80.

Cash unchanged. The receipts of wheat at Western centres, including Duluth, were 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels. Corn—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels. Oats—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Barley—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Rye—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Flour—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Meal—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Bran—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Middlings—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Hay—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Straw—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Potatoes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Onions—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cabbages—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Carrots—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Turnips—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Beets—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Parsnips—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Salsify—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Scorzonera—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Horseradish—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Rhubarb—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Asparagus—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Artichokes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cauliflower—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Broccoli—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Brussels Sprouts—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Kale—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Kohlrabi—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Okra—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Peppers—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Tomatoes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cucumbers—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Egg Plant—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Squash—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Pumpkins—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Melons—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Grapes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Peaches—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Pears—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Plums—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Quinces—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Figs—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Dates—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Nuts—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Honey—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Maple Sugar—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Maple Syrup—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Molasses—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Sugar—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Coffee—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Tea—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cocoa—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Spices—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Tobacco—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cotton—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Wool—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Hides—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Leather—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Rubber—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Coal—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Coke—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Iron—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Steel—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Copper—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Tin—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Lead—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Zinc—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Aluminum—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Nickel—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Platinum—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Gold—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Silver—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Diamonds—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Pearls—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Opals—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Rubies—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Sapphires—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Emeralds—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Turquoises—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Garnets—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Amethysts—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Topazes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Aquamarines—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Tourmalines—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Zircons—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Spinels—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Chrysoberyls—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Alexandrites—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Cat's Eyes—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Moonstones—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Sunstones—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Labradorites—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Peristerites—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Andesines—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Oligoclases—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Albites—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Orthoclases—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Microclines—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Anorthites—Receipts—Atlantic ports, 1, total 14,868,000, against 2,444,000. Sales of export flour, 20,000 barrels.

Bytownites

SALE OF HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AND PIANOS, TO-DAY, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK, AT 12.30 O'CLOCK,
AT COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

COMPRISING PRINCIPALLY: A KASTNER PIANOLA PIANO, ALMOST NEW, WITH MUSIC CASE, MUSIC, and PIANO SEAT; an OVERSTRUNG UPRIGHT GRAND GERMAN PIANO and TWO COLLARD & COLLARD PIANOS, ALL IN PERFECT ORDER; SMALL ORGAN and HARMONIUM; FRENCH and INLAID ROSEWOOD CHINA CABINETS; SPRING-UPHOLSTERED CHESTERFIELD SUITE; SEVEN-PIECE INLAID DRAWINGROOM SUITE, COVERED IN SILK TAPESTRY; ditto, IN OLD GOLD VELVET; SIX SPANISH MAHOGANY SPOON-BACK CHAIRS, COVERED IN MOROCCO and HAIR-UPHOLSTERED; TEN FRENCH SPOON-BACK ditto—i.e., 8 SMALL and 2 CARVERS; THREE SUPERIOR 6ft. MAHOGANY and WALNUT GLASS-BACK ENCLOSED SIDEBOARDS, FIVE SMALLER MAHOGANY and WALNUT GLASS-BACK and CARVED-BACK SIDEBOARDS, IN SIZES 4ft., 4ft. 6in., and 5ft.; TWO SCREW DINING TABLES; CHIPPENDALE OVERMANTEL GLASS; FIVE CARVED WALNUT-FRAMED ditto, IN ASSORTED SIZES; WOOD-CARVED CONSOLE TABLE and GILT GLASS, BRASS FENDERS and FIRE BRASSES, TWO MAHOGANY HALL STANDS, PAIR SPANISH MAHOGANY HALL CHAIRS; THREE-FOLD LEAD LIGHT FIRE SCREEN, SOLID BRASS FRAME; FOUR-FOLD TAPESTRY SCREEN; THREE SUPERIOR CHEVAL DRESSING GLASSES, IN MAHOGANY FRAMES; TWO LARGE OFFICE CHESTS OF DRAWERS OR FILING CABINETS, PEDESTAL OFFICE TABLES, a MAGNIFICENT 6ft. MAHOGANY BOOKCASE, 8ft. 6in. ANTIQUE BOOKCASE TOP, TWO CARD TABLES, LARGE MARBLE and FRENCH FINE GILT CLOCKS; SEVERAL LOTS of PLATED WARE, DECORATIVE and OTHER CHINA, SHERATON KNEE-HOLE WRITING TABLE AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD CHAIRS, SEVERAL SETS of MAHOGANY DINING CHAIRS, MAHOGANY ROLL-TOP DESK, TWO OAK BUREAUS; A SUPERIOR COLLECTION of BEDROOM FURNISHING, including 6ft. DUBLIN-MADE MAHOGANY CHEVAL SUITE; OTHER SUITES, in WALNUT and SATIN WALNUT, in SIZES FROM 3ft. TO 5ft.; MAHOGANY CHESTS of DRAWERS, MAHOGANY DRESSING CHESTS, 6ft. BIRCH WARDROBE; 7ft. BIRD'S-EYE MAPLE SUITE, SEVEN PIECES, LINED SOLID MAHOGANY; SUPERIOR ALL-BRASS, BLACK and BRASS, and WALNUT BEDS, WITH BEST WIRE and PURE HAIR MATTRESSES; KITCHEN and DEAL FURNITURE, DRESSERS, TABLES, CHAIRS, &c.; a few AXMINSTER CARPETS, SEVERAL ROLLS of LINOLEUM, and NUMEROUS MISCELLANEOUS EFFECTS.

GOODS ON VIEW. AUCTION COMMENCES AT 12.30. PIANOS SOLD AT THREE O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.

MESSRS. JAMES HILL & SON, 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) and (in Continuation) on MONDAY NEXT (both days at One p.m. sharp),

HIGH-CLASS MODERN FURNITURE,

SUPERIOR VICTORIAN FURNITURE; COTTAGE, GRAND, AND SQUARE PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, CARPETS, &c.,

Comprising specially:—Two Overstrung Upright Grand German Pianofortes, in perfect order; Semi-Grand Collard and Collard Pianoforte and other superior instruments, two Harmoniums; Fireproof Safe, handsome Sheraton and other China Cabinets, Chesterfields and Easy Chairs, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Pictures, Paintings, Engravings, two Oak Pedestal Writing Desks, Mahogany Bookcases and Cabinets, Marble Clocks, very fine Mahogany and Walnut Enclosed Sideboards, with mirror backs; several Bedroom Suites, in mahogany, dark and satin walnut, and oak; exceptional Mahogany Wardrobes, with mirrored doors; Dressing Chests, Chests of Drawers, Duchesse Washstands, Carved Walnut Mahogany, Oak, and Gilt-framed Overmantel Glasses; also a fine collection of DRAWING-ROOM and DINING-ROOM APPOINTMENTS, sets of Mahogany Dining Chairs, several Spanish Mahogany Screw Dining Tables, in sizes from 5 to 15 feet long; Brass Fender Sets, Coal Cabinets, All-Brass and Brass-and-Iron Bedsteads, Springs and Hair Mattresses, Singer Sewing Machines, Ladies' and Gent's Bicycles, Typewriters, Chandeliers and Reccets, China, Glass, and Plated Ware, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees. Full particulars in To-morrow's Advertisement.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 90 YEARS. TELEPHONE No. 63.

MacARTHUR & CO.

AUCTION THIS DAY (FRIDAY), 1 o'clock.
Order of Sale:—
49 MILLMOUNT AVENUE, DRUMCONDRA. Possession.
59 AUGHRIM STREET. Possession.
107 CLONLIFFE ROAD. Possession.
97 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD. Possession.
2 BAYSWATER. 124 CONNAUGHT STREET. Possession.
5 ARRAN QUAY, Business Premises. Part Possession.
As to hereinfore fully advertised.

MacARTHUR & CO., Auctioneers, 79 LOWER ABBOT STREET.

WEDNESDAY, 27th SEPTEMBER, 1922.
CLEAR POSSESSION.

8 EMORVILLE AVENUE (S.C.R.), DUBLIN.

I HAVE received instructions to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, On the Premises,

THE ABOVE COMPACT HOUSE,

Containing 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, bathroom (hot and cold), etc.; gas (gid on); garden, commodious stable, car shed, etc., and large rear entrance. Lease, Rent, £5 5/-. Poor Law Valuation, £23. Fuller particulars and Card to View from

M. J. COUGHLAN, Solicitor having Carriage of Sale, 200 Great Brunswick street, Dublin, or the AUCTIONEER.

ALSO THE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, which includes Cottage Piano (German Overstrung), Drawingroom Suite in Leather, Chesterfield, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Silver Plate, China, Double and Single Beds and Bedding, usual Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

On View Morning of Sale. Sale 12 noon. Interest in Lease on 1 p.m. Terms—Cash, and 5 per cent.

EDWARD F. HARRIS, Auctioneer and Valuer, DELGANY, Co. WICKLOW. 'Phone—Greystones 45.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques.

BEST Room Dividers, Screens, Office couple or second rooms, other Furniture. Wanted—A 26, this office.

CHIPPENDALE Carved Chairs, set of eight, upholstered real mahogany; Sheraton Sideboard.—W 1940, this office. 19 F

DRAWINGROOM Suite, Walnut, upholstered tapestry, 5 pieces, for Sale.—W 1972, this office. 19 F

FURNITURE Wanted, suitable for country house; Pony, Rubber Trap, Harness.—A 51, this office. 20 A

FURNITURE and Fittings suitable Cottage Hospital, also Piano, Wanted.—A 23, this office. 20 A

LAWSON Brothers will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auction rooms, 37 Dame street.—35 Ormond quay. T

MISCELLANEOUS Furniture, Utensils, a Portable Motorhouse, useful General Goods Wanted.—A 24, this office. 20 A

PROFESSIONAL Gentleman wants all Furniture suitable combined house, office.—56, this office. 20 A

QUANTITY really good Furniture Wanted, suitable 2-roomed country residence.—A 29, this office. 20 A

SELLING, hand Writing Desk, four drawers, convenient size; also Elvery Scales. Address "J 25, Desk," this office. 20 A

SOME good Furniture, medium size, condition; Piano, Harmonium Wanted.—A 34, this office. 20 A

TO be Sold, a three-door Wardrobe, cost 35 sovereigns, sold for 20.—X 36, this office. 20 E

WANTED, a really first class German Piano; kindly give particulars.—A 32, this office. 20 A

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

BEAUTIFUL Bluthner Boudoir Grand constructed of pre-war material, as new, 200 guineas.—W 1866, this office. 18 E

FOR Sale, Square Piano, Collard and Collard, £20, nearest offer.—642, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh. 19 F

FINNOFORTE Wanted immediately; to facilitate purchase give all information.—A 27, this office. 20 A

PIANO, suitable adult, beginners' practice, Wanted; approximate maximum price.—A 33, this office. 20 A

PIANO Wanted for children's class room practice; fair reasonable price.—A 22, this office. 20 A

RALLY Bird Piano, Ritchie German Piano Wanted; price, etc.—A 21, this office. 20 A

WANTED, upright Piano; Baby or small Grand would suit.—A 132, this office. 13 23

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash paid for all Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing; distance no object. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash paid for all Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Silver Plate, False Teeth. Pictures, China, Glass, Furniture, etc.; postcard immediate attention; distance no objection. Telephone, 455, Rathmines.—35 Wellington quay. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distances no objection.—Mrs. White, 15 Aungier street. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents' and Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distances no objection. Mrs. White, 16 Aungier street. T

EXPERIENCED Tailoress Makes Costumes, Coats within two days, £1 5/.—A 94, this office 19 F

FURS Remodelled by Experienced Expert Furrier, Henry H. Taylor (late Switzer's), 50 Grafton st. First floor). Advice given free. Special show of Furs at greatly reduced prices. 12 20

LADY has beautiful large Black Fox Collar, as new, £4.—W 1968, this office. 19 F

NAVY Costume Blazer, cost 10 guineas, sell 30/.; also Brown Velour Coat-frock, £1; both perfect condition.—A 106, this office. 20 A

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

AN Agricultural Horse for Sale, accustomed to all classes of work. Seen at St. Helens, Malahide. 21 B

COB, suggest quiet, £15; Harness, £10; Jaunting Car, £30.—Godkin, Saddler, Enniscorthy. 20 A

GOOD Working Cob, Market Cart, and Harness for Sale.—Apply to Ward's Mill Lane, Crumlin, Co. Dublin. T

HARNESS, all classes.—T. Smith and Son, Saddlers, 93 Marlborough st., Dublin. T

VEHICLES.

ALESBURY Traps.

NOTED GOOD MEDAL TUB, TONNEAU, ALL WEATHER, AND HOODED CARS. SEVERAL CHEAP SECONDHAND CARS. Catalogue from

ALESBURY BROS., ELDERBERRY, KING'S CO. Showroom: 3 LINCOLN PLACE, Westland Row, Dublin.

BROUGHAM for Sale.—4 Queen street. 20 A

CUSHIONS for Cars, Traps, Yachts, and Motors, in Frieze, Velvets, Mosquettes, and Rexine. Write for patterns and prices.—J. O'Sullivan and Co., Car Cushion Manufacturers, Cork. Established nearly 100 years.

HUTTON high class Private Outside Car. Sell cheap; nice order.—W 1870, this office. 18 E

RUBBER Tyres, 36-inch, fitted at short notice.—Yeo & City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick st., Dublin. T

RUBBER tyred Trap for Sale, 14 hands, cheap.—T. Murphy, Tivoli avenue, Harold's Cross. 20 E

TWO Dyrsted Vans, with crank axles, to be sold Apply Jacob and Co., Peter's Row. T

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

CHOICE of several nice young Cows, just calved; also nine Yearlings, extra quality.—E. Hall Kill Cottages. 18 E

FOR Sale, a rare bred Shrop Horned Ram.—Carr, Shankill, Co. Dublin. 20 E

PURE Blue Beveren, 8½ doz. for Sale, 14 months old, 10/- each.—Charles and Sondrmond.

SALE, Pure Bred Blue Persian Kittens.—Jolly, Morville, Stillorgan. 20 A

DOGS.

BULL Pups for Sale, splendid pedigree, 7 weeks.—T. Crean, 41 Kenilworth square, Dublin. 19 F

BEAUTIFULLY marked Fox Terrier Puppy; beauties; grand young Airedale Terrier.—177 North Circular road. 21 B

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.
4,000
EWES, WETHERS & LAMBS,

IN CATTLE MARKET, DUBLIN, TO-DAY (FRIDAY), At 12 Noon prompt,

ROBERT CRAIGIE, 37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GREAT SALES OF IRISH STORE CATTLE

IN SCOTLAND AT MERKLAND'S WHARF, GLASGOW, ON EVERY WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY.

To comply with the growing requirements, and at the request of the Traders, we have arranged to hold Sales of Store Cattle at the above, consignments for which should be shipped on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday.

FAT STOCK SALES

EVERY MONDAY, AS USUAL, for which shipments should be made on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

THE STRATHMORE AUCTION CO., LTD., 59 BELLGROVE STREET, GLASGOW, And at FORFAR, COATBRIDGE, KIRRIEMUIR, AND CARMYLLIE.

STORE CATTLE SALES

AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, EVERY THURSDAY,

GAVIN LOW, LTD.

1 HARCOURT TERRACE.

TUESDAY NEXT, 26th SEPTEMBER, AND FOLLOWING DAY, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF ANTIQUE FURNITURE, CHIPPEN-, VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS, WATER COLOURS, OLD COLOURED PRINTS AND ENGRAVINGS, GLASS AND CHINA, HOUSEHOLD EFFOUS, &c., ALL IN FINE CONDITION, and comprising, briefly, Antique FURNITURE—Mah. 7ft. Break-front Diamond Panel Bookcase, Mah. Slope and Falling Front Secretary Bookcases, Sheraton Slope Front Bureau, Sheraton 6ft. Outcurved Sideboard and Cardenia, Sets of Hepplewhite Dining Chairs and Carvers, Chippendale and Adam Arm and Occasional Chairs, Chippendale and other Occasional Tables, Falling-leaf and Inlaid ditto, Plate Bucket, Sheraton Hall Clock, painted dial; Barometer and 3 Hall Chairs, Italian Leather Frontrum and Bronze Bust, Antique Gilt Convex and Mantel Mirrors, Corner Cupboards, Bow Front Chest Drawers, Corner Washstands and Toilet Glasses, Half Circle Table, Pair of fine Antique Mah. Twin Bedsteads, etc.

GENERAL FURNITURE, etc., includes Chesterfield Couch and Divan Easy Chairs, Pair Adjustable Easy Chairs, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Mah. 1501. Telescope Dinner Table, Waiter, Brass Moorish Coffee Tables and Stands, Massive Algerian Brass Lamp, Turkey, Indian, Axminster, and Brussels Carpets and Rugs, Curtains, 4-Fold Screens, Brass Fenders and Brasses, Hall Stand, Pair Pottery Kyllins, Pair Old Burmese Figures, Figures and Ornaments, Dinner, Breakfast, Tea, and Dessert Services; Old Waterford Glass Jug, Salad Bowl, Pickle Jar Salt Cellars, Decanters and Wine Glasses, Liverpool and Lustre Jugs, Walnut Davenport, Mah. Mirror-door Gentleman's and other Wardrobes, Toilet Tables, Glasses and Chests Drawers, Corner Bookcase, All-Brass and B. and I. Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Blankets and Bedding, Skeleton Clock, 2 Kitchen Dressers, Mangle, Furniture, and Utensils, Wright's Eagle Gas Cooker, Garden Benches, Lawn Mower, Tools and Hose; Treadle Lathe, Carpenter's Bench and Tools.

PICTURES include Oil Paintings—Cupid and Psyche, by Gerard; Old Dutch Paintings, on Panel and Canvas, Works by Schalken, Cattersen Smith the elder; Lake Scene by Pynacher, and other good Paintings; Coloured Prints after Bartellozzi, Kauffman, and others; Set of Wilmore's Drawings, Baxter Prints, Crayons, etc.; Miniatures.

BOOKS include some Scarce Editions—Fraser's Golden Bough, complete, and various Books relating to Ireland, etc.

On View Monday next, 25th September, 10 till 5. Sale Tuesday, 26th, and following day, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS, Auctioneers and Appraisers, 17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

NEXT AUCTION.
TUESDAY NEXT, SEPT. 26th.
Entries Close TO-MORROW (SATURDAY).

GANLY, SONS & CO., USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

GANLY, SONS & CO.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

SECOND SALE,
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27th.

R. & J. WILKINSON, 40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES EVERY THURSDAY.

R. & J. WILKINSON, 40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

BELFAST—Vacant Houses for Sale and Furnished Houses to Let; Private Residences, Business and Tenement Properties.—Apply Thomas Garrett, 6 Bedford st., Belfast. T

BLACKROCK—Gleann Lee, Gleann avenue, possession, detached, non-basement; eight good rooms and kitchen, bath, gas, Vatury, excellent garden. Key, Denby, St. Michael's Green road, Blackrock. 8 21

CASIMIR road—With immediate possession, attractive semi-detached Corner House; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, etc.; 21 years, head rent £5 10/-; P.L.V. £22; price £950.—A 78, this office.

DUN Laoghaire—Clarinda Park East, every modern convenience, large garden, orchard, tennis court, stabling. Apply Thomas Garrett, 6 Bedford st., Belfast. Houses Agents, Dun Laoghaire. 18 F

DALKEY—5 Charlemont terrace, Victoria road; £900 free; possession. Particulars Johnville. 19 F

FOR Sale, 37 St. Mary's road; vacant possession; 2 reception, 2 bedrooms, electric light, bells, only 3/8 St. Mary's road. 21 B

GLENAGEARY—£900, possession; 3 reception, 3 bedrooms, kitchen; house 52 years; rent £24 11s.—A 116, this office.

HOLLYBANK, five rooms, fine garden, detached, Dolphin's Barn, for Sale; possession. Apply on Premises. 18 E

HERBERT place—For Sale, very attractive House, in first class order; possession next month. Clifton, Townshend and Dickinson, 23 South Frederick street, Dublin. 20 A

HOUSE, Brighton square, Rathgar, seven apartments, for Sale, with possession.—A 93, this office.

KILLEEN road, Donnybrook—House, 3 bedrooms, 3, and c. bath, gas; recently decorated; possession 25th inst.—Apply Moran, Merchant's quay. 18 F

KINGSTOWN—House for Sale, 5 months; early possession; Furniture if desired.—A 55, this office. 20 A

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include 59 Aughrim street; possession.

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include Business Premises, 5 Artan quay; part possession. 20 A

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include 97 North Circular road; possession. 20 A

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include 167 Clonliffe road; possession.

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include "Bayswater," 2 Bayswater, Rathmines. 20 A

MACARTHUR'S Auction This Day (Friday), one o'clock, will include 49 Millmount avenue, Drumcondra. 20 A

RATHGAR—With immediate possession, attractive, semi detached modern Villa; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms with lavatory basin, bathroom, etc.; secluded garden front and rear; lease 890 years; head rent £25; undervalued at £18; price £900.—A 77, this office.

UPPER Leeson street—Immediate possession, well built House; 3 bedrooms, 2 sitting rooms, maid's room, kitchen, bath, garden front and rear; open to house.—X 1, this office. 20 A

HOUSES TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

CAPITAL non-basement House, adjoining Merrion Square, to be Let or Sold (may be Purchased for cash £6500); no offers.—Prim, 21 Dawson street. 18 E

HOUSE to Let, vicinity Stephen's Green, 9 rooms, 3 kitchens, bathroom, gas fires; rent £130; possession 11th inst. Interest in Lease, 5 years unexpired.—A 118, this office. 20 E

MOUNTSHANNON road, Dublin—House Furnished to Let, from October.—A 135, this office. 21 B

NICELY Furnished House to Let, for three months, in Waterloo road; three bedrooms, two vants, one sitting, bath, h. and c., electric light.—A 60, this office. 20 A

RATHMINES District—Ready for occupation, new pleasant House, 3 reception, 4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms; rates; also a House, five living rooms, etc.; gardens; 3 minutes' walk.—A 72, this office. 21 F

SELECT Unfurnished Residence, Ely place, £950; Leeson street, £80; Pembroke road, £1250, with central heating and hot water.—Exchange Buildings, Ltd., 54 South King st.

THE charming, new, Semi-Detached, seven roomed House, Howth road, Clontarf, to Let; Letting has been Sold; another to Let, small fine; motor entrance; one for Sale, £1,250; open.—McMullen, Killester. 20 A

HOUSES WANTED.

BUNGALOW Type House Wanted, Purchase or Rent, Furnished; four apartments upwards.—W 1925, this office.

PRIEST Wants Furnished House for October, with garage or stabling preferred; Rathgar, Rathmines, Rathfarnham, or Ranelagh.—X 7, this office.

UNFURNISHED House or Flat Wanted, south side, £60.—R O 856, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, to Buy House with large garden, say 7 rum, suburbs; early occupation.—X 34, this office. 20 A

WANTED to Purchase, medium sized detached House, non basement, modern conveniences; Dublin suburbs. Reply, with full particulars, B 115, this office.

WANTED immediately, small Furnished House or flat unfurnished Flat. Write, with full particulars, A 104, this office.

WANTED, small Furnished House, about 4 bedrooms; Lease's full particulars, 40 Grafton street. 19 F

WANTED to Rent, House; good rent; careful tenant, no children.—A 96, this office.

WANTED, small Furnished House; careful tenants, no children; 3 or 6 months.—A 98, this office.

WANTED, Furnished House, three bedrooms; suit two ladies; near R.C. church; for three or six months.—A 111, this office.

WANTED, in or near Dublin, small Furnished House; family four, two children, 11 and 16 years.—A 86, this office.

WANTED, small Furnished House or Flat for few months; South suburbs; full particulars.—A 68, this office. 21 B

WANTED, from 1st October, small, modern House, unfurnished.—In Dublin or suburbs.—A 81, this office. 21 B

GIG Offered for Possession of House, Rathgar; £60 to £100 per annum free.—W 1973, this office. 19 F

£50 Reward given for Legal Possession of Detached or Semi-Detached House in any Dublin suburb; rent about £50, £60.—X 51, this office. 20 E

£50 Offered for Possession of 4 or 5 roomed House, North side; rent £40 to £60 per annum; good reference.—A 50, this office. 21 B

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

A T 17 Northumberland road—Rooms, with or without Board; visitors or permanent. T

APARTMENTS—Lists from Central Bureau Agency, 23 Nassau st. Enclose stamp. T

A T Fitzwilliam House, 5 Lower Fitzwilliam st.—Superior Board Residence. Telephone, 4551. 19 F

AUBURN Hotel and Boardinghouse—Comfortable home; moderate.—11 Rathmines road. T

A T 23 Northumberland road—Apartments, Flats to Let; central.—A Apartments Agency, 45 Henry st.

A T 26 Northumberland road—Furnished Apartments, Flat. T

A T Fitzwilliam square—Excellent Drawingroom Flat, Unfurnished, to Let; rent £130; 5 rooms, self-contained; hot bath, electric light, etc. Seen on spare from Dockrell Limited, South Great George's st. 19 F

A T 9 Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge—Unfurnished Flat, 3 rooms and kitchenette. Seen after 6 and 7 p.m.

APARTMENTS, partial board; gentlemen.—8 Temple Villas, Palmerston road. 20 A

A T 81 Eccles street—Apartments to Let, board optional; suit business men. 21 F

A T 36 Rathgar road—Two Single Bedrooms; suit business people. Apply Board.

APARTMENTS, nicely Furnished, large Bedroom and Sittingroom, in private house, close to Merrion square; electric light, phone; suit two or three gentlemen; full board, bed and literal food; terms 2 gns. each; partial board if required.—A 69, this office. 21 B

A T 32 Merrion square, superior Board Residence; terms day, week. 'Phone, 1602. 17 X

BALLSBRIDGE—Well Furnished Sittingroom, bedroom, kitchen.—6 St. Mary's road. 21 B

BALLSBRIDGE—One or two gentlemen can have Bed-sitting room; terms moderate. Partial Board.—W 1624, this office. 18 F

COMFORTABLE, well Furnished Bedrooms and Sittingrooms; Waterloo road; partial board.—W 1839, this office. 18 E

COMFORTABLE Bedroom, use of Sittingroom, partial board; suit gentleman dining out; Rathmines.—W 1977, this office. 19 F

COMFORTABLE Combined Room, suit two business ladies (Protestants); Ranelagh.—W 1920, this office. 19 F

COMFORTABLE Home offered Trinity Student, £2 2/- weekly; L.C.; private house.—X 30, this office. 20 E

COMFORTABLE, Furnished Flat, first floor. Apply Portobello Barracks; use kitchen.—7 Leinster road, Rathmines. 20 A

DOUBLE Bedded Room, use Sittingroom; business people dining out preferred.—49 Haddington road.

DONNYBROOK—Large Bedroom, Sittingroom, use of kitchen, Sittingroom, select house, comfortable; gentlemen. 21 B

FITZWILLIAM square—Part well Furnished House, to let, telephone, electric light, etc., 2½ guineas weekly.—W 1855, this office. 19 F

FLATS to Let, three rooms and scullery, Harcourt st.—A 13, this office. 20 A

FLAT, Furnished or Unfurnished, 46 Waterloo road. Seen 12 to 5.

FURNISHED Room and Closet to Let in Harcourt street.—Apply Boy at door.

FURNISHED Flat to Let, gas and gas cooker.—19 Oakley road, Ranelagh. 21 B

FRONT Combined Room, electric light, cooking, and attendance; moderate; Rathgar.—R O 857, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 21 F

FURNISHED Flat suitable to Let (temporary); no attendance. Apply Boy at Corner of Sandymount avenue Ballsbridge.

GENTLEMAN can have comfortable Bed Sittingroom, Board, moderate.—14 Coulson avenue, Rathgar. 18 E

GENTLEMAN Paring Guest takes, 2 miles from Dublin, North, best locality, country place; 4 guineas; terms, Wednesday, 1925. Apply Box 209.

GENTLEMAN (Protestant) can have comfortable Bedroom, Sittingroom, Partial Board, Darby road, 2 minutes' walk Ranelagh.—W 1423, this office. 19 F

LARGE, comfortable Combined Room, also Bed and Sittingroom; slight attendance.—28 Upper Fitzwilliam street. 20 E

LARGE Sittingroom and Bedroom, use kitchen, Furnished or Unfurnished; moderate for term.—54 Grosvenor road.

LARGE Bedroom and attendance, Sandymount; suit one or 2 gentlemen, Protestants, dining out.—A 63, this office.

LARGE Bedroom two beds, use sittingroom; good cooking.—Mr. Leinster road, Rathmines.

MOST comfortable Furnished Bedroom and Sitting-room; electric light.—53 Waterloo road. 21 B

NEWLY Furnished, children can have two large Unfurnished Rooms, use of kitchen, bath, and good garden; 30/, week; off Palmerston road; 5 mins. this office. 20 A

UNFURNISHED House or Flat Wanted, south side, £60.—R O 856, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

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